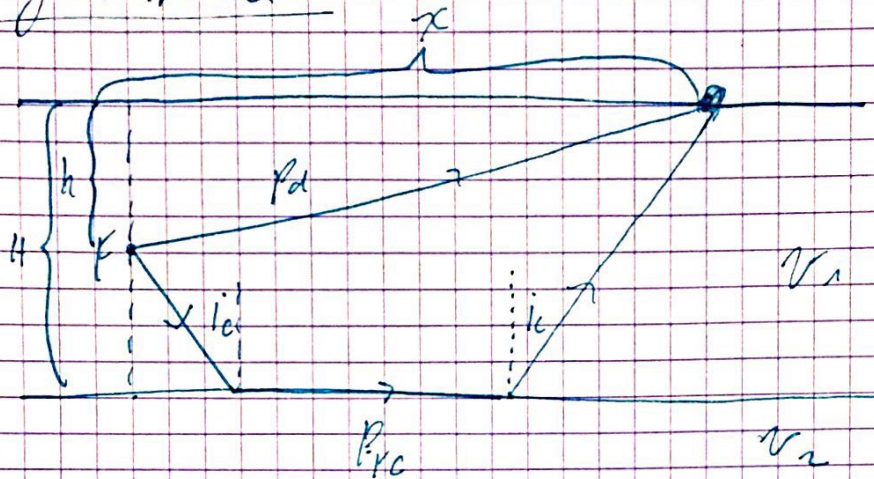


Ley de Snell



$\Delta t = 0,706 \text{ s} ; x = 120 \text{ Km} ; h = 5 \text{ Km}$

$v_1 = 6 \text{ Km/s} ; v_2 = 8 \text{ Km/s} ; H = ?$

$\Rightarrow$ (a) Calcular $t_{rc} : \Rightarrow t = \frac{d}{v}$

$$t = \frac{H-h}{v_1 \cos(i_c)} + \frac{x}{v_2} - \frac{(H-h) \tan(i_c) + H \tan(i_c)}{v_2} + \frac{H}{v_1 \cos(i_c)}$$

$$= \frac{x}{v_2} - \frac{(2H-h) \tan(i_c)}{v_2} + \frac{2H-h}{v_1 \cos(i_c)}$$

$$= \frac{x}{v_2} + (2H-h) \left[\frac{1}{v_1 \cos(i_c)} - \frac{\tan(i_c)}{v_2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{x}{v_2} + \frac{(2H-h)}{\cos(i_c)} \left[\frac{1}{v_1} - \frac{\tan(i_c)}{v_2} \right]$$

, aplico ley de Snell con i_c : $\frac{\sin(i_c)}{v_1} = \frac{\sin(i_r)}{v_2}$

$$t_{rc} = \frac{x}{v_2} + \frac{(2H-h)}{\cos(i_c)} \left[\frac{1}{v_1} - \frac{v_1}{v_2 v_2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{x}{v_2} + \frac{(2H-h)}{\cos(i_c)} \left[\frac{1}{v_1} - \frac{1}{v_1} \left(\frac{v_1^2}{v_2^2} \right) \right]$$

$$t_{rc} = \frac{x}{v_2} + \frac{(2H-h)}{\cos(\alpha)} \left[\frac{1 - \sin^2(\alpha)}{v_1} \right]$$

$$= \frac{x}{v_2} + \frac{(2H-h)}{\cos(\alpha)} \frac{\cos^2(\alpha)}{v_1} = \frac{x}{v_2} + \frac{(2H-h)\cos(\alpha)}{v_1}$$

* ahora usando: $\cos^2(\alpha) = 1 - \sin^2(\alpha)$ y $\sin(\alpha) = \frac{v_1}{v_2}$

$$\Rightarrow \cos(\alpha) = \sqrt{1 - \frac{v_1^2}{v_2^2}} = \frac{1}{v_2} \sqrt{v_2^2 - v_1^2}$$

$$t_{rc} = \frac{x}{v_2} + \frac{(2H-h)}{v_1} \sqrt{1 - \frac{v_1^2}{v_2^2}} = \frac{x}{v_2} + \frac{(2H-h)}{v_1 v_2} \sqrt{v_2^2 - v_1^2}$$

b) tiempo onda directa:

$$t_e = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + h^2}}{v_1}$$

c) $H^?$, sabemos $\Delta t = 0.706 \text{ s} = t_d - t_{rc}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{v_2} + \frac{(2H-h)}{v_1 v_2} \sqrt{v_2^2 - v_1^2} - \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + h^2}}{v_1} = 0.706$$

, introducimos valores: $H = 29.6 \text{ Km.}$