

CI 4201 - HORMIGÓN ESTRUCTURAL
AUXILIAR C1

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P1.

Se solicita diseñar una viga rectangular simplemente apoyada para una luz de 8.0 m. Considere lo siguiente:

- Sobrecarga $w_L = 20 \text{ kN/m}$
- Carga muerta adicional $w_D = 9 \text{ kN/m}$
- Resistencia a compresión $f'_c = 35 \text{ MPa}$
- Tensión de fluencia acero $f_y = 420 \text{ MPa}$
- Cuantía máxima $\rho = 0.5 \rho_b$
- Considere $h/b = 2$
- $d/h = 0.9$
- $U = 1.2 D + 1.6 L$
- $\phi = 0.9$

Para las mismas condiciones indicadas en la parte (a). Determine las armaduras a flexión para una viga de 475 mm de alto y 300 mm de ancho, con una altura útil $d = 410 \text{ mm}$ y $d_p = 65 \text{ mm}$.

P2

Considere una viga doblemente empotrada con una luz de 11 m y una sobrecarga de $w_L = 30 \text{ kN/m}$ (incluya además la carga de peso propio):

- (a) Determine el momento solicitante mayorado (positivo y negativo) y verifique la capacidad a flexión considerando:
- (b) Sólo la armadura en tracción
- (c) Ambas armaduras
- (d) Compare las capacidades obtenidas en (b) y (c)

Considere:

- Armadura superior $4\phi 32$
- Armadura inferior $3\phi 28$
- $f'_c = 25 \text{ MPa}$
- $f_y = 420 \text{ MPa}$
- $b = 350 \text{ mm}$
- $h = 700 \text{ mm}$
- $d = 635 \text{ mm}$
- $d' = 65 \text{ mm}$
- $U = 1.2 D + 1.6 L$
- $\phi = 0.9$

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P11

$$\beta = 0.5 \beta_b$$

$$\beta_b = 0.0338 \rightarrow \beta = 0.0169$$

$$\rightarrow R = 6.28$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mu_u &= R b d^2 = R \cdot 0.5 h \cdot (0.9 h)^2 \\ &= 6.28 \cdot 0.405 h^3 \\ &= 2.543 h^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\mu_o = \frac{\omega_o L^2}{8} \quad \mu_o \leq \phi \mu_u$$

$$\begin{aligned} \omega_o &= 1.2 \cdot (j_u \cdot b \cdot h + \omega_p) + 1.6 \omega_L \\ &= 1.2 \cdot (25 \cdot 0.5 \cdot h^2 + 8) + 1.6 \cdot 20 \\ &= 15 h^2 + 10.8 + 32 \\ &= 15 h^2 + 42.8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \mu_o &= \frac{(15 h^2 + 42.8) \cdot 8^2}{8} \\ &= 120 h^2 + 342.4 \end{aligned}$$

Luego (378.7)

$$10^6 \cdot (120 h^2 + 342.4) \leq 0.9 \cdot 2.543 h^3$$

$$\Rightarrow 120 h^2 \times 10^6 + 342.4 \times 10^6 \leq 2.289 h^3$$

ou b igualdad

$$\Rightarrow 2.289 h^3 - 120 h^2 - 342.4 \times 10^6 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow h = 548 \text{ mm}$$

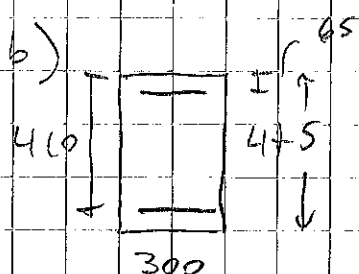
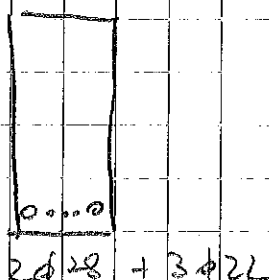
$$\Rightarrow h \approx 550 \text{ mm}$$

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$$\Rightarrow \rho = \frac{A_s}{b d} \Rightarrow A_s = \rho b d = 0.0169 \cdot 275 \cdot 0.9 \cdot 550$$

$$\Rightarrow A_s = 2300 \text{ mm}^2$$

4 ϕ 28 (2463)
5 ϕ 28 + 3 ϕ 22 (2372)



