

# Building Curves and Charts with EyeSee

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# EyeSee

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Charts and curves are effective are representing a collection of numerical values

EyeSee is an engine for scripting diagram drawing

It allows for drawing chart, diagrams, curves and histogram

EyeSee offers a small domain specific language, in the same spirit than Mondrian and Glamour

# EyeSee by example

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We will successively detail a number of examples that cover most of EyeSee feature.

The class `ESExample` contains many examples, check them out!

# Updating EyeSee

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The version included in your distribution is probably outdated

To update EyeSee, just do it the following in a workspace:

```
ConfigurationOfEyeSee loadDefault
```

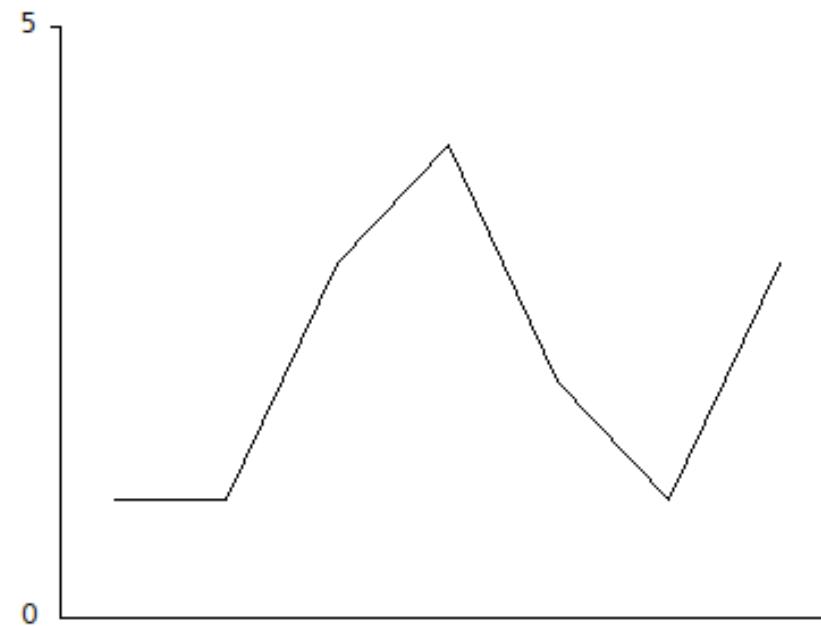
Diagramming, simply

# Plotting, nothing more

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Simply sending #openPlot to a collection of numerical value do what you would expect

```
#(1 1 3 4 2 1 3) openPlot
```

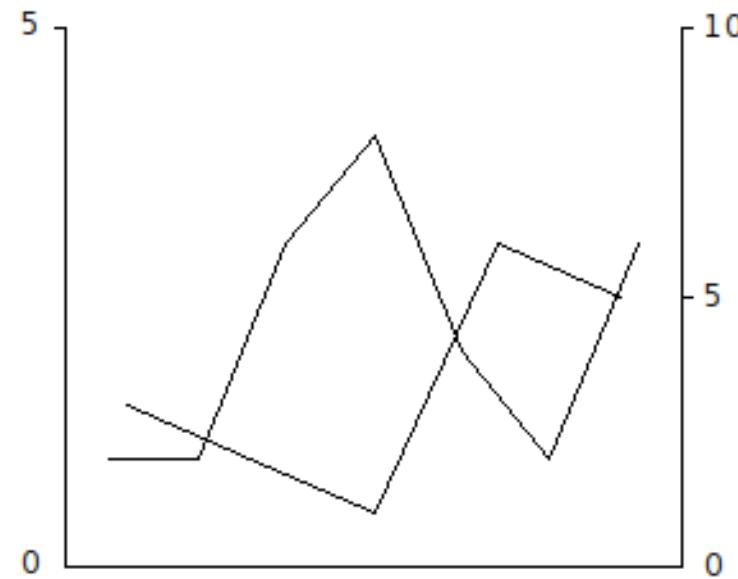


# Plotting twice more

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Similarly, `#openPlotWith:` plot to ordered set of numerical values

```
#(1 1 3 4 2 1 3) openPlotWith: #(3 2 1 6 5)
```

