

# Meteorología Aplicada

- Pronóstico de corto plazo
  - Pronóstico Sinóptico
  - Predicción Climática
  - Evaluación de Recursos
  - Ingeniería de Viento
  - Calidad de Aire
- 
- Modelación numérica
  - Redes de monitoreo

U-Cursos :: x 173.224.111 x Google Resultados x Servicio Pro x Departamen x INFORMACI x Dirección Me x Servicio info x +

www.meteochile.gob.cl/reg05m.html

# Dirección General de Aeronáutica Civil Dirección Meteorológica de Chile

Colina

Santiago

## Pronóstico para la Región Metropolitana de Santiago

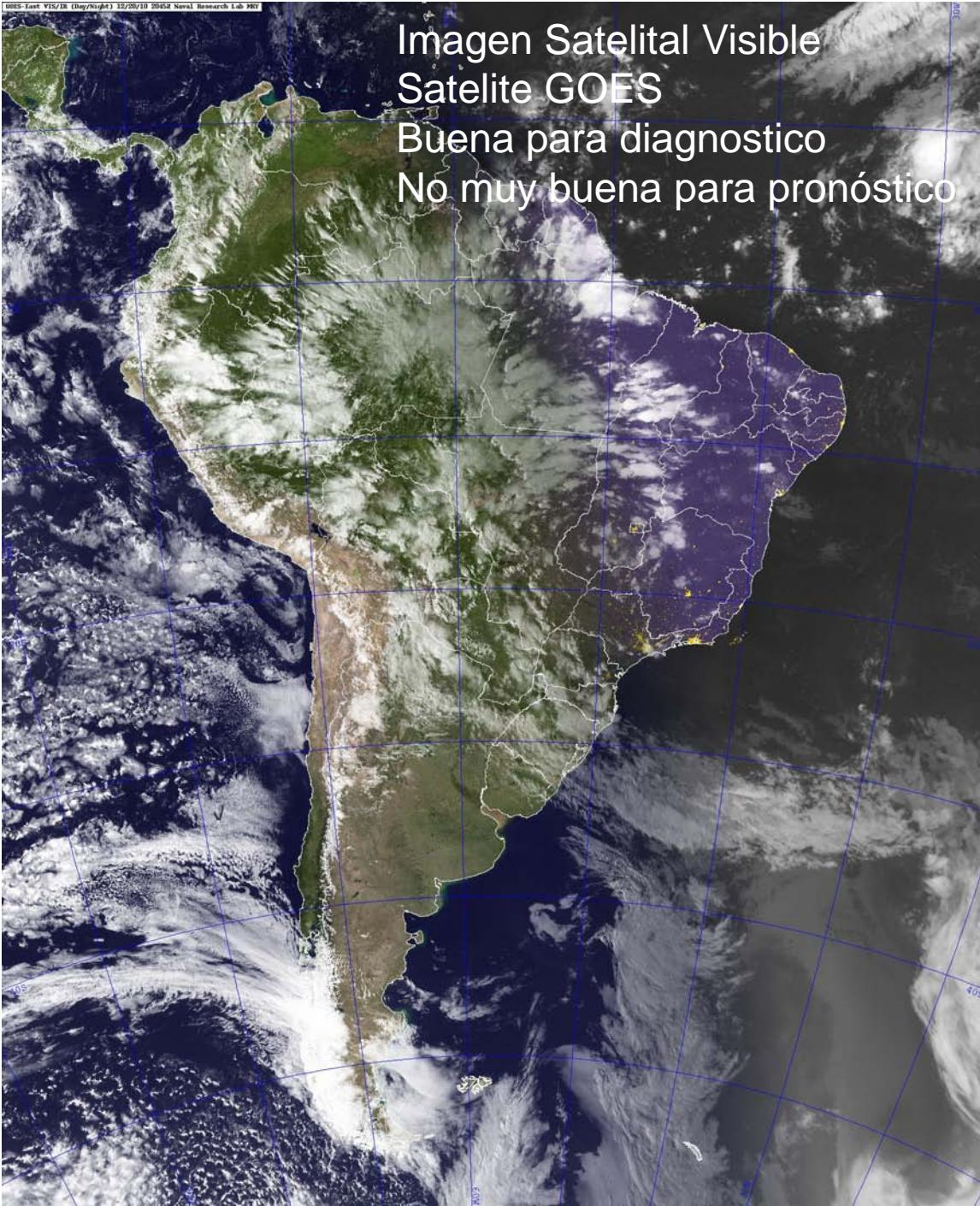
### Santiago Sector Centro

	max. 15°C		Nubosidad parcial variando a nublado
Miércoles 12	min. 8°C max. 15°C		Nublado y probables chubascos
Jueves 13	min. 4°C max. 18°C		Nubosidad parcial variando a despejado
Viernes 14	min. 5°C max. 21°C		Despejado
Sábado 15	min. 7°C max. 25°C		Despejado
Domingo 16			

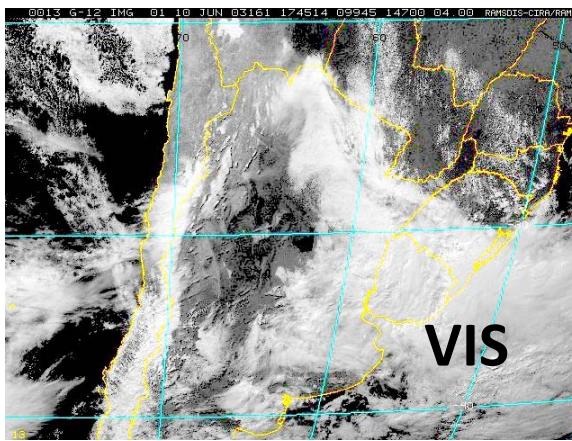
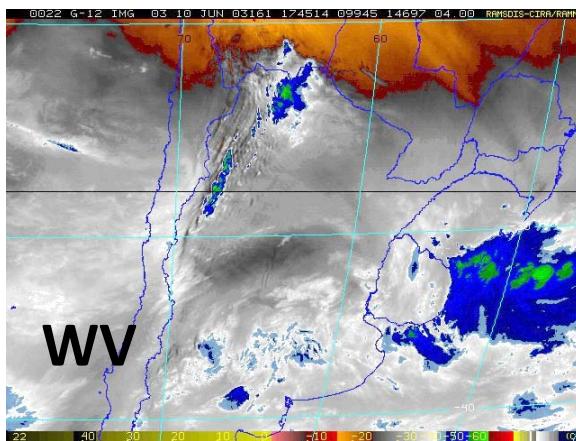
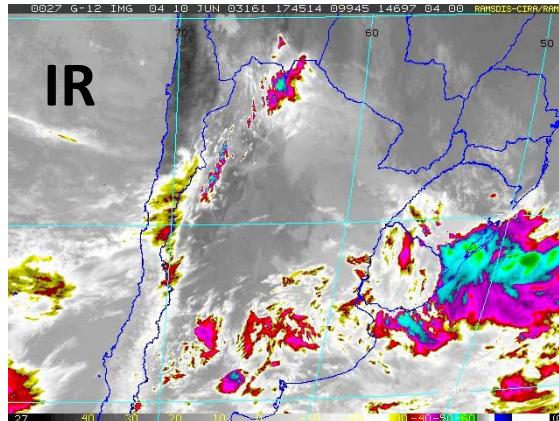
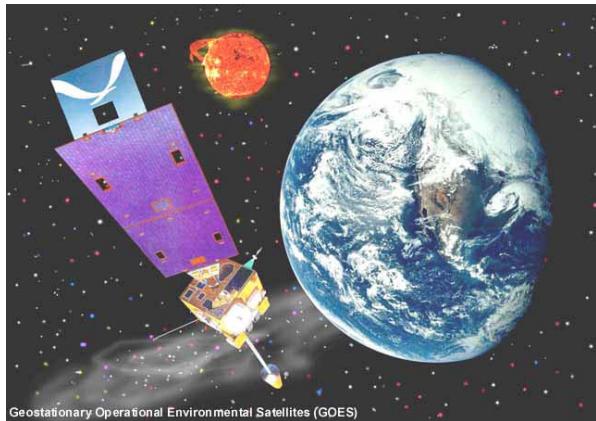
Información redactada el día Miércoles 12 a las 7:51 hrs

Inicio  
Pronóstico general  
Met. Aeronáutica  
Cam. Meteorológicas  
Imágenes Satelitales  
Precipitación - T°  
Radiación Ultravioleta  
Serv. Agrometeorológico  
El Niño - La Niña  
Climas de Chile  
Ayuda al estudiante  
Biblioteca  
Inst. Meteorológicos  
¿Quiénes somos?  
Oficina Comercial  
Comunicados de prensa  
Sitios de Interés

Imagen Satelital Visible  
Satelite GOES  
Buena para diagnostico  
No muy buena para pronóstico



