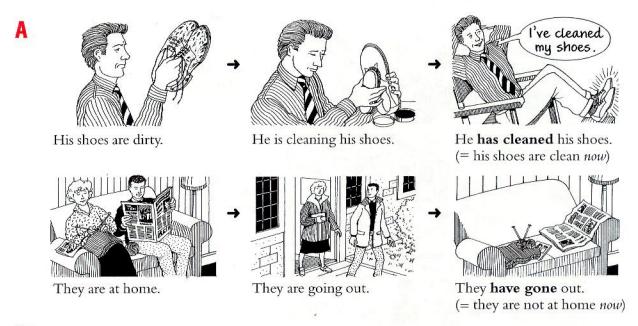
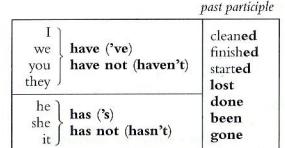
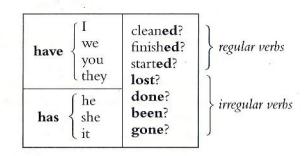
I have done (present perfect 1)



В **has cleaned** / **have gone** etc. is the present perfect (**have** + past participle):





Regular verbs: The past participle is **-ed** (the same as the past simple):

clean → I have cleaned

finish \rightarrow we have finished

 $start \rightarrow she has started$

Irregular verbs: The past participle is sometimes the same as the past simple and sometimes different (\Rightarrow Appendix 2-3). For example:

the same:

buy → I bought / I have bought

have → he had / he has had

different:

break → I broke / I have broken

see → you saw / you have seen

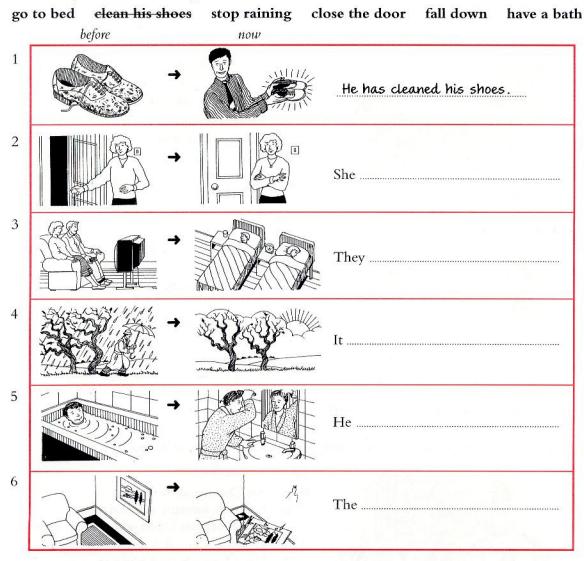
 $fall \rightarrow it fell / it has fallen$

 $go \rightarrow they went / they have gone$

We use the present perfect for an action in the past with a result now:

- I've lost my passport. (= I can't find my passport now)
- 'Where's Linda?' 'She's gone to bed.' (= she is in bed now)
- We've bought a new car. (= we have a new car now)
- It's Rachel's birthday tomorrow and I haven't bought her a present.
- Bob is on holiday.' 'Oh, where has he gone?'
- Can I take this newspaper? Have you finished with it?

15.1 Look at the pictures. What has happened? Choose from:



15.2 Complete the sentences with a verb from the list.

bre	eak buy decide finish forget go go invite see not/see	take	tell
1	'Can I have this newspaper?' 'Yes, I've finished with it.'		
	Isome new shoes. Do you want to see them?		
	'Where is Liz?' 'Sheout.'		
4	I'm looking for Paula you her?		
	Look! Somebody that window.		
6	'Does Lisa know that you're going away?' 'Yes, I	her.'	
	I can't find my umbrella. Somebody it.		
	I'm looking for Sarah. Whereshe?		
	I know that woman but Iher name.		
10	Sue is having a party tonight. She a lot of people.		
11	What are you going to do?you?		
12	'Where are my glasses?' 'I don't know. I them.'		