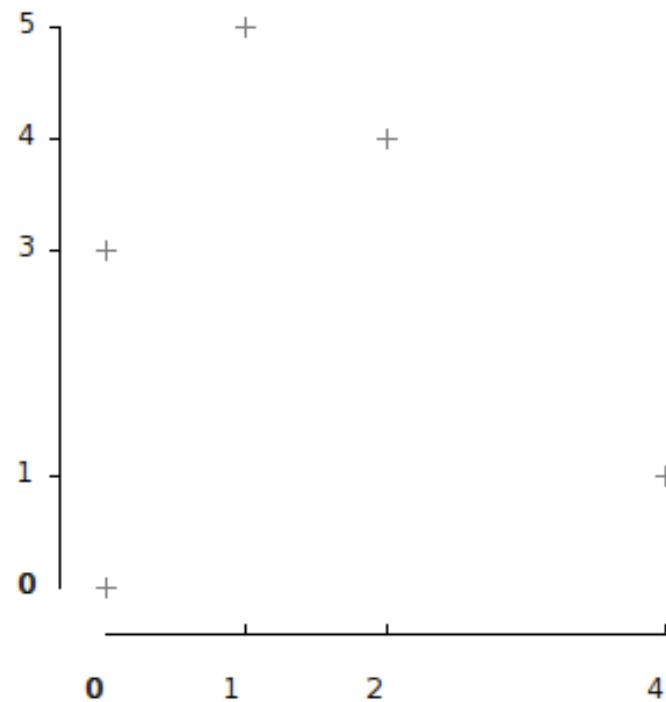


# Scattering the World!

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Sending `#openScatterPlot` to a collection of point will do what you would expect

```
{(0@0). (0@3). (1@5). (4@1). (2@4)}  
openScatterPlot
```