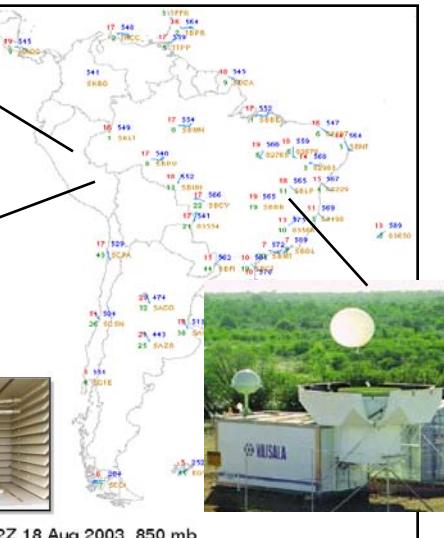
## GOES: Geostationary environmental satellite. Posee un radiometro multicanal: VIS, IR, WV



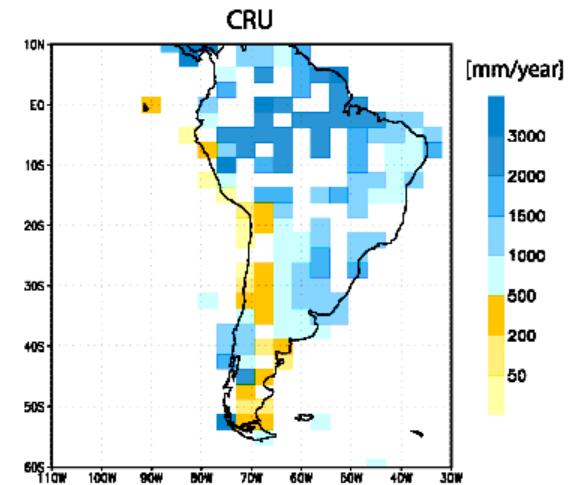
# DATA SOURCES AND PRODUCTS



Surface and Upper Air Observations

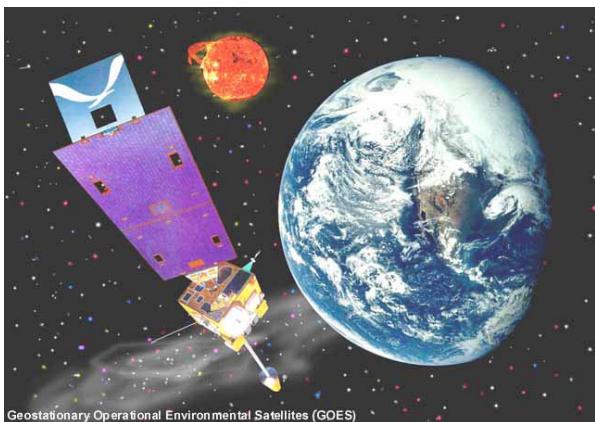


Gridded Analysis



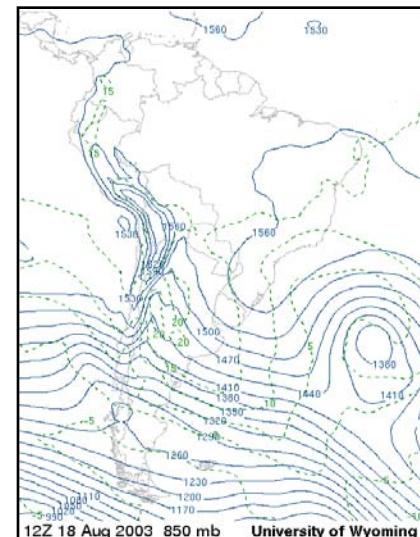
Gridding method

Satellite Products



Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellites (GOES)

Assimilation System Model



12Z 18 Aug 2003 850 mb

University of Wyoming

# Atmospheric circulation is governed by fluid dynamics equation + ideal gas thermodynamics

$$\frac{d\vec{V}}{dt} + f\hat{k} \times \vec{V} = -\frac{1}{\rho} \nabla p - \vec{F}_r + \vec{g}$$

Momentum eqn.

$$(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \vec{V} \cdot \nabla) T - S_p \omega = Q_{RAD} + Q_{Conv} + Q_{Sfc}$$

Energy eqn.

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{V} + \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial p} = 0$$

Mass eqn.

$$\frac{\partial(gz)}{\partial p} = -\frac{RT}{p}$$

Idea gas law

$$\frac{dq_v}{dt} = -C + E$$
$$\frac{dq_r}{dt} = +C - E + S_r$$

Water substance eqns.

Once selected the domain and grid, the numerical integration uses finite differences in time and space

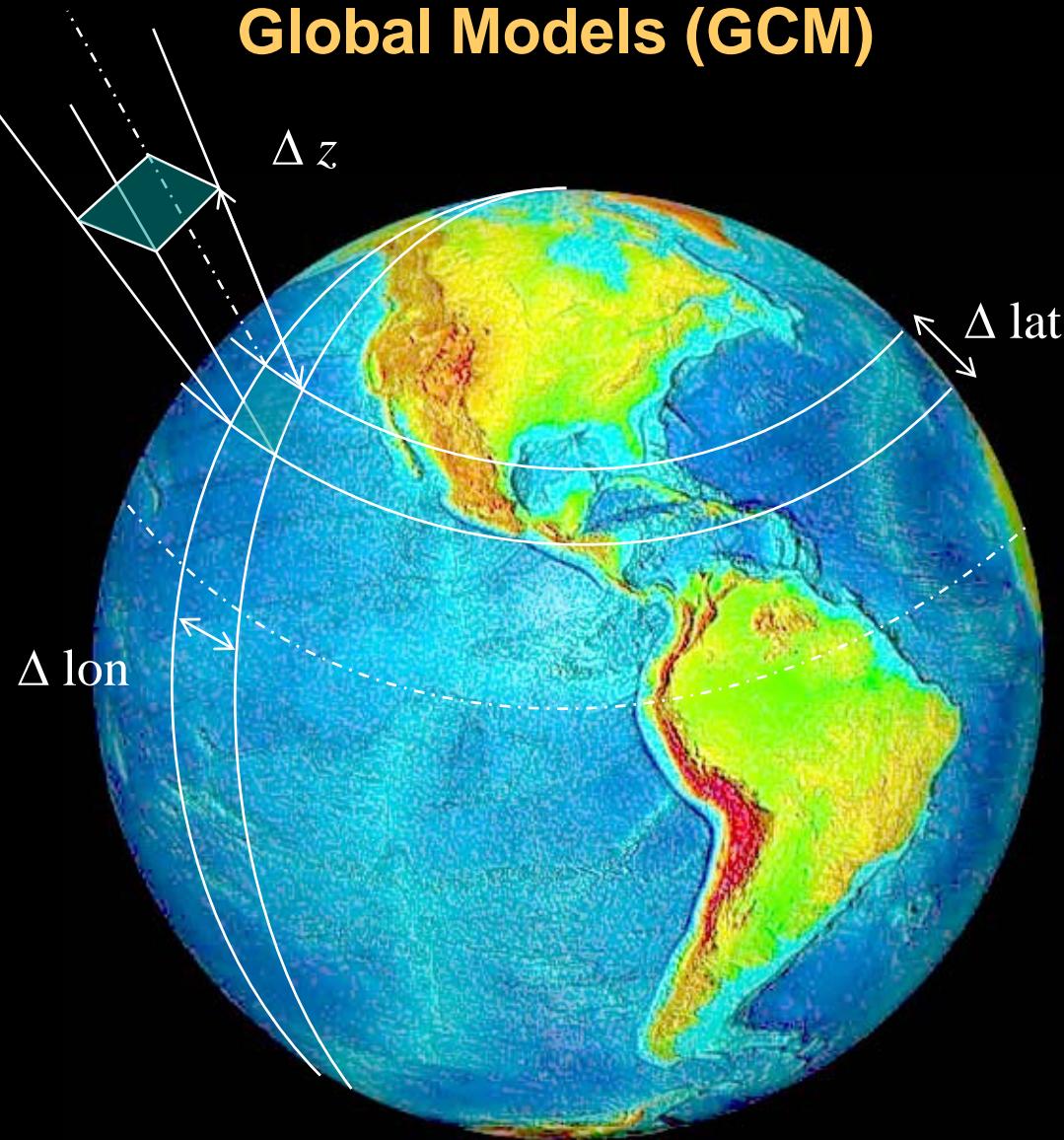
$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} = Q_{diab}$$

Numerical method  
(stable & efficient)

$$\frac{T_{t+1}^i - T_{t-1}^i}{\Delta t} + u_{t-1}^i \frac{T_t^{i+1} - T_t^{i-1}}{\Delta x} = Q_{diab}$$

Sub-grid processes must be parameterized, that is specified in term of large-scale variables

