Grammar activity answers

Introduction

2 decided to move 3 is five / five years old 4 who are 5 the oldest / eldest child 6 He used to be 7 in charge of 8 to meet 9 I've been learning 10 went to 11 as a teacher 12 very hard work / a very hard job 13 had improved 14 to be able to speak 15 good at reading 16 is good enough 17 have very little 18 I'd learn

1A question formation

- a 1 Who paid for it?
 - 2 Do you know who that woman is over there?
 - **3** Where are they going on their honeymoon? How long are they going for?
 - 4 Who did Tony come with? Why did she leave him?
 - 5 How long have Matt and Claire known each other? Where did they meet? Who told you that?
- **b** 2 Do you know why Sarah didn't come to the wedding?
 - **3** Do you know if / whether that tall woman over there is Claire's mother?
 - 4 Do you remember what Molly's husband does?
 - 5 Do you have any idea if / whether I can get a taxi after midnight?
 - 6 Do you remember if / whether Claire's sister got married here?
 - 7 Do you think they'll be happy?
 - 8 Do you know where they put our coats?
- **1B** auxiliary verbs
- a 2 do 3 isn't 4 Have 5 aren't 6 do 7 Is 8 will
- b 2 am 3 are 4 do/did 5 Did 6 did 7 Couldn't 8 do 9 can't
- 2A present perfect simple and continuous
- a 2 Have you been eating 3 haven't had 4 haven't wanted 5 Have you been having / Have you had
 6 've taken 7 Have you been working 8 have been 9 've been getting 10 haven't been sleeping 11 've been overworking 12 've just been promoted
- b 2 Have you ever been injured... 3 have you been coming... 4 have you missed 5 have you been living / have you lived 6 Have you ever studied

2B adjectives

- a 2 The French 3 homeless people 4 Japanese girl
 5 ✓ 6 The Spanish 7 the poor 8 ✓
 9 The Chinese 10 The young
- b 2 blue denim 3 awful modern 4 big dark
 5 long black silk 6 beautiful old wooden
 7 small black leather 8 delicious Thai
 9 short curly brown 10 new striped

3A narrative tenses

- a 1 hadn't noticed, had stopped
 - 2 had been (carefully) saving, had been concentrating, had been watching, had (only) been looking
 3 was leaving, was happening, were looking
- b 2 asked 3 mentioned 4 had been looking
 5 had accused / accused 6 had searched / searched
 7 made 8 had said 9 jumped up 10 made
 11 had never seen 12 drove 13 parked
 14 had taken place 15 came 16 started
 17 had never stolen 18 made 19 found
 20 had stopped 21 were watching

3B adverbs and adverbial phrases

- a 2 do you really mean that; were absolutely awful
 3 Minnesota played well
 - 4 Unfortunately, Minnesota never plays well
 - 5 was incredibly lucky
 - 6 do you ever have
 - 7 To be honest, Minnesota was very lucky
 - 8 was extremely lucky
 - **9** Personally, I thought both teams played badly; Minnesota was a little better, especially in the second half
 - 10 New England next, so let's see how they do there
- b 2 slowly 3 quickly 4 earlier that day 5 obviously 6 actually 7 angrily 8 a little 9 badly 10 incredibly 11 here 12 always 13 well 14 naturally 15 in fifteen minutes

4A future perfect and continuous

- a 1 won't be thinking
 - 2 'll (still) be working; 'll have been promoted 3 will have left
 - 4 won't be using
 - 5 won't have gone; 'll (still) be watching
 - 6 'll have graduated; 'll be looking for
 - 7 won't have had
 - 8 Will (you) be coming
 - 9 Will (you) be picking me up
 - 10 will (they) have visited
 - 11 'll have finished; 'll be celebrating
 - 12 won't have saved

4B conditionals, future time clauses

- a 2aandb 3a 4b 5b 6c 7aandc 8aandb 9a 10c 11b 12aandc 13bandc 14aandb 15c
- **5A** unreal conditionals
- a 2 had put; would have tasted / would taste 3 found; be
 - 4 wouldn't have gotten; 'd taken
 - 5 were; wouldn't swim
 - 6 wouldn't have left; hadn't fallen
 - 7 hadn't used; wouldn't have found
 - 8 'd buy; could
 - 9 would have gone; hadn't been
 - 10 didn't (both) work; wouldn't be able to
 - 11 would have bought; 'd known
 - 12 wouldn't be; got

5B structures after wish

- a 2 wouldn't borrow 3 would stop raining 4 would let 5 would do 6 wouldn't make 7 would clean 8 wouldn't wear
- b 2 hadn't told 3 were / was 4 had 5 earned 6 had tried on 7 hadn't shouted 8 wasn't

6A gerunds and infinitives

- a 2 to see 3 go out 4 to take 5 not stay 6 working 7 to wear 8 live 9 laughing 10 to finish 11 seeing 12 not to tell 13 work 14 seeing 15 to help 16 waiting 17 to park 18 speaking 19 getting up / to get up 20 not come 21 spending 22 to give
- b 2 not to be 3 changing 4 meeting 5 arriving 6 to review 7 to tell 8 turning