I've just ... I've already ... I haven't ... yet (present perfect 2)

I've just ...



They have just arrived.

just = a short time ago

- A: Are Diane and Paul here?
 - B: Yes, they've just arrived.
- A: Are you hungry?
 - B: No, I've just had dinner.
- A: Is Tom here?
 - B: No, I'm afraid he's just gone. (= he **has** just gone)

B I've already ...

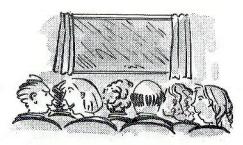


already = before you expected / before I expected

- A: What time are Diane and Paul coming?
 - B: They've already arrived. (= before you expected)
- It's only nine o'clock and Ann has already gone to bed. (= before I expected)
- A: John, this is Mary. B: Yes, I know. We've already met.
- C I haven't ... yet / Have you ... yet?

yet = until now

You can use **yet** in *negative sentences* and *questions*. **Yet** is usually at the end.



The film hasn't started yet.

yet in negative sentences:

- A: Are Diane and Paul here?
 - B: No, they haven't arrived yet. (but B expects Diane and Paul to arrive soon)
- A: Does John know that you're going away?
 - B: No, I haven't told him yet. (but B is going to tell him soon)
- Margaret has bought a new dress but she hasn't worn it yet.

yet in questions:

- A: Have Diane and Paul arrived yet? B: No, not yet. We're still waiting for them.
- A: Has Linda started her new job yet?
- B: No, she starts next week.
- A: This is my new dress.
 - B: Oh, it's nice. **Have** you **worn** it **yet**?



Write a sentence with just for each picture.

Hello, Hello	3 NEW CARS NEW CARS NEW CARS NEW CARS NEW CAR. NEW CAR.	4 START
everyboay!	W. A. B. D.	

	-	3			
1	Theu	ve	IUSt	arrived	
1					٠.,

2	771-	
1	I De	1

4 The race

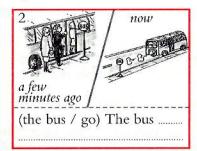
16.2 Co	omplete the sentences.	Use already +	present perfect.
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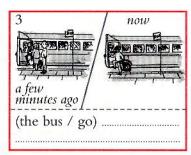
9	
1	What time is Paul arriving
2	Do Sue and Bill want to see the film?
3	Don't forget to phone Tom.
4	When is Martin going away?
5	Do you want to read the newspaper?
6	When does Linda start her new job?

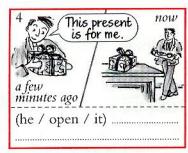
He'	s already arrived	/ <i></i>
	they	it.
I	20.5, 25	
He . ı		
She		

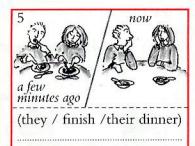
Write a sentence with just (They've just ... / She's just ... etc.) or a negative sentence with yet (They haven't ... yet / She hasn't ... yet etc.).









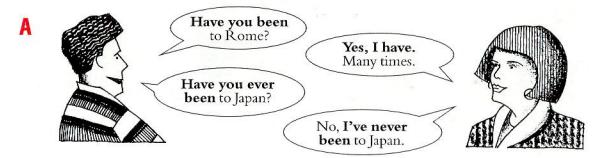




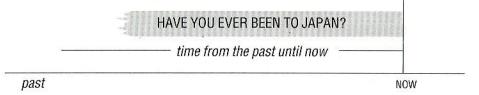
Write questions with yet.