# Global Models (GCM)



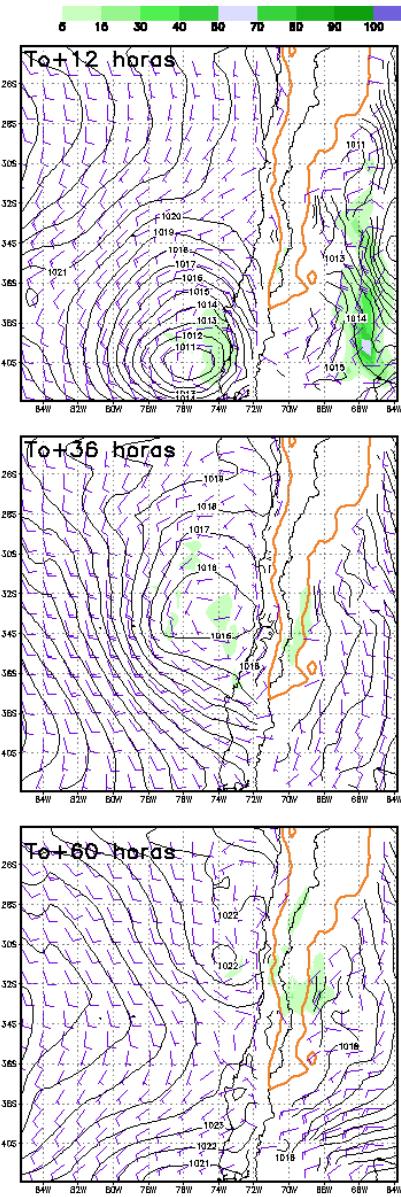
$\Delta\text{lat} \sim \Delta\text{lon} \sim 1^\circ - 3^\circ$

$\Delta z \sim 1 \text{ km}$

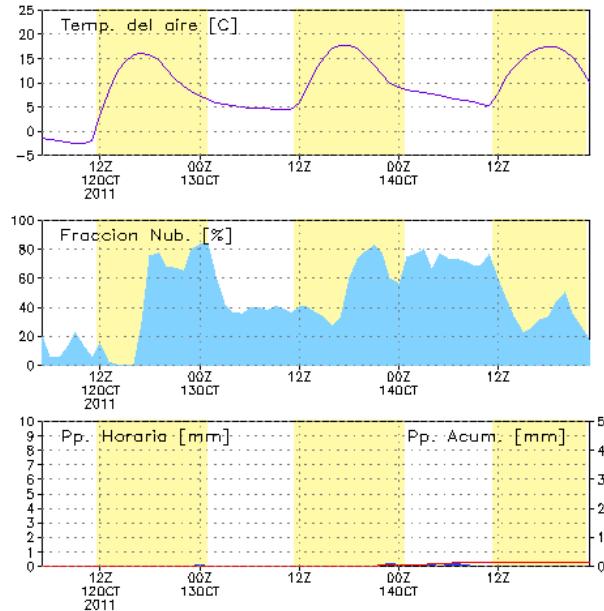
$\Delta t \sim \text{ minutes-hours}$

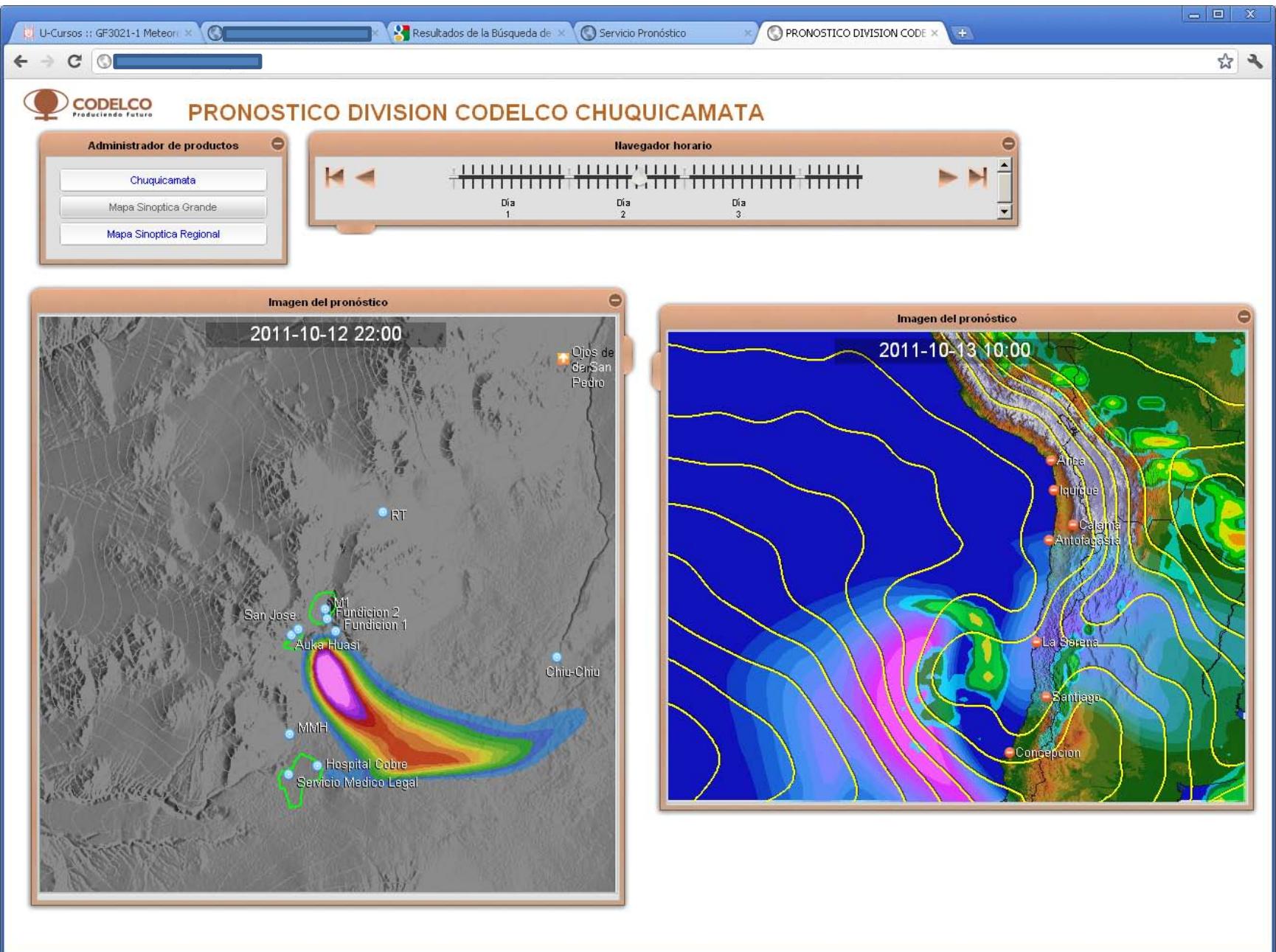
Top of atmosphere: 15-50 km

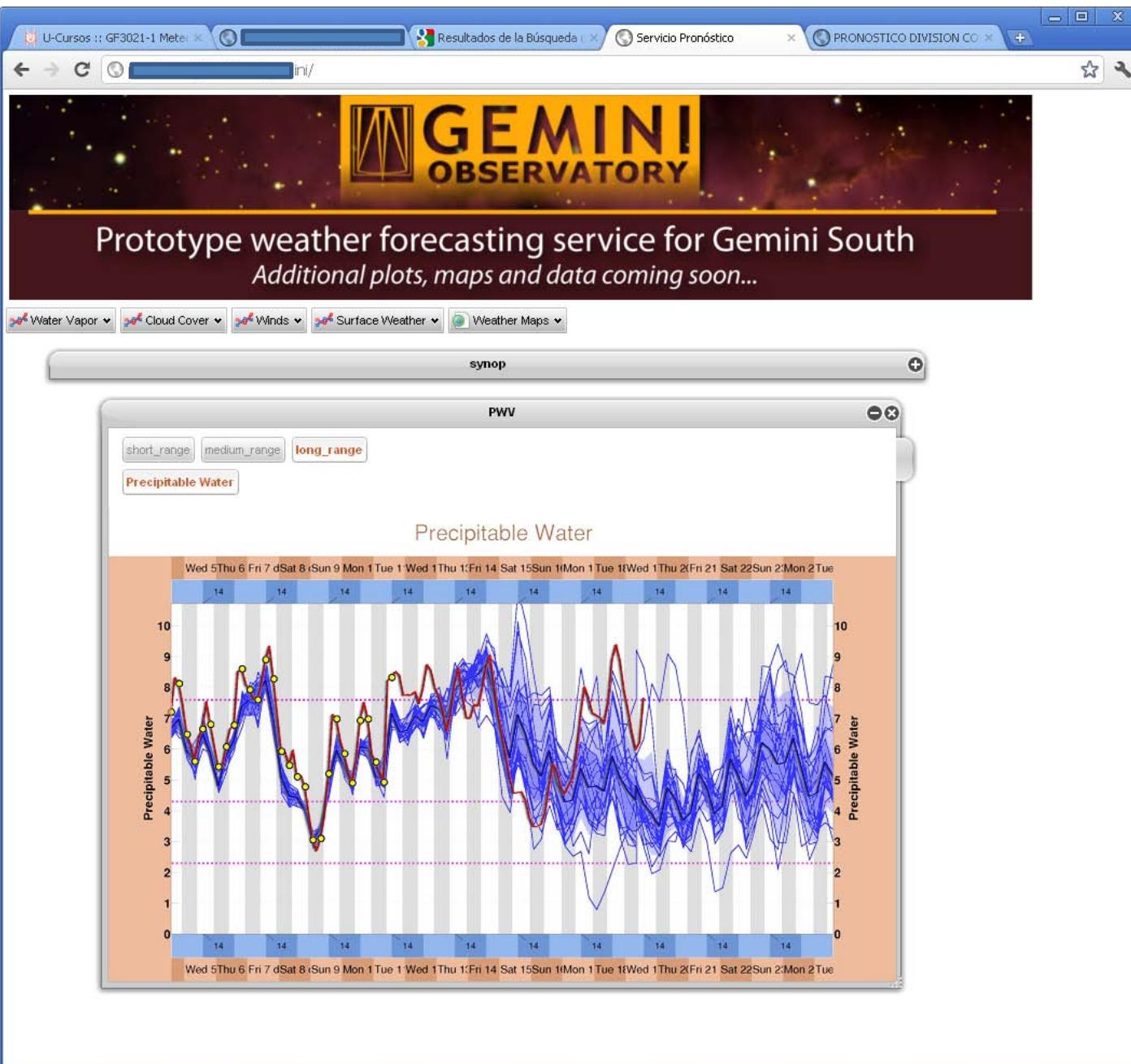
Inicialización del modelo T0: 00Z12OCT2011