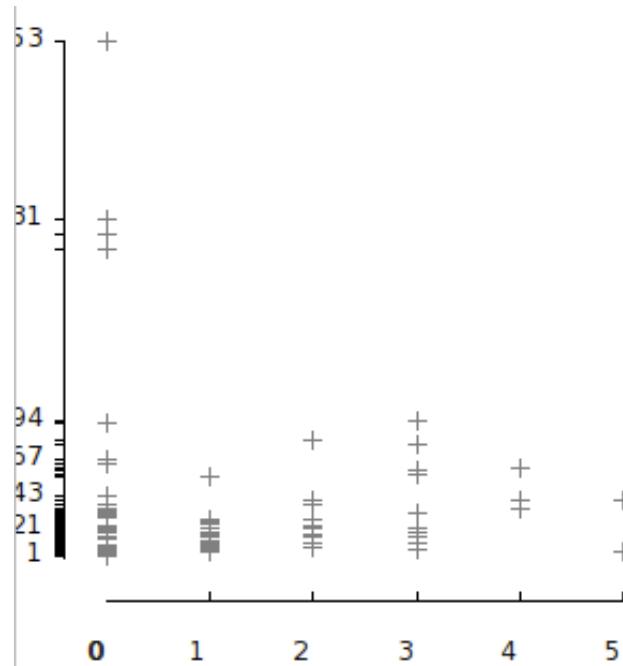


# Scattering some classes

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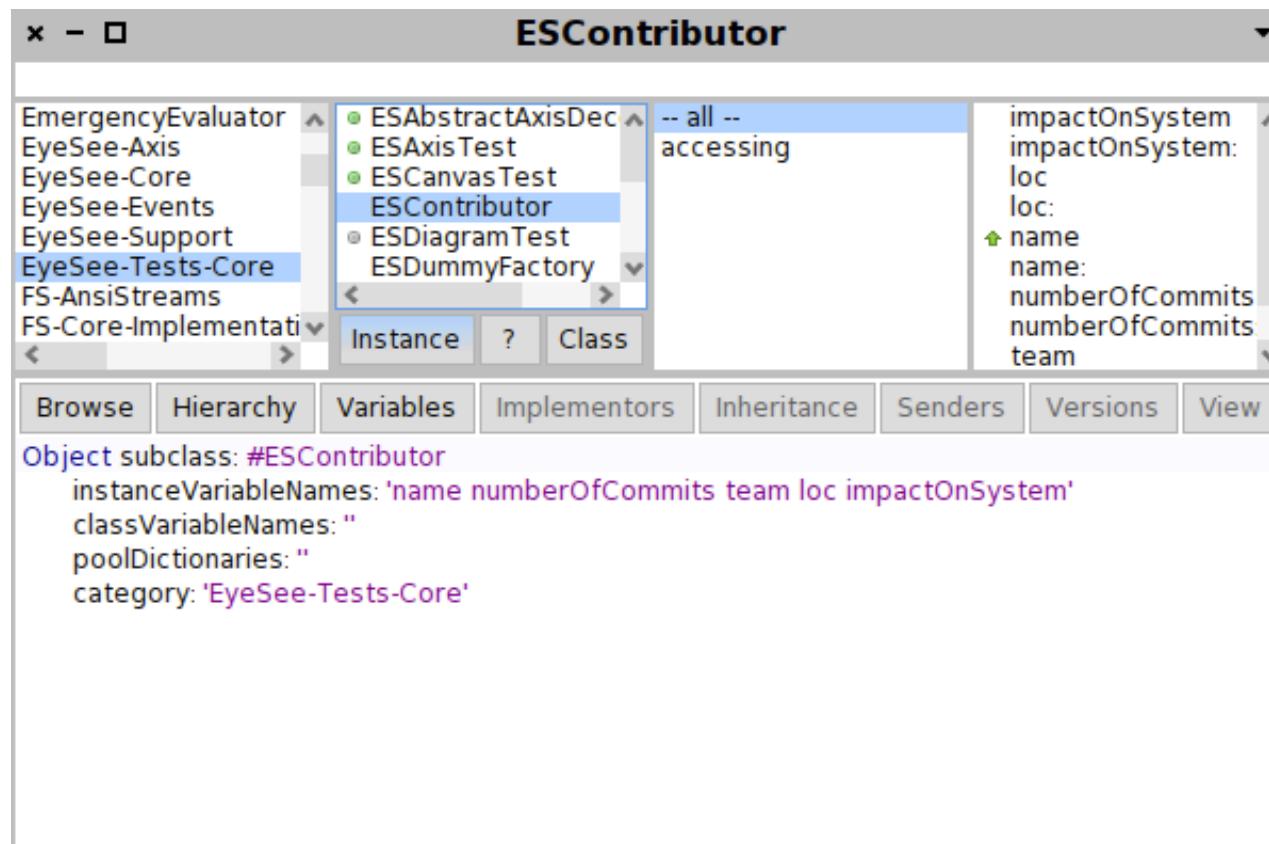
```
| data |
data := Collection withAllSubclasses
    collect: [:cls |
        cls numberOfAttributes @
        cls numberOfMethods ].
```