- 1 Your friend has got a new job. Perhaps she has started it. You ask her: Have you started your new job yet?
- 3 Your friend must write a letter. Perhaps she has written it now. You ask her:
- 2 Your friend has some new neighbours. Perhaps he has met them. You ask him: you
- 4 Tom was trying to sell his car. Perhaps he has sold it now. You ask a friend about Tom:

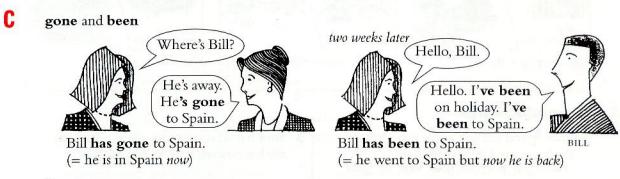
Have you ever ...? (present perfect 3)



We use the *present perfect* (have been / have had / have played *etc.*) when we talk about a time from the past until now — for example, a person's life:



- 'Have you been to France?' (in your life) 'No, I haven't.'
- I've been to Canada but I haven't been to the United States.
- Mary is an interesting person. She has had many different jobs and has lived in many places.
- I've seen that woman before but I can't remember where.
- How many times has Brazil won the World Cup?
- 'Have you read this book?' 'Yes, I've read it twice.' (twice = two times)
- **B** present perfect + **ever** (in questions) and **never**:
 - 'Has Ann ever been to Australia?' 'Yes, once.' (once = one time)
 - 'Have you ever played golf?' 'Yes, I often play golf.'
 - My mother has never travelled by air.
 - I've never ridden a horse.
 - 'Who is that man?' 'I don't know. I've never seen him before.'



Compare:

- I can't find Susan. Where has she gone? (= Where is she now?)
- Oh, hello Susan! I was looking for you. Where have you been?

of Don

EXERCISES

17.1	Yo	u are asking Helen questions beginning Have you ever? Write the questions.	. 0
)		HELEN
\searrow			
100	` 1	(London?) Have you ever been to London?	No, never.
	2	(play / golf?) Have you ever played golf?	Yes, many ti
	3	(Australia?) Have	No, never.
	4	(lose / your passport?)	Yes, once.
	5	(fly / in a helicopter?)	No, never.
	6	(eat / Chinese food?)	Yes, a few tin
	7	(New York?)	Yes, twice.
	8	(drive / a bus?)	No, never.
	9	(break / your leg?)	Yes, once.
17.2	10/-	its contained shout Usian // solvet have anouyare in Eversion 17.1.)	
11.2		ite sentences about Helen. (Look at her answers in Exercise 17.1.) $(N_{ew\ York})$ Helen has been to New York twice.	
		(Australia) Helen	
		(Chinese food)	
	4	(drive / a bus)	***************************************
	No	w write about yourself. How often have you done these things?	
	5	(New York) I	
		(play / tennis)	
		(fly / in a helicopter)	
		(be / late for work or school)	
	200	(
17.3	Ma	ry is 65 years old. She has had an interesting life. What has she done?	
		have be all over the world a lot of interest	esting things
		do write many different jobs a lot of interes	esting people
1	MARY	travel meet ten books married thre	
	1		
		She has had many different jobs.	
	1	CONTROL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE CONTROL	
		She	
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
17.4	Put	in gone or been.	
	1	Bill is on holiday at the moment. He's gone to Spain.	
		Where's Jill?' 'She's not here. I think she's to the bank.'	
		Hello, Sue. Where have you? Have you?	to the bank?
		Have you ever to Mexico?' 'No, never.'	Duile
		My parents aren't at home this evening. They'veout.	
		There's a new restaurant in town. Have youto it?	
		Ann knows Paris well. She's there many times.	
	δ J	Helen was here earlier but I think she's now.	

How long have you ...? (present perfect 4)

A Jill is on holiday in Ireland. She is there now.

She arrived in Ireland on Monday. Today is Thursday.

How long has she been in Ireland?

She has been in Ireland since Monday. for three days.

Compare is and has been:



She **is** in Ireland **now**.

is = present

has been = present perfect

She has been in Ireland { since Monday. for three days.

NOW Thursday

Monday

B Compare:

present simple present perfect simple (have been/have lived/have known etc.)