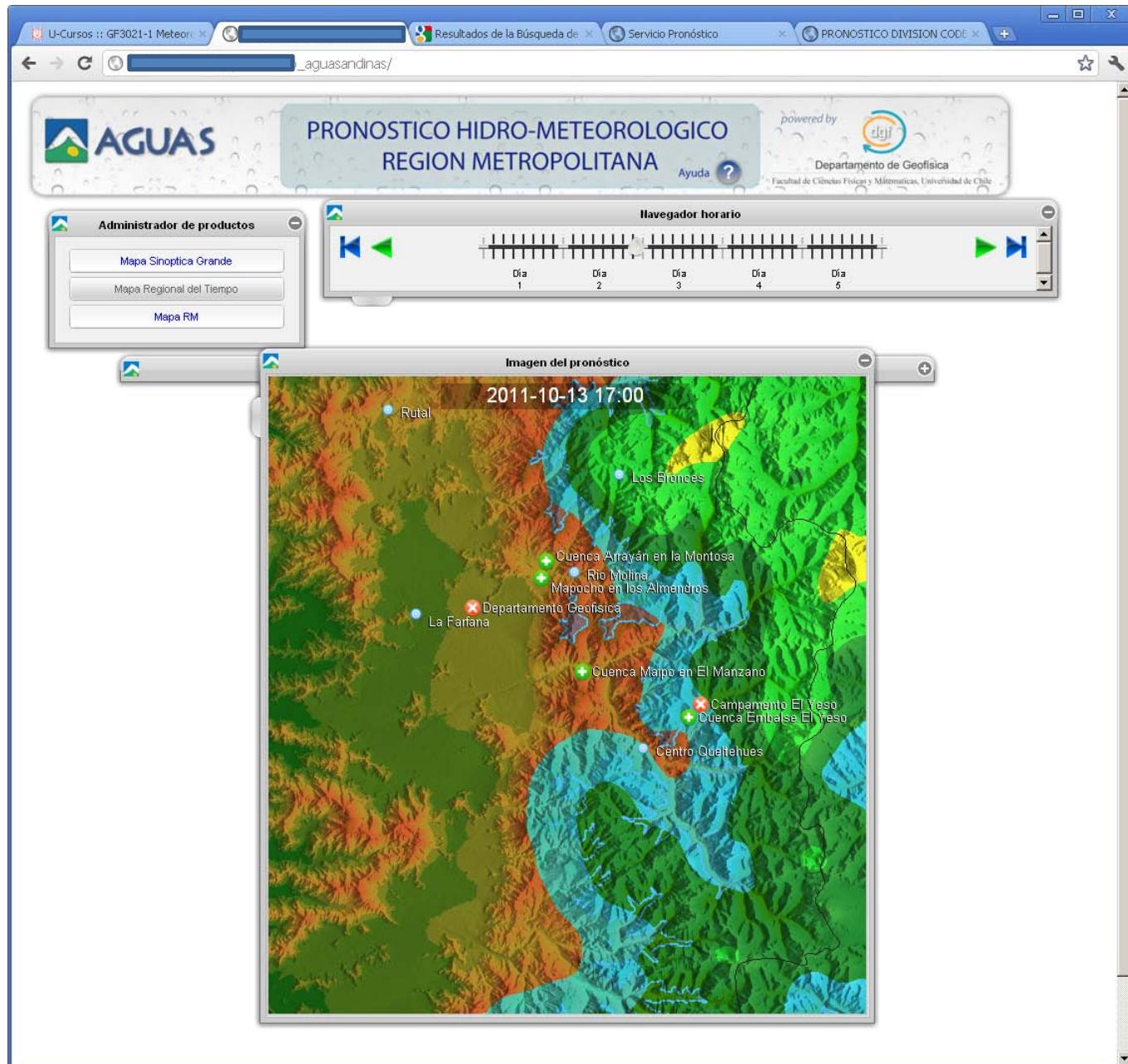


Meteograma Santiago (33.5S, 70.7W)





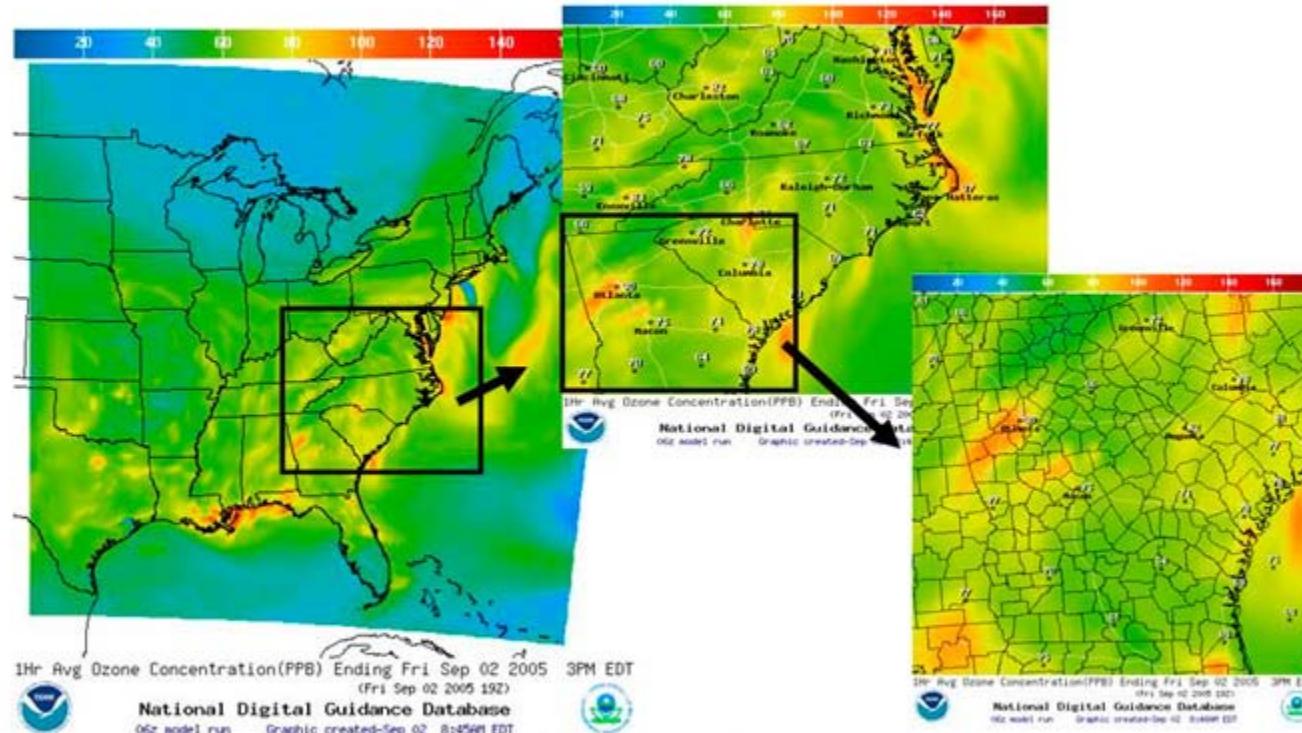






## Sample AQ forecast guidance

[www.weather.gov/aq](http://www.weather.gov/aq)