data openScatterPlot



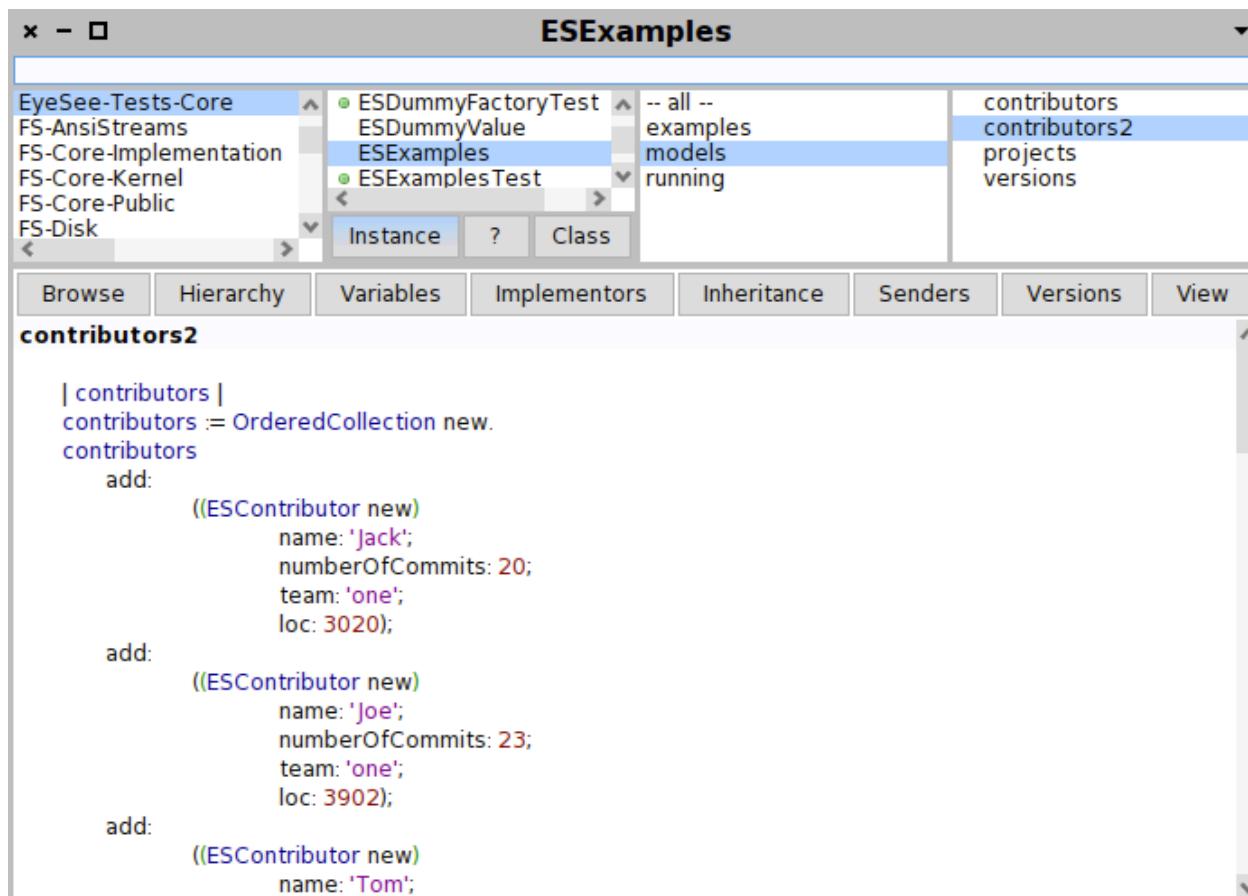
Modeling your values

# Modeling contribution



ESContributor is simply a data structure used  
to bound data together

# Collecting the data



```
| contributors |
contributors := OrderedCollection new.
contributors
    add:
        ((ESContributor new)
            name: 'Jack';
            numberOfCommits: 20;
            team: 'one';
            loc: 3020);
    add:
        ((ESContributor new)
            name: 'Joe';
            numberOfCommits: 23;
            team: 'one';
            loc: 3902);
    add:
        ((ESContributor new)
            name: 'Tom';
```

Instances of ESContributor are used as the visualized model in the next slides

# Emphasis on differences with a deviation diagram

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Try in a workspace

```
| diag |
diag := ESDiagramRenderer new.
diag deviationDiagram
    y: #loc;
    models: ESExamples new contributors2.
diag open
```



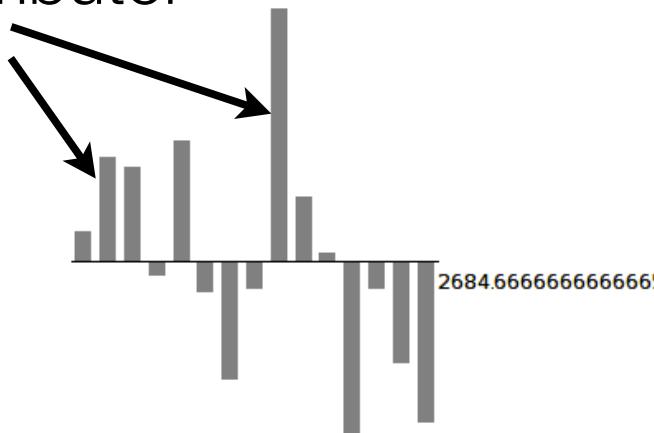
# Emphasis on differences with a deviation diagram

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Try in a workspace

```
| diag |
diag := ESDiagramRenderer new.
diag deviationDiagram
    y: #loc;
    models: ESExamples new contributors2.
diag open
```

instances of ECContributor



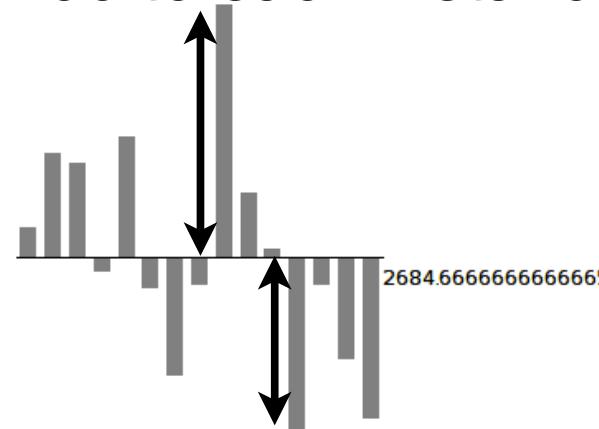
# Emphasis on differences with a deviation diagram