Mark and Liz are married.	They have been married for five years. (<i>not</i> 'They are married for five years.')
Are you married?	How long have you been married? (not 'How long are you married?')
Do you know Sarah?	How long have you known her? (not 'How long do you know her?')
I know Sarah.	I've known her for a long time. (not 'I know her for')
Linda lives in London.	How long has she lived in London? She has lived there all her life.
I have a car.	How long have you had your car?

I've had it since April.

present continuous present perfect continuous (have been + ing)

I'm learn ing German.	How long have you been learning German? (not 'How long are you learning German?') I've been learning German for two years.
David is watching TV.	How long has he been watching TV? He's been (= He has been) watching TV since 5 o'clock.
It's raining.	It's been (= It has been) raining all day.

18.1 Complete these sentences.

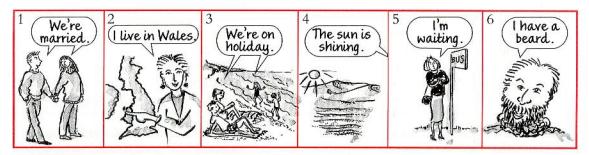
- 1 Jill is in hospital. She has been in hospital since Monday.
- 2 I know Sarah. I have known her for a long time.
- 3 Linda and Frank are married. They married since 1989.
- 4 Brian is ill. Heill for the last few days.
- 5 We live in Scott Road. We there for ten years.
- 6 Catherine works in a bank. She ______ in a bank for five years.
- 8 I'm learning English. I English for six months.

18.2 Make questions with How long ...?

	Jill is on holiday.
2	Mike and Judy are in Brazil.
3	I know Margaret.
1	Diana is learning Italian.
5	My brother lives in Canada.
5	I'm a teacher.
7	It is raining.

How long has she been on holiday?	
How long	
How long you	?
	?
	?
	?
	?

18.3



Look at the pictures and complete the sentences. Your sentence must end with one of these:

for ten minutes all day all her life for ten years since he was 20 since Sunday

- 1 They have been married for ten years.
- 4 The sun
- 5 She ______

18.4 Which is right?

- 1 Mark is / has been in Canada since April. has been is right
- 2 Jane is a good friend of mine. I know / have known her very well.
- 3 Jane is a good friend of mine. I know / have known her for a long time.
- 4 'Sorry I'm late. How long are you / have you been waiting?' 'Not long. Only five minutes.'
- 5 Martin works / has worked in a hotel now. He likes his job very much.
- 6 Linda is reading the newspaper. She is / has been reading it for two hours.
- 7 'How long do you live / have you lived in this house?' 'About ten years.'
- 8 'Is that a new coat?' 'No, I have / I've had this coat for a long time.'
- 9 Tom <u>is / has been</u> in Spain at the moment. He <u>is / has been</u> there for the last three days.

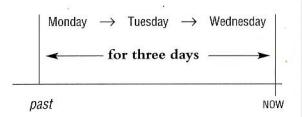
for since ago

for and since

We use **for** and **since** to say how long:

for three days. • Jill is in Ireland. She has been there since Monday.

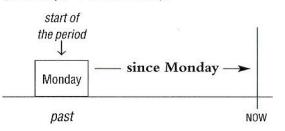
We use **for** + a period of time (**three days** / two years etc.):



for			
three days	ten minutes		
an hour	two hours		
a week	four weeks		
a month	six months		
five years	a long time		

- Richard has been in Canada for six months. (not 'since six months')
- We've been waiting for two hours. (not 'since two hours')
- I've lived in London for a long time.

We use **since** + the start of the period (Monday / 9 o'clock etc.):



since				
Monday	Wednesday			
9 o'clock	12.30			
24 July	Christmas			
January	I was ten years old			
1985	we arrived			

- Richard has been in Canada since **January**. (= from January to now)
- We've been waiting since 9 o'clock. (= from 9 o'clock to now)
- I've lived in London since I was ten years old.

B

ago

 $\mathbf{ago} = before\ now$:

- Susan started her new job three weeks ago. (= three weeks before now)
- 'When did Tom go out?' 'Ten minutes ago.' (= ten minutes before now)
- I had dinner an hour ago.
- Life was very different a hundred years ago.