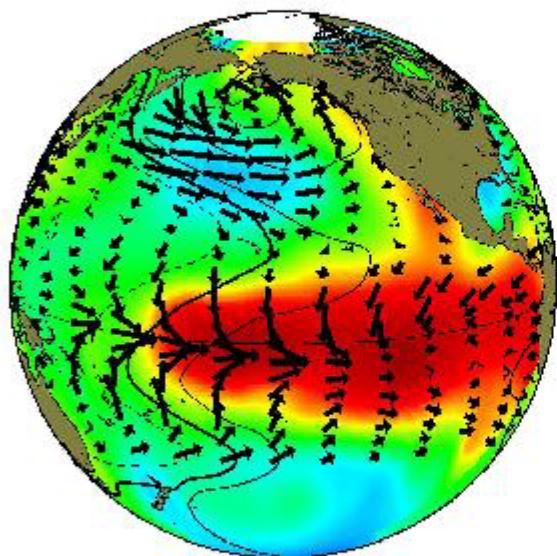


Further information

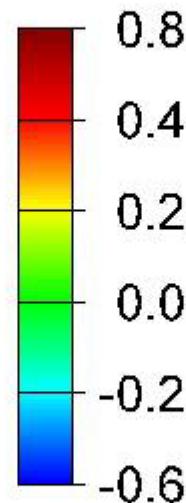
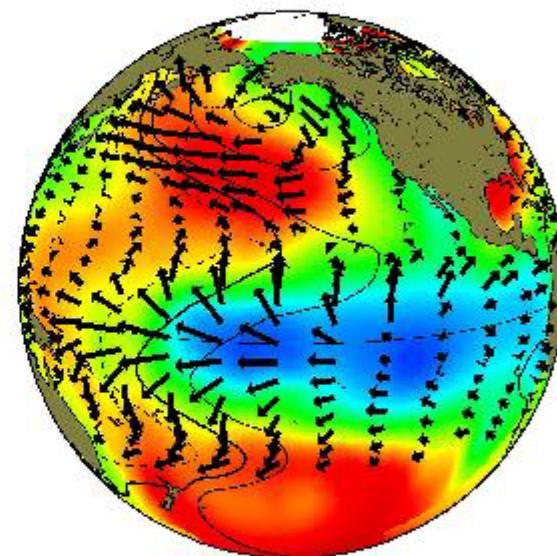
[www.nws.noaaa.gov/ost/air\\_quality](http://www.nws.noaaa.gov/ost/air_quality)