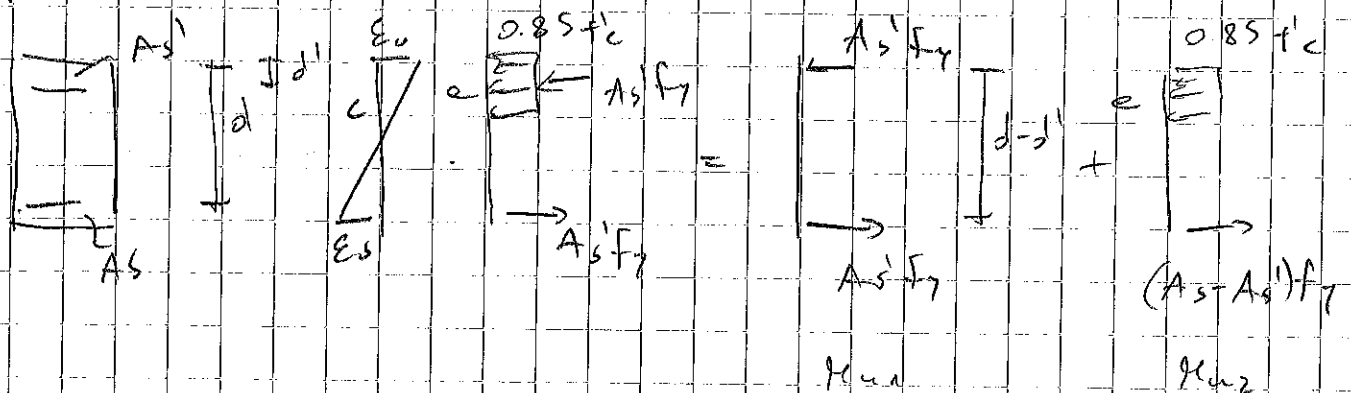
$$\omega_0 = 1.2 (25 \cdot 0.475 \cdot 0.3 + 9) + 1.6 \cdot 20 = 47.075$$

$$\Rightarrow M_0 = \frac{\omega_0 L^2}{8} = 376.6 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$\rho = 0.0169$$

$$M_n = \rho b d^2 = 6.28 \cdot 300 \cdot 410^2 = 316.7 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$M_0 > \phi M_n \Rightarrow$ requires addition of compression



$$M_{u1} = A_s f_y (d - d') \quad (\text{supuesto fluencia})$$

$$M_{u2} = (A_s - A_s') f_y \left(d - \frac{a}{2}\right)$$

Diseño

$$\rho_{\max} = 0.5 \rho_b \Rightarrow A_s = \rho_b d = 0.0169 \cdot 300 \cdot 410$$

$$\Rightarrow A_s = 2079 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow M_u = 316.7 \text{ kNm} = M_{u2}$$

$$M_{u1} = \frac{M_u}{\phi} - M_{u2} = \frac{376.6}{0.8} - 316.7$$

$$\Rightarrow M_{u1} = 101.7 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{u1} = \underbrace{A_s'}_{\text{supuesto}} f_y (d - d') = A_s' \cdot 420 (410 - 65)$$

$$\Rightarrow A_s' = 702 \text{ mm}^2$$

cantidad que asegura fluencia del acero en compresión

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$$\bar{\rho}_{cr} = 0.85 \beta_1 \frac{f'_c}{f_y} \frac{600}{600 - f_y} \frac{d'}{d} + \rho'$$

$$= 0.85 \cdot 0.85 \cdot \frac{35}{420} \cdot \frac{600}{600 - 420} \cdot \frac{65}{410} + \frac{702}{300 \cdot 410}$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{\rho}_{cr} = 0.036$$

$$\rho = \frac{2079 + 702}{300 \cdot 410} = 0.023 < \bar{\rho}_{cr} \Rightarrow A_s' \text{ no fluye}$$

luego

$$Q = \frac{(A_s - A_s') f_y}{0.85 \cdot f'_c \cdot b} = \frac{2079 - 420}{0.85 \cdot 35 \cdot 300} = 98 \text{ mm}$$

$$c = \frac{Q}{\beta_1 \cdot 0.85} = 121 \text{ mm}$$

$$f_s' = \epsilon_u \cdot E_s \cdot \frac{(c - d')}{c} = 0.003 \cdot 200000 \cdot \frac{(121 - 65)}{121}$$

$$= 278 \text{ MPa}$$

$$A_s' f = A_s' \frac{f_y}{f_s'} = \frac{702 \cdot 420}{278}$$

$$= 1062 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$M_{ac} = A_s' \cdot f_s \cdot (d - d') = 1062 \cdot 278 \cdot (410 - 65)$$

$$= 101.8 \text{ kN} \cdot \text{m}$$

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$$\phi M_u = 0.9 (316.7 + 101.8) = 376.7 > M_o = 376.6$$

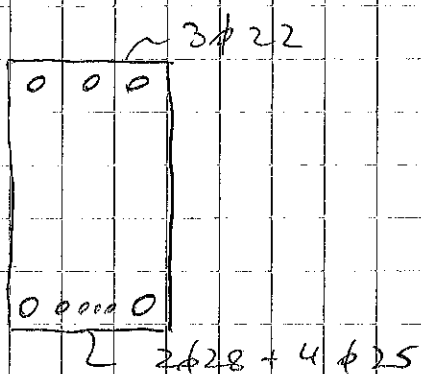
$$A_s = 2079 + 1062$$

$$= 3141 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$2\phi 28 + 4\phi 25 (3185)$$

$$A_s' = 1062 \text{ mm}^2$$

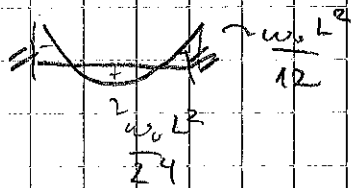
$$3\phi 22 (1140)$$



P21

(a) Soluciones

$$w_u = 1.2 \cdot (25 \cdot 0.35 \cdot 0.7) + 1.6 \cdot 30 \\ = 55.35 \text{ kN/m}$$



$$M_{u, \text{Apoyo}} = \frac{55.35 \cdot 11^2}{12} = 558 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{u, \text{centro}} = \frac{M_{u, \text{Apoyo}}}{2} = 279 \text{ kNm}$$