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Try in a workspace

```
| diag |
diag := ESDiagramRenderer new.
diag deviationDiagram
    y: #loc;
    models: ESExamples new contributors2.
diag open
```

result of sending #loc to each instance

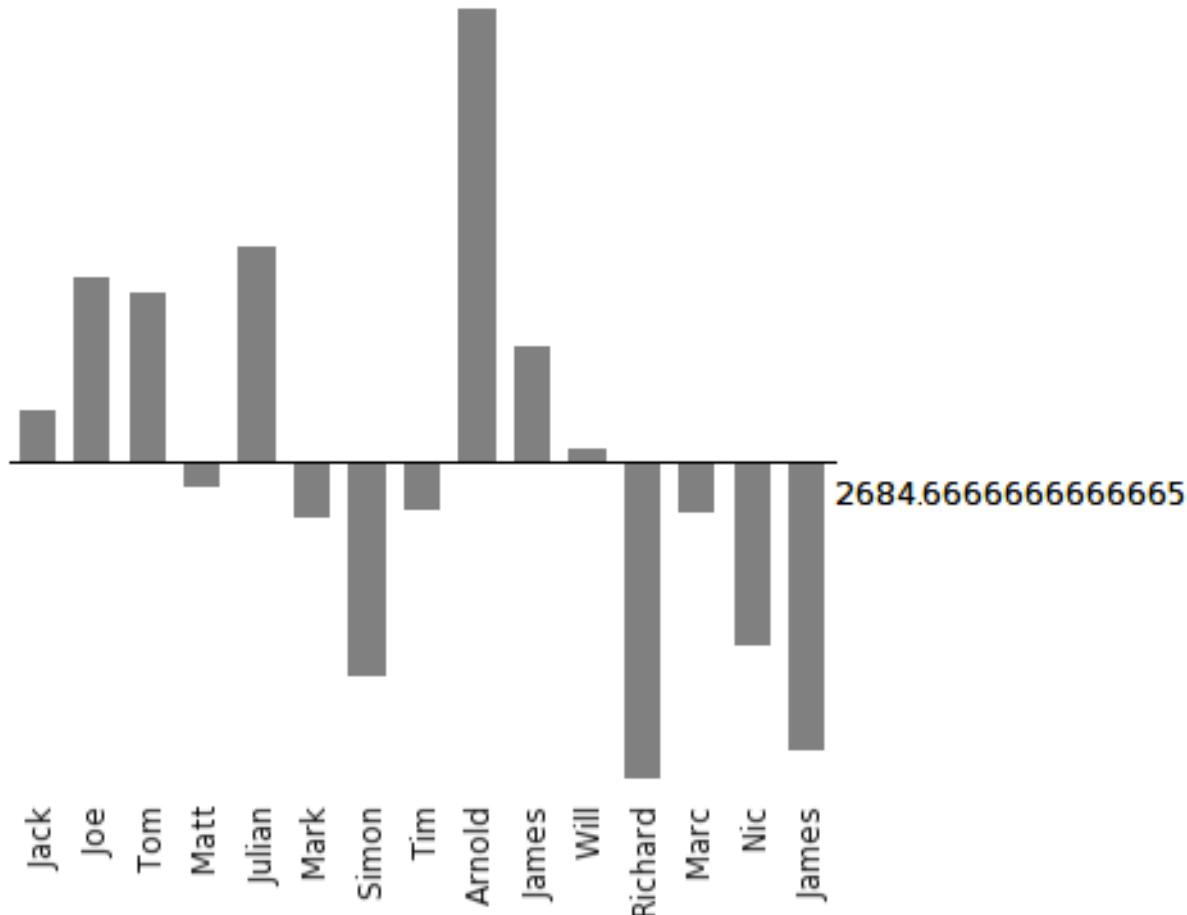


# Emphasis on differences with a deviation diagram

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Adding names and a size

```
| diag |
diag := ESDiagramRenderer new.
(diag deviationDiagram)
    y: #loc;
    identifier: #name;
    width: 500;
    height: 400;
    rotatedLabels: true;
    models: ESExamples new contributors2.
diag open
```

