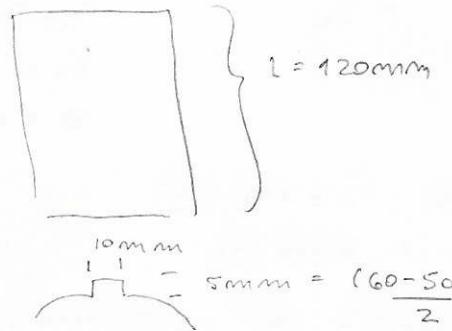


Ejercicio #1

P2] 1 arbol 8 dientes c/3mm
 $\alpha = 10^\circ$
 $t_0(\text{diente}) = 0,2 \text{ mm}$
 $\mu = 0,7$
 $F_{\text{brochada}} = 360 \text{ kN}$



a) i) t_c y γ

$$L = 120 \text{ mm} \quad t_0 = 0.2 \text{ mm}$$

$$t_c = \frac{t_0}{r} \Rightarrow \text{mejoramos } r \quad r = \frac{t_0}{\tan \alpha} = \frac{0.2}{\tan 10^\circ} = 1.9845 \text{ mm}$$

$$\tan \phi = \frac{r \cos \alpha}{r \sin \alpha} = \frac{\cos 10^\circ}{\sin 10^\circ} = 5.67$$

$$\alpha = 10^\circ \Rightarrow \text{falta } \phi$$

$$\phi = 45 + \frac{\alpha}{2} - \frac{\beta}{2} \Rightarrow \text{falta } \beta$$

$$L_c \cdot t_c = L \cdot t_0 \cdot \gamma$$

$$L_c = \frac{L \cdot t_0}{t_c}$$

$$L_c = \frac{120 \cdot 0.2}{0.343} = 71.43 \text{ mm}$$

$$L_c = 69.97 \text{ mm}$$

$$\gamma = \cot(\phi) + \tan(\phi - \alpha)$$

$$\gamma = \cot(32.5^\circ) + \tan(32.5^\circ - 10^\circ)$$

$$\gamma = \cot(32.5^\circ) + \tan(22.5^\circ)$$

$$\gamma = 1.9845$$

$$\beta = \arctan(\mu) = \arctan(0.7)$$

$$\beta = 34.99^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi = 32.5^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow r = 0.581$$

$$\Rightarrow t_c = 0.343$$

ii) Se estima la energía específica de la operación

$$E_u = P_u = \frac{P_{\text{ot}}}{\text{TRM}} = \frac{F_{\text{oy}} V}{w t_0 \gamma} = \frac{F_c K}{w t_0 \gamma} \quad F_c \text{ es la fuerza de un diente.}$$

$$F_c = \frac{F_{\text{brochada}}}{\text{m dientes enganchados}}$$

$$F_{\text{brochada}} = 360 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{m dientes} = \frac{120 \text{ mm}}{30 \text{ mm/diente}} = 4 \text{ dientes} \cdot 8 = 32 \text{ dientes}$$

8 dientes c/3mm.

cantidad de dientes mandado.

$$\Rightarrow F_c = 11.25 \text{ kN}$$

$$E_u = P_u = \frac{F_c}{w t_0} = \frac{11250 \text{ N}}{10 \text{ mm} \cdot 0.2 \text{ mm}} \Rightarrow E_u = 5.625 \text{ J/mm}^3$$

Energía total de la operación $E_u \cdot \text{Vol} \Rightarrow$ calculamos volumen

$$\text{Vol} = L \cdot t_{\text{total}} \cdot N_{\text{dientes}} \cdot w$$

$$\text{Vol} = 120 \text{ mm} \cdot 5 \text{ mm} \cdot 8 \cdot 10 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{Vol} = 48000 \text{ mm}^3$$

$$\Rightarrow E_u \cdot \text{Vol} = 270 \text{ kJ}$$

% Fricción, este % es igual para todos los clientes.

Energía de 1 viruta $F_C L$

Energía roce del cliente F_{2C}

$$F = F_C \sin \alpha + F_t \cos \alpha$$

$$F_t = F_C \tan (\beta - \alpha)$$

$$\alpha = 10^\circ \quad \beta = 34,99^\circ$$

$$F_t = 5244 \text{ N}$$

$$\Rightarrow F = 7119,9 \text{ N}$$

$$\Rightarrow E \text{ gastada en roce} = 496,8 [J]$$

$$\text{Energía viruta} = 1350 [J]$$

$$\text{y } E \text{ Fricción} = 36,8 \% \text{ (E Total)}$$

b) Se rompe 1 diente $\alpha = -10^\circ$

Las fuerzas cambian, lo único constante son las propiedades del material que estamos mecanizando

Calculamos Z_S de un diente sano

$$Z_S = \frac{F_S}{A_S} = \frac{F_S \sin \phi}{b_0 w}$$

$$Z_S = 1792 \text{ MPa}$$

$$F_S = F_C \cos \phi - F_t \sin \phi$$

$$F_S = 6669,7 \text{ N}$$

$$b_0 = 0,2 \text{ mm}$$

$$w = 10 \text{ mm}$$

$$\phi = 32,5^\circ$$

$$F_C = 11250 \text{ N}$$

$$F_t = 5244 \text{ N}$$

Ahora para un diente roto, $\alpha_2 = -10^\circ$

$$\beta = 34,99^\circ$$

$$\phi_2 = 45 + \frac{\alpha_2}{2} - \frac{\beta}{2}$$

$$\phi_2 = 22,5^\circ$$

$$F_S = \frac{Z_S \cdot b_0 w}{\sin \phi_2} \Rightarrow F_{S2} = 9365 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{C2} = F_S \cos \phi + F_m \sin \phi$$

$$\frac{F_m}{F_{S2}} = \tan(\phi + (\beta - \alpha)) \quad \begin{matrix} \text{(esto se obtiene por} \\ \text{jugar con la ecuación} \\ \text{de fuerza)} \end{matrix}$$

$$F_{m2} = 22597,9 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{C2} = 17299,9 \text{ N}$$

$$\text{Fuerza brochadora} = 31 \times F_{C1} + 1F_{C2}$$

$$\text{Fuerza brochadora} = 366,1 \text{ kN}$$

c) $\mu_3 = 0,3$ esto nuevamente cambia todo, pero el mismo procedimiento que en b)

$$Z_S = \frac{F_S}{A_{S3}}$$

$$\beta_3 = \arctan(\mu_3) = \arctan(0,3)$$

$$\beta_3 = 16,7^\circ$$

$$\phi = 45 + \frac{\alpha}{2} - \frac{\beta}{2}$$

$$\phi_3 = 41,65^\circ$$

$$F_{S3} = \frac{Z_S \cdot b_0 w}{\sin \phi_3} \Rightarrow F_{S3} = 5392 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{C3} = F_{S3} \cos \phi + F_{m3} \sin \phi$$

$$F_{m3} = F_{S3} \tan(\phi + \beta - \alpha)$$

$$F_{C3} = 8058 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{m3} = 6062,5 \text{ N}$$

$$\text{Fuerza brochadora} = F_{C3} \times 32 \\ = 257,8 \text{ kN}$$