**Texto

Descripción generada automáticamente**

**SAMPLE A QUIZ 1 EI4205**

**American English File 4A and 4B Second Edition:** Units 5A (pp. 44, 45) 6B (OUT: Ex. 4b, 4d and 4e, p. 59), 7A (OUT: p. 65, Mini Grammar page 67) + **Present Modals** + **Grammar & Vocabulary Banks.**

**LISTENING COMPREHENSION**

**Directions**

In part A, you will hear short conversations between two people. After each conversation, you will hear a question about the conversation. The conversations and questions will not be repeated. After you hear the question, read the four possible answers, and choose the best answer.

1.

(A) He is leaving now.

(B) He has to go out of his way.

(C) He will not be leaving soon.

(D) He will do it his own way.

2.

(A) He locked the door.

(B) He tried unsuccessfully to get into the house.

(C) He was able to open the door.

(D) He left the house without locking the door.

3.

(A) She doesn't like to listen to turkeys.

(B) She thinks the dinner sounds special.

(C) She especially likes the roast turkey.

(D) She'd prefer a different dinner.

4.

(A) He'll be busy with her homework tonight.

(B) He can't help her tonight.

(C) He's sorry he can't ever help her.

(D) He'll help her with her physics.

5.

(A) Her eyes hurt.

(B) She thought the lecture was great.

(C) The class was boring.

(D) She didn't want to watch Professor Martin.

**Directions**

In part B, you will heartwo students discussing what a professor said in a recent class. After the talk you will hear four questions. After each question, read the four possible answers and choose the best answer. You must listen to the talk and questions only ONCE.

1.

(A) What the assignment is.

﻿﻿﻿﻿(B) How good the professor is.

﻿﻿﻿﻿(C) The information in Chapter Six.

﻿﻿﻿﻿(D) What questions they should ask the professor.

2.

(A) Six pages.

﻿﻿﻿﻿(B) Six chapters.

﻿﻿﻿﻿(C) The sixth page.

﻿﻿﻿﻿(D) The sixth chapter.

3.

(A) Whether or not they should read the chapters.

﻿﻿﻿﻿(B) Whether or not they should answer the questions.

﻿﻿﻿﻿(C) Which chapters they should read.

﻿﻿﻿﻿(D) When the professor gave the assignment.

4.

(A) Turn in the assignment.

﻿﻿﻿﻿(B) See the professor.

﻿﻿﻿﻿(C) Go to class.

﻿﻿﻿﻿(D) Talk to a classmate.

**STRUCTURE**

**Directions**

Questions 1-3 are incomplete sentences. Beneath each sentence you will see four words or phrases, marked A, B, C and D. Choose the one word or phrase that best completes the sentence.

1. The band would have been \_\_\_\_\_\_ delighted if \_\_\_\_\_\_ more people at the concert. It \_\_\_\_\_\_ disappointing not to have a stadium at full capacity when you are that famous.

A. totally / there have been / might be

B. totally / there had been / must be

C. very / there have been / might be

D. very / there had been / must be

2. Jenny seems \_\_\_\_\_\_ upset. Thomas \_\_\_\_\_\_ her before visiting her. Although Jenny had \_\_\_\_\_\_him before, Thomas keeps on forgetting it.

A. very / should have called / warned

B. completely / would have called / warned

C. very / must have called / prevented

D. completely / might have called / prevented

3. Living in Alaska \_\_\_\_\_\_ quite tough for Maria. Since she \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the Caribbean, it took her a long time \_\_\_\_\_\_ the low temperatures.

A. must have been / used to / live / to be used to

B. must be / used to / living / to get used to

C. must be / was so used to / live / to be used to

D. must have been / was so used to / living / to get used to

**WRITTEN EXPRESSION**

**Directions**

In questions 1–3, each sentence has four words or phrases in **CAPITAL LETTERS**. The four parts of the sentence are marked A, B, C and D. Identify the **one** word or phrase that must be changed in order for the sentence to be correct.

1. If I sufferedfromthe Sleeping Beauty syndrome, I **MIGHT NOT** **KNOW** what to do. Experts say that it is a rare neurological **DISORDER** in which people are **ASLEEP** for long periods of time. Can you imagine yourself **LAYING** on the bed for days? I can’t!

A. MIGHT NOT KNOW

B. DISORDER

C. ASLEEP

D. LAYING

2. I **WERE** stunned if I **HAD CONFRONTED** the intruder last night. Even though people say that in order to **OVERCOME** your fears you must face them, I **WOULD HAVE BEEN** incapable of doing it.

