

P1

$$a) \cdot m_A = \frac{m_A}{P_{MA}} = \frac{5,2 \text{ [g]}}{3 P_{MB} \text{ [g/mol]}} = \frac{1,733}{P_{MB}} \text{ [moles]}$$

$$\cdot m_B = \frac{m_B}{P_{MB}} = \frac{6,5 \text{ [g]}}{P_{MB} \text{ [g/mol]}} = \frac{6,5}{P_{MB}} \text{ [moles]}$$

$$\cdot m_T = m_A + m_B = \frac{1,733 + 6,5}{P_{MB}} = \frac{8,233}{P_{MB}} \text{ [moles]}$$

$$\Rightarrow X_A = \frac{m_A}{m_T} = \frac{\left(\frac{1,733}{P_{MB}}\right)}{\left(\frac{8,233}{P_{MB}}\right)} = \boxed{0,211 = X_A}$$

$$\Rightarrow X_B = 1 - X_A = 1 - 0,211 = \boxed{0,789 = X_B}$$

• luego Por Raoult y dalton:

$$\cdot P_T = P_A + P_B$$

$$\cdot P_i = X_i \cdot P_i^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow P_T = X_A P_A^\circ + X_B P_B^\circ \quad / \quad P_A^\circ \rightarrow 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{P_T = 0,211 \cdot 150 = 118,42 \text{ [mmHg]}}$$

$$b) \quad P_T = P_B^\circ \cdot X_B + P_C^\circ \cdot X_C$$

$$\Rightarrow P_T = 150 \cdot X_B + 90 \cdot X_C \quad / \quad X_B + X_C = 1 \Rightarrow X_B = 1 - X_C$$

$$\Rightarrow P_T = 150(1 - X_C) + 90 X_C \quad / \quad P_T = P_{T(a)} = 118,42$$

$$\therefore \boxed{X_C = 0,526}$$

• luego, como :

$$X_c = \frac{m_c}{m_t} = \frac{m_c / \rho_{M_c}}{m_c / \rho_{M_c} + m_B / \rho_{M_B}}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0,526 = \frac{m_c / 80}{m_c / 80 + 6,5 / 60}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{m_c = 9,63 \text{ [g]}} //$$

P2

Calculamos P_{vapor}° a 30°C

$$\cdot \log_{10} P_B^{\circ} = 6,906 - \frac{1211}{30+220,8} \Rightarrow P_B^{\circ} = 119,52 \text{ [torr]}$$

$$\cdot \log_{10} P_T^{\circ} = 6,9533 - \frac{1343,9}{30+219,38} \Rightarrow P_T^{\circ} = 36,67 \text{ [torr]}$$

$$\cdot \text{equimolar} \Rightarrow n_B = n_T \Rightarrow X_B = X_T = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\cdot \text{Raoult} \Rightarrow P_i = X_i P_i^{\circ} \Rightarrow P_B = 0,5 \cdot 119,52 = 59,76 \text{ [torr]}$$

$$P_T = 0,5 \cdot 36,67 = 18,335 \text{ [torr]}$$

$$\cdot \text{Luego como } P_T = \sum P_i \Rightarrow P_{\text{TOTAL}} = P_B + P_T = 59,76 + 18,335 \\ \therefore \underline{P_{\text{TOTAL}} = 78,095 \text{ [torr]}}$$

$$\cdot \text{Dalton} \Rightarrow P_i = Y_i \cdot P_T \Rightarrow Y_i = P_i / P_T$$

$$\Rightarrow Y_B = \frac{P_B}{P_{\text{TOTAL}}} = \frac{59,76}{78,095} = \underline{0,765} \quad ; \quad Y_T + Y_B = 1 \Rightarrow Y_T = 1 - 0,765 \\ \therefore \underline{Y_T = 0,235}$$