We use ago with the past (started/did/had/was etc.).

Compare ago and for:

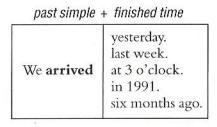
- When did Jill arrive in Ireland? She arrived in Ireland three days ago.
- How long has she been in Ireland? She has been in Ireland for three days.

19.1	Write for or since.
9	1 Jill has been in Ireland since Monday.
	2 Jill has been in Ireland for three days.
	3 My aunt has lived in Australia
	4 Margaret is in her office. She has been there
	5 India has been an independent country
	6 The bus is late. We've been waiting
	7 Nobody lives in those houses. They have been empty many years.
	8 Mike has been ill a long time. He has been in hospital October.
19.2	Answer these questions. Use ago .
	1 When was your last meal? Three hours ago.
	2 When was the last time you were ill?
	3 When did you last go to the cinema?
	4 When was the last time you were in a car?
	5 When was the last time you went on holiday?
19.3	Complete the sentences. Use the words in brackets () + for or ago.
	1 Jill arrived in Ireland three days ago. (three days) 2 Jill has been in Ireland for three days. (three days)
_	3 Linda and Frank have been married (20 years)
	4 Linda and Frank got married (20 years)
	5 Dan arrived (ten minutes)
	6 We had lunch
	7 Silvia has been learning English
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	9 I bought these shoes
19.4	Complete the sentences with for or since.
	1 Jill is in Ireland now. She arrived there three days ago. She has been there for three days.
	2 Jack is here. He arrived here on Tuesday. He has
1	3 It's raining. It started an hour ago. It's been
	4 I know Sue. I first met Sue two years ago. I've
	5 I have a camera. I bought it in 1989. I've
	6 They are married. They got married six months ago.
	They've
	7 Liz is studying medicine at university. She started three years ago.
	She has
	8 Dave plays the piano. He started when he was seven years old.
	Dave has
19.5	Write sentences about yourself. Begin with the words in brackets ().
1	1 (I've lived)
	2 (I've been)
7	3 (I've been learning)
	4 (I've known)
	5 (I've had)
	NO. 13 PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT

I have done (present perfect) and I did (past simple)

A

With a finished time (yesterday / last week etc.), we use the past (arrived/saw/was etc.):





Do *not* use the present perfect (have arrived / have done / have been *etc.*) with a finished time:

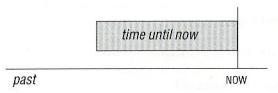
- I saw Paula yesterday. (not 'I have seen')
- Where were you on Sunday afternoon? (not 'Where have you been')
- We didn't have a holiday last year. (not 'We haven't had')
- 'What did you do last night?' 'I stayed at home.'
- William Shakespeare lived from 1564 to 1616. He was a writer. He wrote many plays and poems.

Use the past simple to ask When ...? or What time ...?:

- When did they arrive? (not 'When have they arrived?')
- B Compare:

present perfect

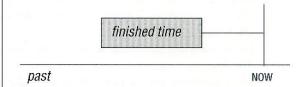
- I have lost my key. (= I can't find it now)
- Bill **has gone** home. (= he isn't here *now*)
- Have you seen Ann? (= where is she now?)



- **Have** you **ever been** to Spain? (= in your life, until *now*)
- My friend is a writer. He has written many books.
- The letter hasn't arrived yet.
- We've lived in Singapore for six years. (= we live there now)

past simple

- I lost my key last week.
- Bill went home ten minutes ago.
- Did you see Ann on Saturday?



- Did you go to Spain last year?
- Shakespeare wrote many plays and poems.
- The letter didn't arrive yesterday.
- We lived in Glasgow for six years but now we live in Singapore.