A. WERE

B. HAD CONFRONTED

C. OVERCOME

D. WOULD HAVE BEEN

3. As a rule of thumb,if a person **RAISES** their voice in an argument, the other person **LOSE THEIR TEMPER**. If I **WERE** in that situation, I would postpone the **ARGUMENT** until later, that way the other person could learn to argue appropriately.

A. RAISES

B. LOSE THEIR TEMPER

C. WERE

D. ARGUMENT

**III. READING COMPREHENSION**

**Directions**

You will read a passage followed by a number of questions about it. For questions 1-10, you are to choose the one best answer (A), (B), (C), or (D) to each question.

The Alaska pipeline starts at the frozen edge of the

Arctic Ocean. It stretches southward across the largest

and northernmost state in the United States, ending at

Line a remote ice-free seaport village nearly 800 miles from

(5) where it begins. It is massive in size and extremely

complicated to operate.

The steel pipe crosses windswept plains and endless

miles of delicate tundra that tops the frozen ground. It

weaves through crooked canyons, climbs sheer

(10) mountains, plunges over rocky crags, makes its way

through thick forests, and passes over or under hundreds

of rivers and streams. The pipe is 4 feet in diameter, and

up to 2 million barrels (or 84 million gallons) of crude

oil can be pumped through it daily.

(15) Resting on H-shaped steel racks called "bents," long

sections of the pipeline follow a zigzag course high

above the frozen earth. Other long sections drop out of

sight beneath spongy or rocky ground and return to the

surface later on. The pattern of the pipeline's up-and-

(20) down route is determined by the often harsh demands

of the arctic and subarctic climate, the tortuous lay of

the land, and the varied compositions of soil, rock, or

permafrost (permanently frozen ground). A little more

than half of the pipeline is elevated above the ground.

(25) The remainder is buried anywhere from 3 to 12 feet,

depending largely upon the type of terrain and the

properties of the soil.

One of the largest in the world, the pipeline cost

approximately $8 billion and is by far the biggest

(30) and most expensive construction project ever

undertaken by private industry. In fact, no single

business could raise that much money, so eight major oil

companies formed a consortium in order to share

the costs. Each company controlled oil rights to

(35) particular shares of land in the oil fields and paid

into the pipeline-construction fund according to the

size of its holdings. Today, despite enormous

problems of climate, supply shortages, equipment

breakdowns, labor disagreements, treacherous

(40) terrain, a certain amount of mismanagement, and

even theft, the Alaska pipeline has been completed

and is operating.

1. The passage primarily discusses the pipeline's

A. operating costs

B. employees

C. consumers

D. construction

2. The word "it" in line 5 refers to

A. pipeline

B. ocean

C. state

D. village

3. According to the passage, 84 million gallons of oil can travel through the pipeline each

A. day

B. week

C. month

D. year

4. The phrase "Resting on" in line 15 is closest in meaning to

A. consisting of

B. supported by

C. passing under

D. protected with

5. The author mentions all of the following as important in determining the pipeline's route EXCEPT the

A. climate

B. lay of the land itself

C. local vegetation

D. kind of soil and rock

6. The word "undertaken" in line 31 is closest in meaning to

A. removed

B. selected

C. transported

D. attempted

7. How many companies shared the costs of constructing the pipeline?

A. three

B. four

C. eight

D. twelve

8. The word "particular" in line 35 is closest in meaning to

A. peculiar

B. specific

C. exceptional

D. equal

9. Which of the following determined what percentage of the construction costs each member of the consortium would pay?

A. How much oil field land each company owned

B. How long each company had owned land in the oil fields

C. How many people worked for each company

D. How many oil wells were located on the company's land

10. Where in the passage does the author provide a term for an earth covering that always remains frozen?

A. Line 4

B. Line 15

C. Line 23

D. Line 37

**EI4205**

**Answer Key Sample A Quiz 1**

**I. LISTENING COMPREHENSION**

**Part A**

1. A

2. C

3. D

4. B

5. C

**Part B**

1. A

2. D

3. B

4. D

**II. STRUCTURE**

1. B

2. A

3. D

**II. WRITTEN EXPRESSION**

1. (D) (…LYING…)

2. (A) (…WOULD HAVE BEEN…)

3. (B) (…LOSES THEIR TEMPER…)

**III. READING COMPREHENSION**

1. D

2. A

3. A

4. B

5. C

6. D

7. C

8. B

9. A

10. C