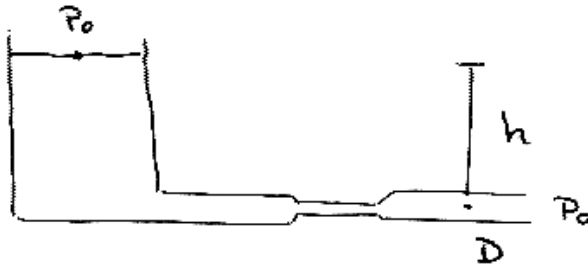


SOLUCIÓN EJERCICIO 18



velocidad del fluido en D

$$\cancel{P_0} + \rho g h = \cancel{P_0} + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_D^2 \Rightarrow v_D = \sqrt{2gh}$$

(1 pto) (0.5 ptos)



continuidad :

$$A_C v_C = A_D v_D \quad (0.5 \text{ ptos})$$

pero

$$A_C = \frac{A_D}{2} \Rightarrow v_C = 2 v_D$$

(0.5 ptos)

ec. de Bernoulli:

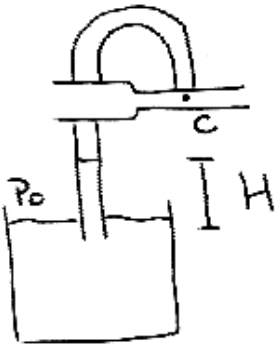
$$P_C + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_C^2 = P_0 + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_D^2 \quad (1 \text{ pto})$$

$$P_C = P_0 + \frac{1}{2} \rho (v_D^2 - v_C^2)$$

$$P_C = P_0 - \frac{3}{2} \rho v_D^2$$

$$P_C = P_0 - 3 \rho g h \quad (0.5 \text{ ptos})$$

SOLUCIÓN EJERCICIO 18



$$P_0 = P_c + \rho g H \quad (1 \text{ pto})$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \cancel{P_0} = \cancel{P_0} - 3 \rho g h + \rho g H$$

$$\therefore \quad \boxed{H = 3h} \quad (1 \text{ pto})$$