(b) Sólo armadura a tracción

Centro

$$A_s = 1847 \quad (3 \phi 28)$$

$$M_u = A_s f_y \left(d - \frac{a}{2} \right)$$

$$a = \frac{A_s f_y}{0.85 f'_c b} = \frac{1847 \cdot 420}{0.85 \cdot 25 \cdot 350} = 104 \text{ mm}$$

$$\Rightarrow M_u = 1847 \cdot 420 \left(635 - \frac{104}{2} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow M_u = 452 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\phi M_u = 407 \text{ kNm} > M_o = 279 \text{ kNm}$$

Apoyo

$$A_s = 3247 \quad (4 \phi 32)$$

$$\Rightarrow a = 182 \text{ mm}$$

$$\Rightarrow M_u = 3217 \cdot 420 \left(635 - \frac{182}{2} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow M_u = 735 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\phi M_u = 662 \text{ kNm} > \phi_c = 558 \text{ kNm}$$

(c) considerando armadura a compresión

control

$$A_s = 1847$$

$$A_s' = 3217$$

$$M_u = A_s' f_y (d - d') + (A_s - A_s') f_y \left(d - \frac{a}{2} \right)$$

$$a = \frac{(A_s - A_s') f_y}{0.85 f_c' b} < 0 \Rightarrow f_s' < f_y \quad (\text{acero no fluye})$$

Equilibrio Fuerzas

$$\Rightarrow A_s f_y = 0.85 \beta_1 f_c' b \cdot c + A_s' E_u E_s \frac{c - d'}{c}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1847 \cdot 420 = 0.85 \cdot 0.85 \cdot 25380 \cdot c + 3217 \cdot 0.003 \cdot 200000 \cdot \frac{(c - 65)}{c}$$

$$\Rightarrow 775740 \cdot c = 6321 c^2 + 1930200 (c - 65)$$

$$\Rightarrow 6322 c^2 + 1154460 c - 125463000 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow c = 77 \text{ mm} \quad \Rightarrow a = 0.85 \cdot c = 65 \text{ mm}$$

65.45

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Luego

$$M_u = 0.85 \cdot f'_c \cdot a \cdot b \left(d - \frac{a}{2} \right) + A_s' f_s' (d - d')$$

$$= 0.85 \cdot 25 \cdot 65 \cdot 350 \left(635 - \frac{65}{2} \right) + 3217 \cdot 94 (635 - 65)$$

$$\epsilon_s' = \epsilon_u \frac{c - d'}{c} = 0.003 \cdot \frac{77 - 65}{77} = 0.00047$$

$$\Rightarrow f_s' = \epsilon_s' \cdot E_s = 94 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\Rightarrow M_u = 463.6 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$\phi M_u = 417.3 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} > 279 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} = M_o$$

Aproyo

$$A_s = 3217$$

$$A_s' = 1847$$

$$a = \frac{(A_s - A_s') F_y}{0.85 \cdot f'_c \cdot b} = 77$$

$$c = \frac{a}{\beta_1} = 91 \text{ mm}$$

$$\epsilon_s' = \epsilon_u \frac{c - d'}{c} = 0.0008 < \epsilon_y = 0.0021$$

$\Rightarrow$ Armadura en compresión no fluye

así mismo se

$$A_s f_y = 0.85 \beta_1 f'_c b \cdot c + A_s' \epsilon_u E_s \frac{c - d'}{c}$$

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$$\Rightarrow 3212 \cdot 420 = 0.85 \cdot 0.85 \cdot 25 \cdot 350 \cdot C + 1847 \cdot 0.003 \cdot \frac{(C-65) \cdot 200000}{C}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1351140 \cdot C = 6322 C^2 + 1108200 (C - 65)$$

$$\Rightarrow 6322 C^2 - 242840 C - 72033000 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow C = 128 \quad \Rightarrow a = 109 \text{ mm}$$

$$\epsilon_s' = \epsilon_u \cdot \frac{C-d'}{C} = 0.0015$$

$$\Rightarrow f_s' = \epsilon_s' \cdot E_s = 295 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\Rightarrow M_u = 0.85 \cdot 25 \cdot 109 \cdot 350 \left(635 - \frac{109}{2} \right) + 1847 \cdot 295 \cdot (635 - 65)$$

$$\Rightarrow M_u = 781.2 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$\phi M_u = 703.1 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} > M_0 = 558 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

(d)

	sin arm comp	con arm comp	Dif %
centro	452	464	2.5
Apoyo	735	781	5.8

\therefore In current results desirable