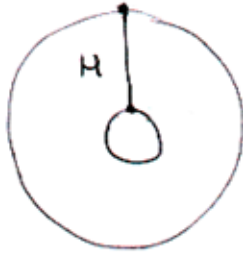


SOLUCIÓN EJERCICIO 10



$$E_i = - \frac{GMm}{R} + T_i$$

$$E_f = - \frac{GMm}{(R+H)}$$

$$E_i = E_f \Rightarrow T_i - \frac{GMm}{R} = - \frac{GMm}{(R+H)}$$

$$T_i \equiv \Delta U = - \frac{GMm}{R+H} + \frac{GMm}{R}$$

$$\Delta U = GMm \left[\frac{1}{R} - \frac{1}{R+H} \right] = GMm \frac{H}{R(R+H)}$$



MOV. CIRCULAR

$$m \frac{v^2}{(R+H)} = \frac{GMm}{(R+H)^2} \Rightarrow v^2 = \frac{GM}{(R+H)}$$

ENERGÍA CINÉTICA
 PARA MANTENERLO
 EN ÓRBITA CIRCULAR

$$\Delta T = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$\Delta T = \frac{1}{2} \frac{GMm}{(R+H)}$$

$$\therefore \frac{\Delta U}{\Delta T} = \frac{\frac{GMm H}{R(R+H)}}{\frac{GMm}{2(R+H)}}$$

\Rightarrow

$$\boxed{\frac{\Delta U}{\Delta T} = \frac{2H}{R}}$$