# El Nino Southern Oscillation

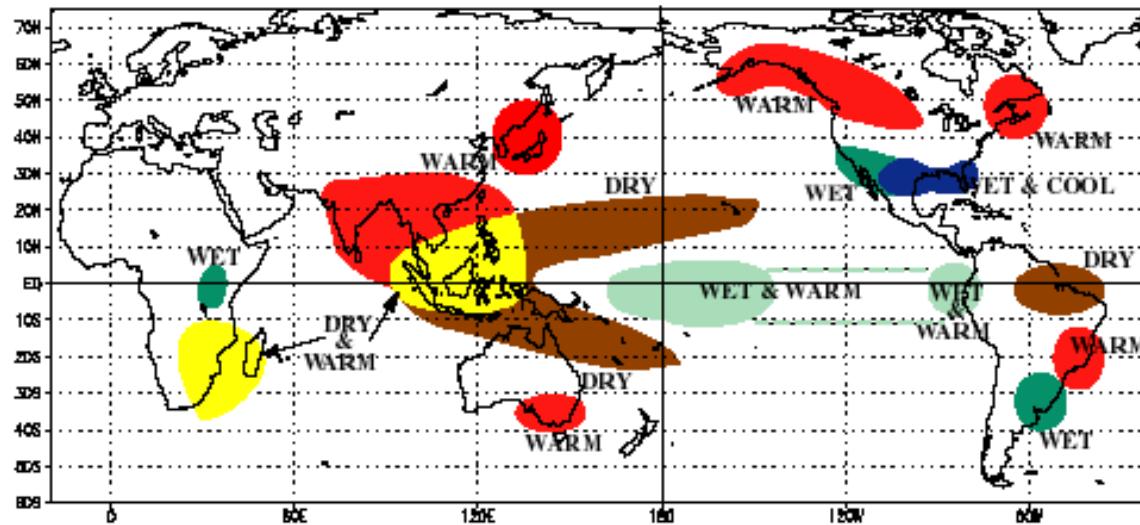
El Nino



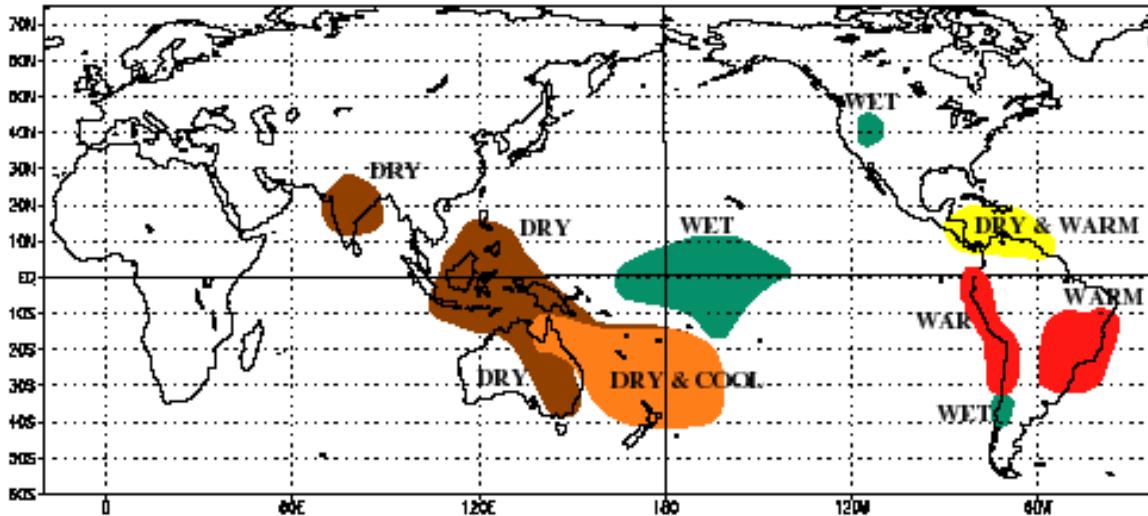
La Niña



# Impactos climáticos de El Niño



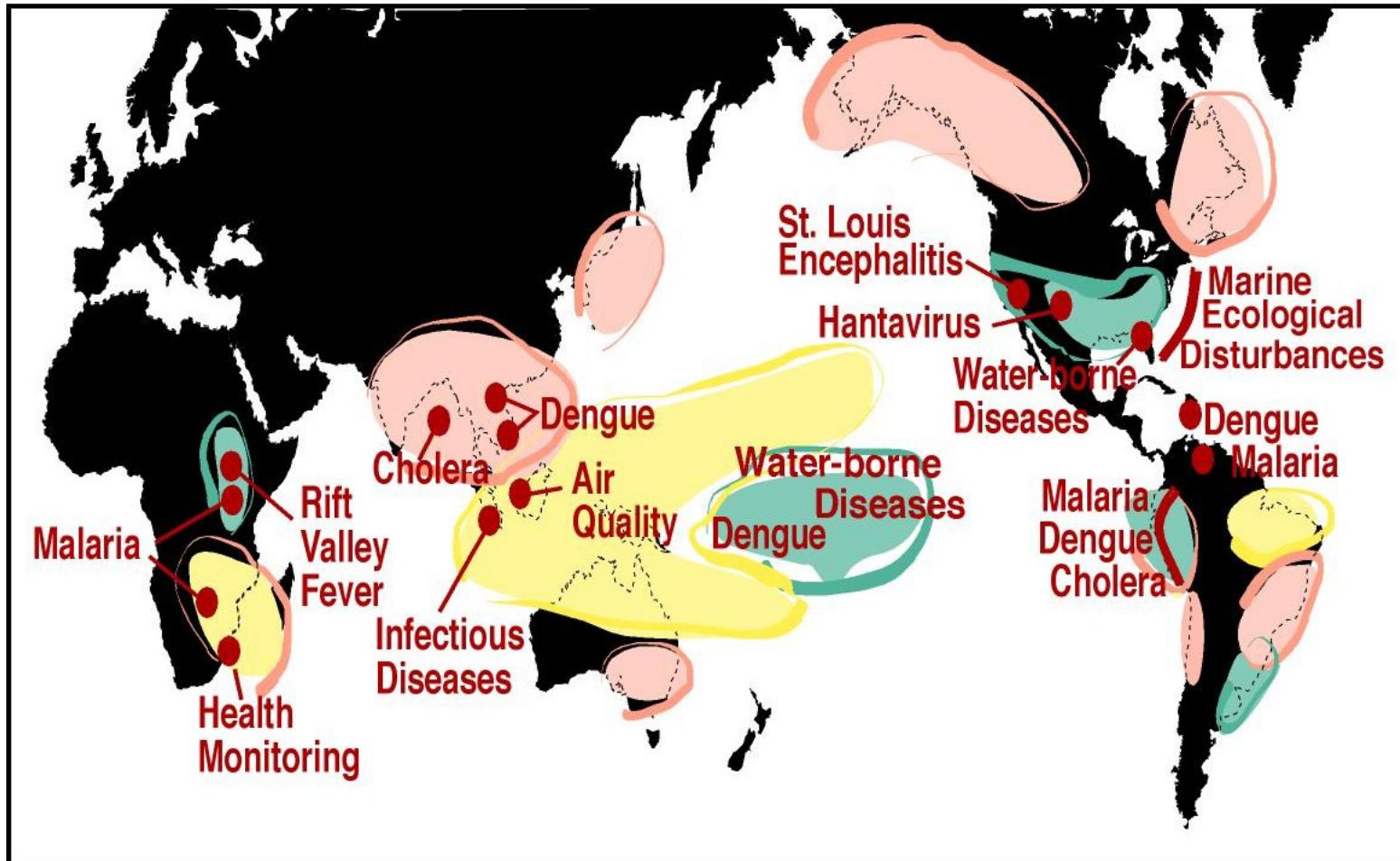
verano



invierno

Ref: CPC/NCEP/NOAA

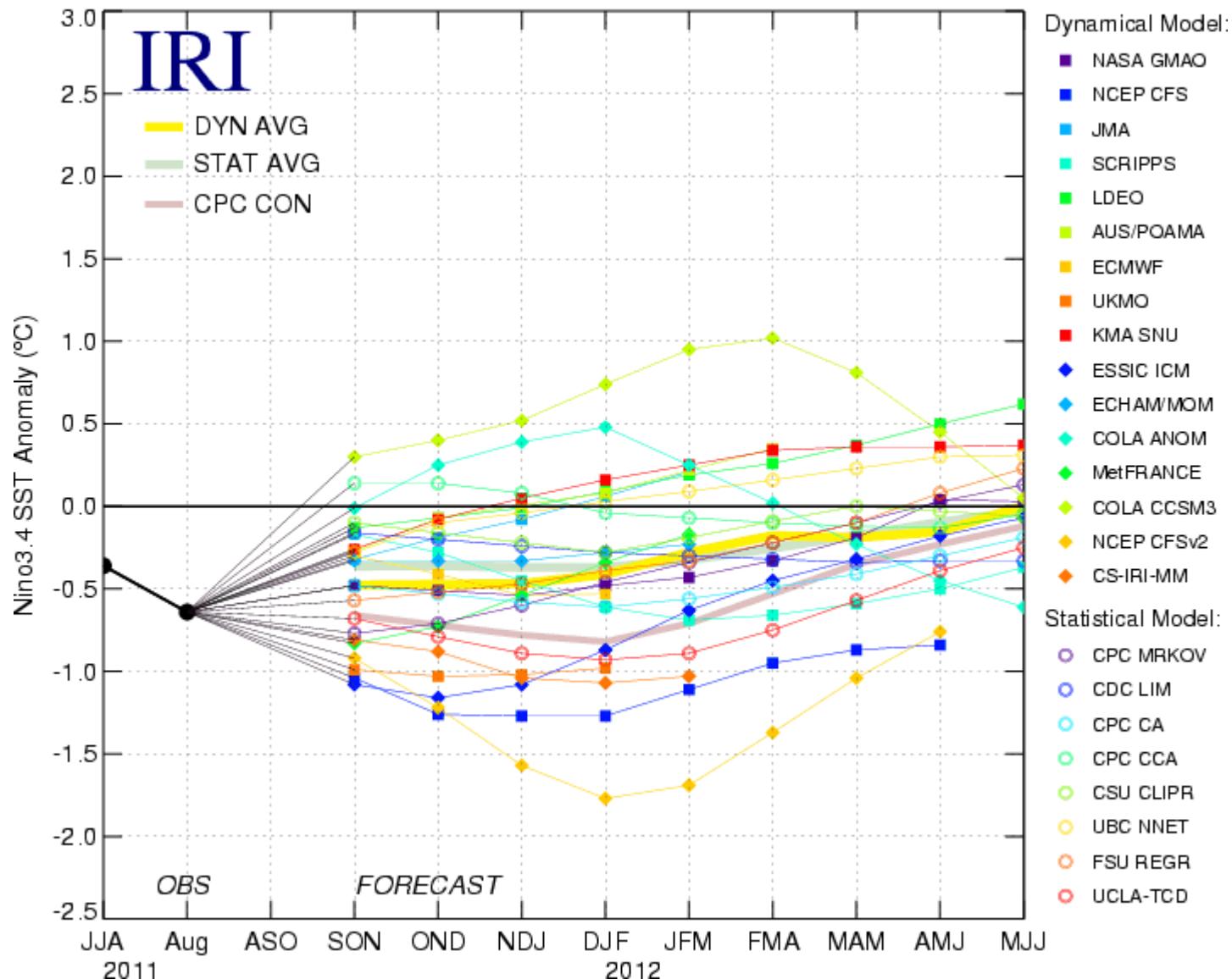
# Exploring the Linkages between the El Niño-Southern Oscillation (ENSO) and Human Health