6B used to, be used to, get used to

- a 2 get used to 3 usually 4 was used to being able 5 used to be 6 usually go
- b 2'm used to 3 get used to 4 used to 5 usually 6 get used to 7 'm used to 8 get used to 9 get used to 10 used to
- c 2 being 3 seeing 4 stay up 5 enjoying
- **7A** past modals
- a 2 might have broken 3 must have left 4 must have turned the oven on 5 couldn't have drunk 6 might not have seen 7 must have worked 8 couldn't have finished 9 might not have been able to get / might not have gotten 10 must have turned it off
- b 2 shouldn't have used 3 shouldn't have broken up
 4 should have come 5 should have waited
 6 should have kept 7 should have told
 8 shouldn't have worn

7B verbs of the senses

a 2 smells 3 smells as if (like) 4 smells like 5 feels
6 feels like 7 feels as if (like) 8 feels 9 tastes
10 tastes like 11 tastes as if (like) 12 tastes
13 look as if (like) 14 look 15 look as if (like)
16 look 17 look like 18 look 19 sounds
20 sounds 21 sounds as if (like) 22 sound like

8A the passive

- a 2 have been stolen 3 are being interrogated
 4 was being driven 5 were discovered, was stopped
 6 be taken 7 are caught 8 has been vandalized
 9 had been broken 10 are going to / will be robbed
 11 to be sent
- b 2 is thought that 3 is said to 4 are understood to
 5 is expected that 6 are thought to

8B reporting verbs

- a 1 to give 2 to come 3 having / having had
 4 not going / not having gone 5 to tell; breaking
 6 going 7 not to leave 8 making
- **b** 2 promised to clean
 - 3 apologized for forgetting
 - 4 advised (his father) to keep
 - 5 suggested trying
 - 6 admitted eating
 - 7 invited (me) to come
 - 8 blamed (us) for losing

9A clauses of contrast and purpose

- a 2j 3h 4i 5f 6e 7a 8c 9d 10b
- **b** 2 A lot of companies have reduced staff numbers in order to save money.
 - 3 Despite the long flight / Despite the fact the flight was long, she felt great when she arrived in New York.
 - 4 Nick didn't tell Louisa the truth so as not to hurt her feelings.
 - 5 I bought the shoes even though they were ridiculously expensive.
 - 6 The company has a big market share in spite of doing very little advertising / in spite of the fact that they do very little advertising.
 - 7 They had to leave the hotel early so that they wouldn't miss their train.
 - 8 She didn't get the job though she was a strong candidate.

9B uncountable and plural nouns

a 2 some jeans 3 says 4 have 5 is 6 some 7 some 8 equipment 9 business 10 staff 11 is 12 is 13 experience 14 advice 15 some 16 some 17 those 18 them 19 the 20 homework 21 trash

10A quantifiers

- a 2 either of them; both
 3 everything
 4 all day; any
 5 They all passed.
 6 any; every
 7 all of the research; all of
 8 nor; Both; neither of them
- b 2 Neither 3 Every 4 All 5 Most of 6 no 7 anyone 8 Most 9 all 10 both 11 every 12 None of

10B articles

a 2 the 3-4 an 5 the 6 The 7 the 8-9 The 10-11-12 an 13 The 14 the 15 the 16 a 17 The 18-19 the 20-21-22 the 23 the 24-25 the 26 the 27-28 a 29-30 the 31 the 32 the 33-34 the 35-36 the 37 the

Review Grammar auction

Instructions

Sts review the main grammar points of the book by playing a game where, in pairs, they have to bid to try to "buy" correct sentences. Copy one sheet per pair.

- Put Sts in pairs. Give each pair the list of 20 sentences. Elicit what an auction is = a sale where things are sold to the person who offers the most money. Explain that Sts have 1,000 dollars. They have a list of sentences, some of which are correct and some incorrect. They bid to "buy" as many correct sentences as they can. Bids start at 50, the next bid is 100, then 150, etc. Sts must record on their sheet how much they have spent on a sentence, in order to calculate how much money they have left. The pair that buys the most correct sentences is the winner.
- Start with the first sentence and invite bids. Make the activity more fun by using typical language of an auctioneer, e.g., How much will you bid for this fantastic sentence? 50 dollars, 100? Do I hear 150? Going, going, gone to Marc and Andrea for 150 dollars.
- When you have "sold" all the sentences, go through each one eliciting whether it is correct or not, and what the mistake is. Then find out who bought the most correct sentences.
 - 1 ✓
 2 X Her name's Marta, isn't it?
 3 ✓
 4 X She has beautiful long dark hair.
 5 ✓
 6 X Ilike classical music very much.
 7 ✓
 - 81
 - 9 ⊁ I would have enjoyed the movie more if it hadn't had subtitles.
 - 10 ★ I wish I had more free time! / I wish I could have more free time!
 - 11 X It's getting late. We'd better go now.

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13 ★ He couldn't have seen you or he would have said hello.

- 14 × It looks like / as if it's going to rain.
- 15 ✗ The missing man is thought to be from Miami.
 16 ✓
- 10 /
- 17 X Lilly is going to the hospital this afternoon to visit her husband.
- 18 X I need to buy some new furniture for my living room.

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20 \times The man was sent to prison for ten years.