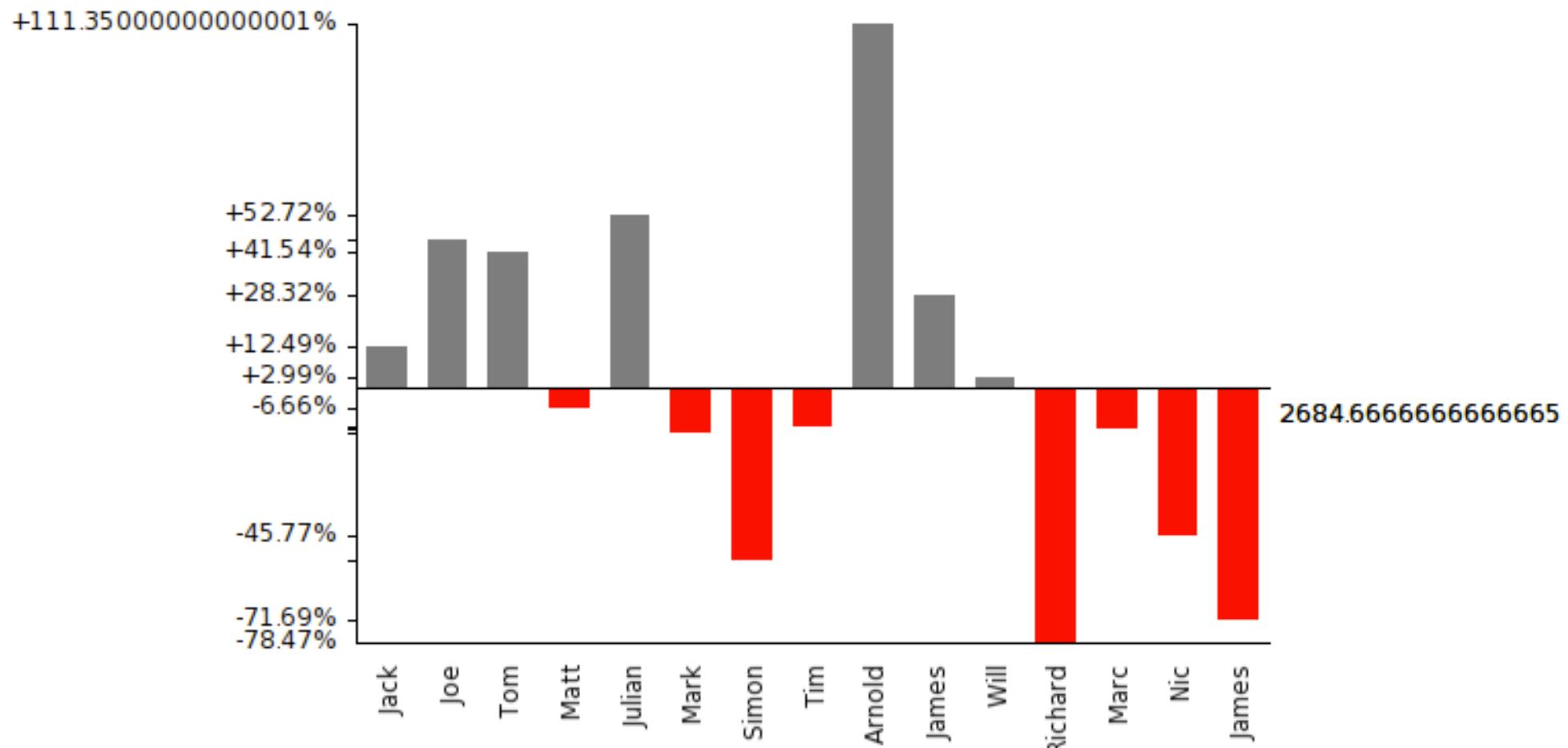


# Emphasis on negative values

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Adding names and a size

```
| diag |
diag := ESDiagramRenderer new.
(diag deviationDiagram)
    y: #loc;
    identifier: #name;
    width: 800;
    height: 400;
    highlightAboveDeviation;
    labelsInPercent;
    valueAxis;
    rotatedLabels: true;
    models: ESExamples new contributors2.
diag open.
```



Adding a bit of interaction

# Interaction are easily defined

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```
| diag |
diag := ESDiagramRenderer new.
(diag deviationDiagram)
    y: #loc;
    identifier: #name;
    width: 500;
    height: 400;
    deviationValue: 3000;
    highlightAboveDeviation;
    labelsInPercent;
    valueAxis;
    rotatedLabels: true;
    models: ESExample new contributors2.

diag interaction
strongHighlightWhenOver;
popupText: #name.

diag open
```