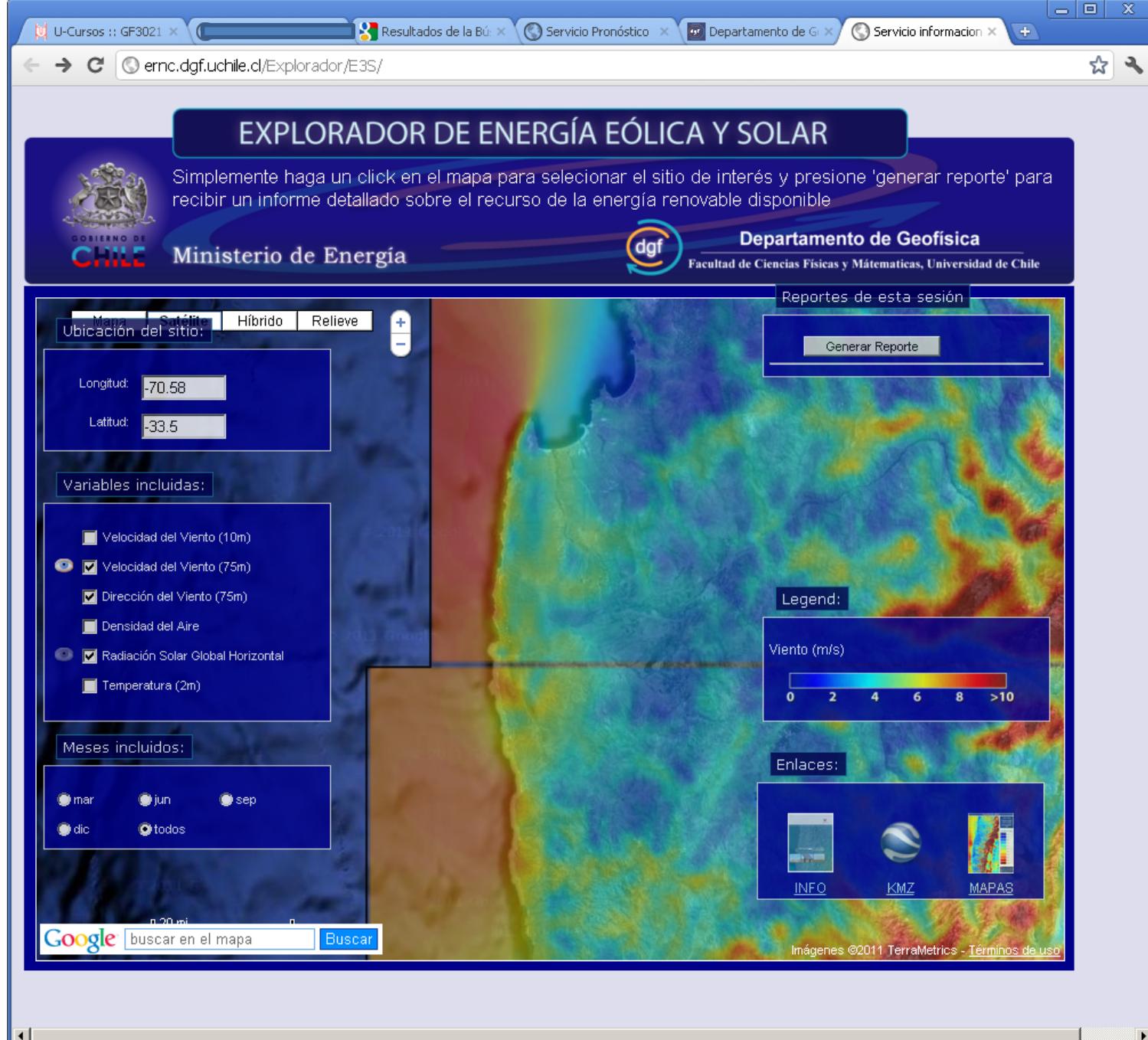


## Generalized El Niño-Southern Oscillation (ENSO) Impacts

= DRY	= DRY & WARM
= WET	= WET & WARM
= WARM	= WET & COOL

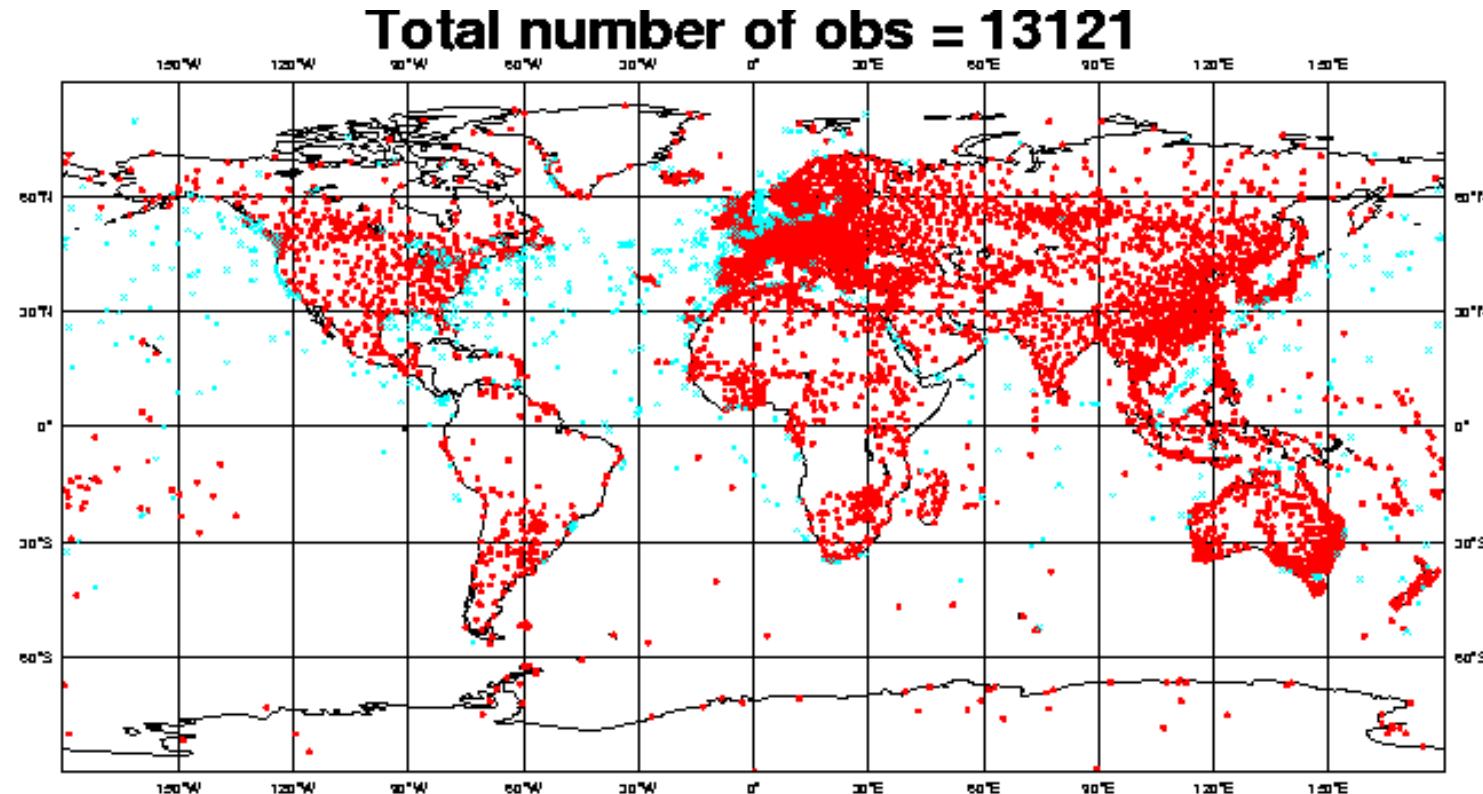
## Model Predictions of ENSO from Sep 2011



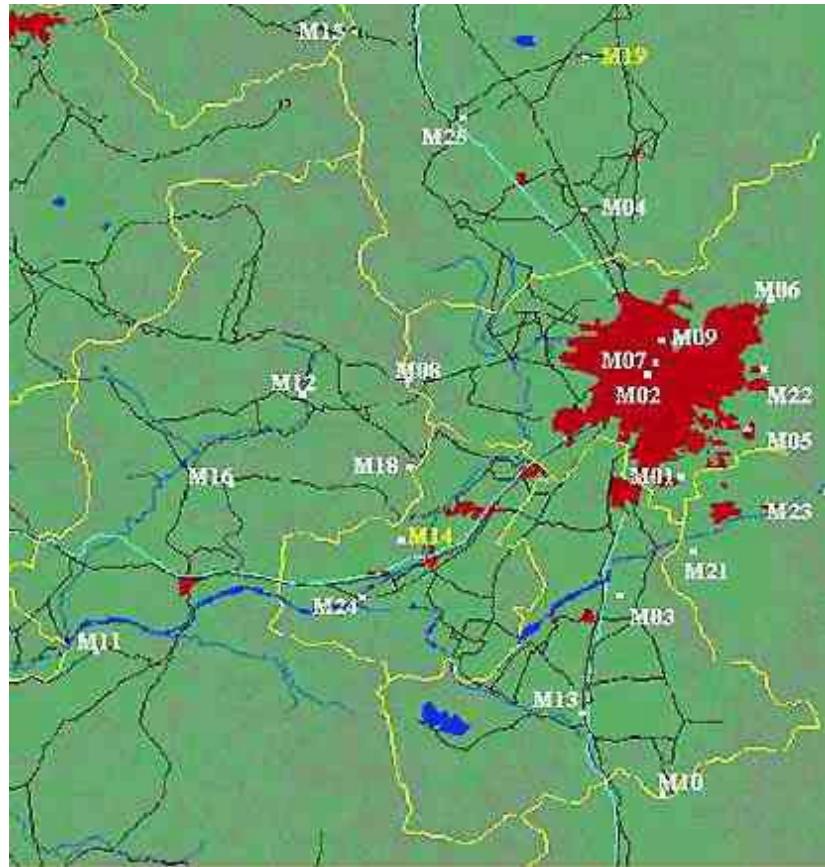


## Red de estaciones de Sinópticas en Superficie (tierra + oceanos)

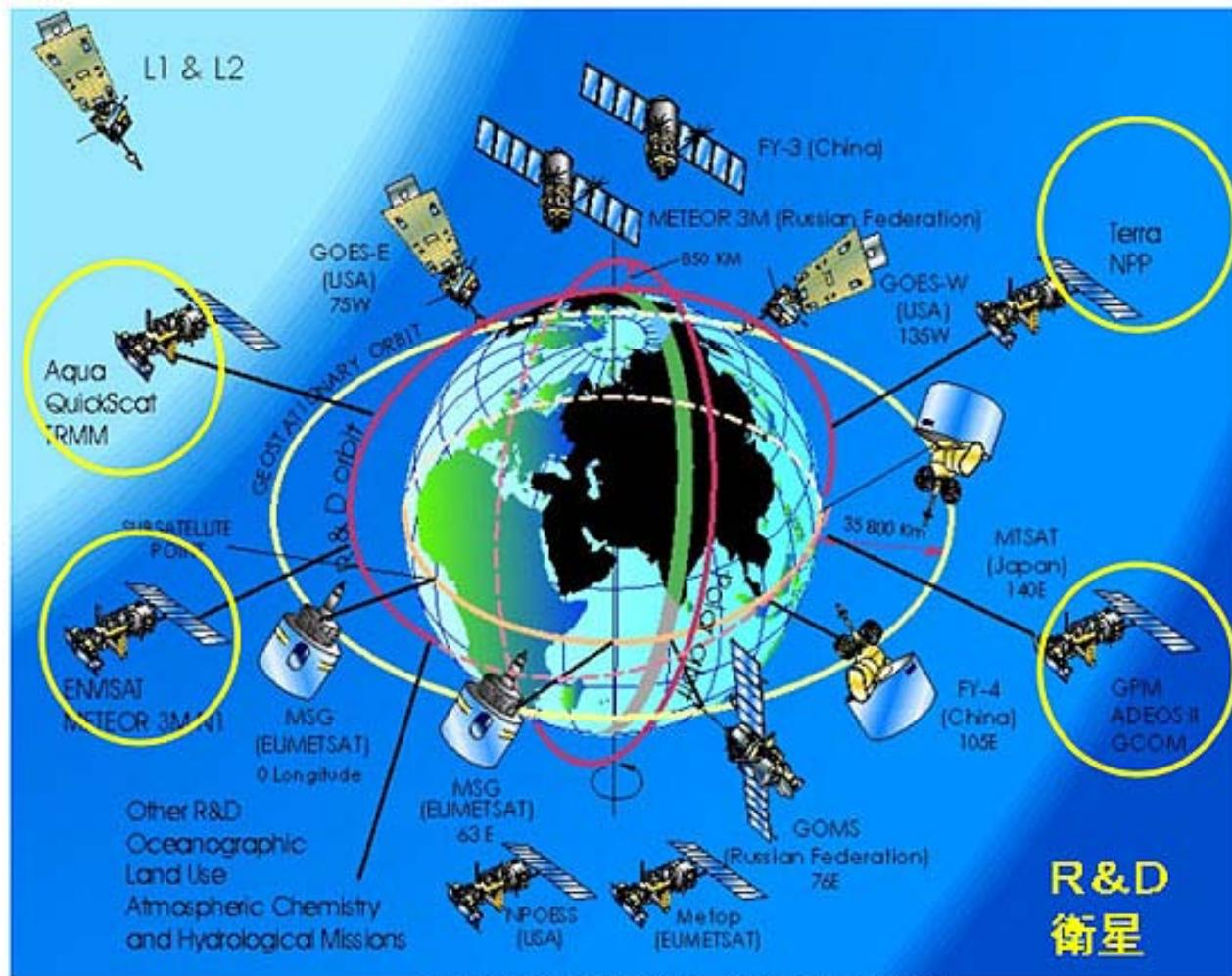
Observaciones met. cada 6 horas (UTC): 0, 6, 12, 18  
(Chile HL=UTC-4)