20

	two years ago. A:	(be) a w. years bu (not/enj	Before that sheaitress in a restaurant. She (work) there for two t she joy) it very much.		
	1 A: Have you ever been (you/ever/be) to Florida? B: Yes, we went (go) there on holiday		orks in a factory. She (work) there for six		
3	2 Have you seen Ann yesterday? 3 I've finished my work at 2 o'clock. 4 I'm ready now. I've finished my work. 5 What time have you finished your work? 6 Sue isn't here. She's gone out. 7 Jim's grandmother has died in 1989. 8 Where have you been last night? Put the verb in the present perfect or past simple. 1 My friend is a writer. He has written (v2 We didn't have (not/have) a holiday last 3 I (play) tennis ye 4 What time (you 5 (you 6 The weather (not 7 My hair is wet. I (not 7 My hair is wet. I (wash) my hair 9 Kathy travels a lot. She (wash) my hair 9 Kathy travels a lot. She Put the verb in the present perfect or past simple.	vrite) many byear. sterday aftern go) to bed la u/ever/meet t/be) very go (just/wash) i before break(visit)	books. noon. not night? a famous person? bod yesterday. t. fast this morning. many countries.		
2	Right or wrong? Correct the verbs that are wrong. (The verbs are <u>underlined</u> .) 1 I've lost my key. I can't find it. 2 Have you seen Ann vesterday? WRONG: Did you see				
	2 Have you started your new job?	ninutes ago) (last week) t 5 o'clock) (on Friday) (yesterday)	Yes, I saw her 5 minutes ago. Yes, I last week. Yes, they Yes, Yes,		
	Use the words in brackets () to answer the questions.				

KEY TO EXERCISES

11.5

Example answers:

- 2 I got up late yesterday.
- 3 I met some friends at lunchtime.
- 4 I played tennis.
- 5 I wrote a letter.
- 6 I lost my keys.

UNIT 12

12.1

- 2 didn't work
- 4 didn't have
- 3 didn't go
- 5 didn't do

12.2

- 2 Did you enjoy the party?
- 3 Did you have a good holiday?
- 4 Did you finish work early?
- 5 Did you sleep well last night?

12.3

- 2 I got up before 7 o'clock. or I didn't get up before 7 o'clock.
- 3 I had a shower. *or* I didn't have a shower.
- 4 I bought a magazine. *or* I didn't buy a magazine.
- 5 I ate meat. or I didn't eat meat.
- 6 I went to bed before 10.30. or I didn't go to bed before 10.30.

12.4

- 2 did you arrive
- 3 Did you win
- 4 did you go
- 5 did it cost
- 6 Did you go to bed late
- 7 Did you have a nice time
- 8 did it happen / did that happen

12.5

- 2 bought
- 5 opened
- 3 Did it rain
- 6 didn't have
- 4 didn't stay
- 7 did you do

UNIT 13

13.1

- 2 Carol and Jack were at/in the cinema. They were watching a film.
- 3 Tom was in his car. He was driving.

- 4 Catherine was at the station. She was waiting for a train.
- 5 Mr and Mrs Hall were in the park. They were walking.
- 6 I was in a café. I was having a drink with some friends.

13.2

- 2 she was swimming /she was having a swim.
- 3 she was reading a/the newspaper.
- 4 she was cooking (lunch).
- 5 she was having breakfast.
- 6 she was listening to music/... listening to the radio.

13.3

- 2 What were you doing
- 3 Was it raining
- 4 Why was Ann driving so fast
- 5 Was Tim wearing a suit

13.4

- 2 He was carrying a bag.
- 3 He wasn't going to the dentist.
- 4 He was eating an ice-cream.
- 5 He wasn't carrying an umbrella.
- 6 He wasn't going home.
- 7 He was wearing a hat.
- 8 He wasn't riding a bicycle.

UNIT 14

14.1

- 1 happened ... was painting ... fell
- 2 arrived ... got ... were waiting
- 3 was walking ... met ... was going ... was carrying... stopped

14.2

- 2 was studying
- 3 did the post arrive ... came ... was having
- 4 didn't go
- 5 were you driving ... stopped ... wasn't driving
- 6 Did your team win ... didn't play
- 7 did you break the window ... were playing ... kicked ... hit
- 8 Did you see ... was wearing
- 9 were you doing
- 10 lost ... did you get ... climbed

UNIT 15

15.1

- 2 She has closed the door.
- 3 They have gone to bed.
- 4 It has stopped raining.
- 5 He has had a bath.
- 6 The picture has fallen down.

15.2

- 2 've bought / have bought
- 3 's gone / has gone
- 4 Have you seen
- 5 has broken
- 6 've told / have told
- 7 has taken
- 8 has she gone
- 9 've forgotten / have forgotten
- 10 's invited / has invited
- 11 Have you decided
- 12 haven't seen

UNIT 16

16.1

- 2 He's/He has just got up.
- 3 They've/They have just bought a car.
- 4 The race has just started.

16.2

- 2 they've/they have already seen
- 3 I've/I have already phoned him.
- 4 He's/He has already gone (away).
- 5 I've/I have already read it.
- 6 She's/She has already started (it).

16 2

- 2 The bus has just gone.
- 3 The bus hasn't gone yet.
- 4 He hasn't opened it yet.
- 5 They've/They have just finished their dinner.
- 6 It hasn't stopped raining yet.

16.4

- 2 Have you met your new neighbours yet?
- 3 Have you written the letter yet?
- 4 Has he/Tom sold his car yet?

- 3 Have you ever been to Australia?
- 4 Have you ever lost your passport?
- 5 Have you ever flown in a helicopter?
- 6 Have you ever eaten Chinese
- 7 Have you ever been to New York?
- 8 Have you ever driven a bus?
- 9 Have you ever broken your leg?

17.2

Helen:

- 2 Helen has never been to Australia.
- 3 Helen/She has eaten Chinese food a few times.
- 4 Helen/She has never driven a bus.

You (example answers):

- 5 I've / I have never been to New York.
- 6 I've / I have played tennis many times.
- 7 I've / I have never flown in a helicopter.
- 8 I've / I have been late for work a few times.

17.3

2-6

- She has done a lot of interesting things.
- She has travelled all over the world. or She has been all over the world.
- She has been married three
- She has written ten books. She has met a lot of interesting people.

17.4

- 2 gone
- 3 been ... been
- 4 been
- 5 gone
- 6 been
- 7 been
- 8 gone

UNIT 18

18.1

- 3 have been
- 4 has been
- 5 have lived / have been living
- 6 has worked / has been working
- 7 has had
- 8 have been learning

18.2

- 2 How long have they been there / in Brazil?
- 3 How long have you known her?
- 4 How long has she been learning Italian?
- 5 How long has he lived in Canada? / How long has he been living ...?
- 6 How long have you been a teacher?
- 7 How long has it been raining?

18.3

- 2 She has lived in Wales all her life.
- 3 They have been on holiday since Sunday.
- The sun has been shining all day.
- 5 She has been waiting for ten minutes.
- 6 He has had a beard since he was 20.

18.4

- 2 know
- 3 have known
- have you been
- 5 works
- 6 has been
- 7 have you lived
- 8 I've had
- 9 is ... has been

19.1

- 3 for
- 4 since 7 for
- 8 for ... since 5 since

6 for

Example answers:

- 2 A year ago.
- 3 A few days ago.
- 4 Two hours ago.
- 5 Six months ago.

19.3

- 3 for 20 years
- 4 20 years ago
- 5 ten minutes ago
- 6 an hour ago
- for six months
- 8 for a long time
- 9 a few days ago

19.4

- 2 been here since Tuesday.
- 3 raining for an hour.
- 4 known Sue for two years.
- 5 had my/a camera since 1989.
- 6 been married for six months.
- 7 been studying medicine (at university) for three years.
- played / been playing the piano since he was seven years old.