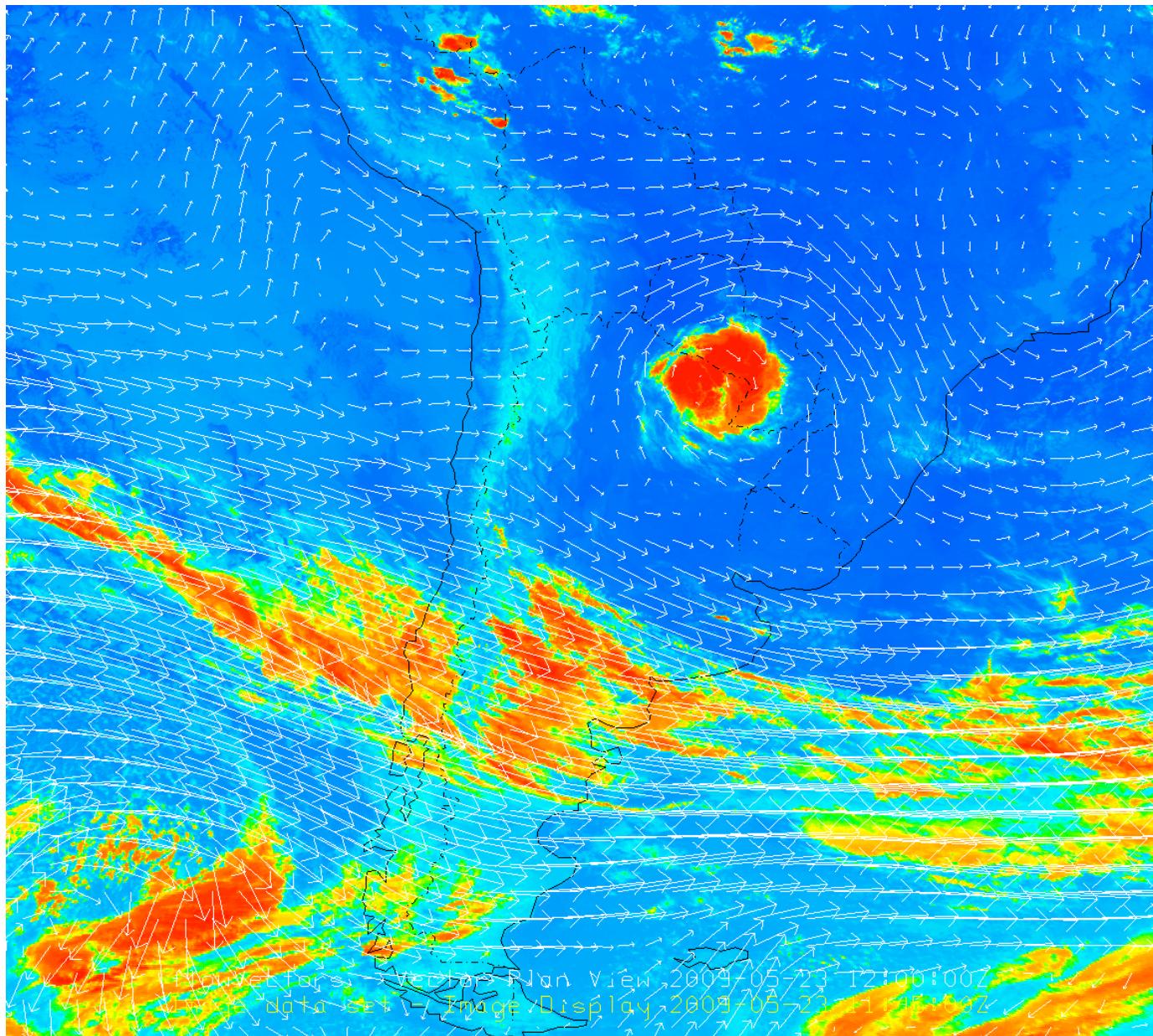
## Red de observación local (CONAMA-DMC)



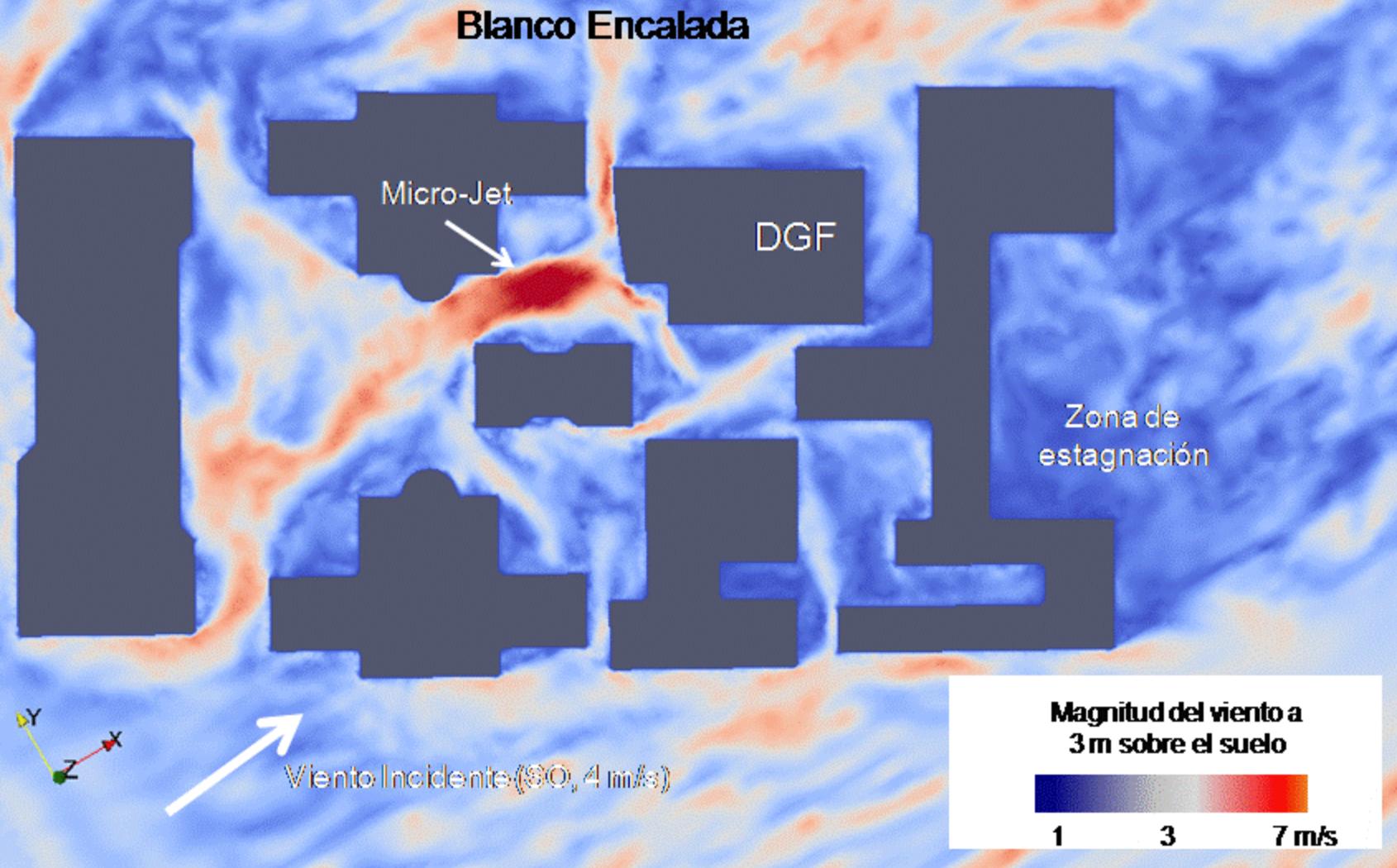
Ejemplo: red de CONAMA-RM.  
Observaciones horarias de T, HR, viento,  
Rad. Solar y calidad del aire



...pero hay muchos mas...



# Simulación de Ingeniería de Viento usando OpenFOAM



$z = 3$  metros