19.5

Example answers:

- 1 I've lived in ... all my life.
- 2 I've been in the same job for ten
- 3 I've been learning English for six months.
- 4 I've known Chris for a long time.
- 5 I've had a headache since I got up this morning.

UNIT 20

- 2 I started (it) last week.
- 3 they arrived at 5 o'clock.
- 4 she went (away) on Friday.
- 5 I wore them yesterday.

- 3 WRONG I finished
- 4 RIGHT
- 5 WRONG did you finish
- 6 RIGHT
- 7 WRONG Jim's grandmother
- 8 WRONG Where were you

- 3 played
- 4 did you go
- 5 Have you ever met
- 6 wasn't
- 7 've/have just washed

KEY TO EXERCISES

- 8 washed
- 9 's/has visited
- 10 hasn't come

20.4

- 1 Did you have was
- 2 Have you seen went haven't seen
- 3 has worked / has been working was worked didn't enjoy
- 4 've/have seen
 've/have never spoken
 Have you ever spoken
 met

UNIT 21

21.1

- 3 Glass is made from sand.
- 4 Stamps are sold in a post office.
- 5 This room isn't used very often.
- 6 Are we allowed to park here?
- 7 How is this word pronounced?
- 9 The house was painted last month.
- 10 Three people were injured in the accident.
- 11 My bicycle was stolen a few days ago.
- 12 When was this bridge built?
- 13 Were you invited to the party last week?
- 14 How were these windows broken?
- 15 I wasn't woken up by the noise.

21.2

- 2 Football is played in most ...
- 3 Why was the letter sent to ...?
- 4 ... where cars are repaired.
- 5 Where were you born?
- 6 How many languages are spoken ...
- 7 ... but nothing **was** stolen.
- 8 When was the bicycle invented?

21.3

- 3 is made
- 4 were damaged

- 5 was given
- 6 are shown
- 7 were invited
- 8 was made
- 9 was stolen ... was found

21.4

- 2 Sally was born in Birmingham.
- 3 Her parents were born in Ireland.
- 4 I was born in ...
- 5 My mother was born in ...

UNIT 22

22.

- 2 A bridge is being built.
- 3 The windows are being cleaned.
- 4 The grass is being cut.

22.2

- 3 The window has been broken.
- 4 The roof is being repaired.
- 5 The car has been damaged.
- 6 The houses **are being** knocked down.
- 7 The trees have been cut down.
- 8 They **have been** invited to a party.

22.3

- 3 has been repaired
- 4 was repaired
- 5 are made
- 6 were they built
- 7 Is the computer being used (*or* Is anybody using the computer)
- 8 are they called
- 9 were blown
- 10 was damaged ... hasn't been repaired

UNIT 23

23.1

- 3 are 7 do 4 Does 8 Is 5 Do 9 does
- 6 Is
- 10 Are

23.2

- 2 don't 6 doesn't 3 'm/am not 7 'm/am not
- 4 isn't
- 7 m/am ne 8 aren't
- 5 don't

23.3

- 2 Did 7 were
- 3 were 8 Has
- 4 was 9 did 5 Has 10 have
- 6 did

23.4

- 2 was 6 've/have 7 is
- 4 are 8 was 5 were 9 has

23.5

- 3 eaten 8 understand 4 enjoying 9 listening 5 damaged 10 pronounced
- 6 use 11 open 7 gone away

UNIT 24

24.1

- 3 got 10 happened
- 4 brought 11 heard
- 5 paid 12 put
- 6 enjoyed 13 caught 7 bought 14 watched
- 8 sat 15 understood
- 9 left

24.2

- 2 began begun
- 3 ate eaten
- 4 drank drunk
- 5 drove driven
- 6 ran run
- 7 spoke spoken
- 8 wrote written
- 9 came come
- 10 knew known
- 11 took taken
- 12 went gone 13 gave given
- 14 threw thrown
- 15 forgot forgotten

24.3

- 3 slept
- 4 saw
- 5 rained
- 6 lost ... seen
- 7 stolen
- 8 went
- 9 finished
- 10 built