

Benders para el ejemplo de clase.

$$\min 3x_1 + \frac{1}{8} \sum_{s=1}^8 C_2^s x_2^s$$

$$x_1 + h_1 \geq 10$$

$$h_1 \leq 5$$

$$x_2^s + h_2^s \geq d_2^s$$

$$h_2^s \leq 5 + r^s - h_1$$

$$s=1, \dots, 8$$

$$x_1, h_1, x_2^s, h_2^s \geq 0$$

Problema maestro:

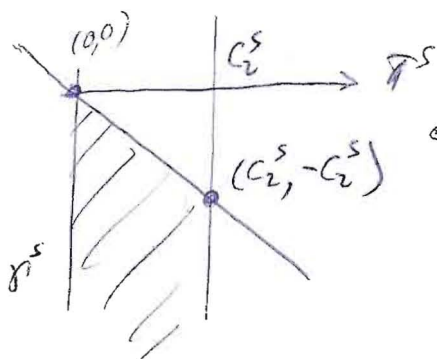
$$\min 3x_1 + \frac{1}{8} \sum_{s=1}^8 \gamma_s^s$$

$$x_1 + h_1 \geq 10$$

$$h_1 \leq 5$$

$$\gamma_s^s \geq d_2^s \pi^{ks} + (5 + r^s - h_1) \gamma^{ks}$$

$$x_1, h_1 \geq \gamma_s^s$$



(π^{ks}, γ^{ks}) son puntos extremos del dual del subproblema:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \pi^s & \leq C_2^s \\ \pi^s + \gamma^s & \leq 0 \\ \pi^s \geq 0, & \gamma^s \leq 0 \end{array}$$

subproblema

para cada s

$$\phi_s(x_1, h_1) = \min C_2^s x_2^s$$

$$x_2^s + h_2^s \geq d_2^s$$

$$h_2^s \leq 5 + r^s - h_1$$

$$x_2^s, h_2^s \geq 0$$

$$= \max d_2^s \pi^s + (5 + r^s - h_1) \gamma^s$$

$$\pi^s \leq C_2^s$$

$$\pi^s + \gamma^s \leq 0$$

$$\pi^s \geq 0, \gamma^s \leq 0$$

Note que $\forall (x_1, h_1)$ $\phi_s(x_1, h_1)$ es siempre factible $(x_2^s, h_2^s) = (d_2^s, 0)$
 $\therefore$ no son necesarios cortes de factibilidad (dual tiene ^{optimo} factible)

Iteraciones

Base 0: $\min 3x_1 \quad \{ (x_1^*, h_1^*) = (5, 5) \} \quad \gamma_s^* = -\infty$

$$x_1 + h_1 \geq 10$$

$$h_1 \leq 5$$

$$x_1, h_1 \geq 0$$

$$\phi_s(5, 5) = \left[s = \begin{pmatrix} d_1 & c_2 & r \end{pmatrix} \right] \quad \phi_s(5, 5) = 15 \cdot 1 + (5 + 0 - 5)(-1) = 15.$$

$$s=2 \quad s = (10, 1, 0)$$

$$\phi_s(5, 5) = 10 \cdot 1 + (5 + 0 - 5)(-1) = 10$$

$$s=3 \quad s = (15, 5, 0)$$

$$\phi_s(5, 5) = 15 \cdot 5 + (5 + 0 - 5)(-5) = 75$$

$$s=4 \quad s = (10, 5, 0)$$

$$\phi_s(5, 5) = 10 \cdot 5 + 0(-5) = 50$$

$$s=5 \quad s = (15, 1, 10)$$

$$\phi_s(5, 5) = 15 \cdot 1 + (5 + 10 - 5)(-1) = 5$$

$$s=6 \quad s = (10, 1, 10)$$

$$\phi_s(5, 5) = 10 \cdot 1 + (5 + 10 - 5)(-1) = 0$$

$$s=7 \quad s = (15, 5, 10)$$

$$\phi_s(5, 5) = 15 \cdot 5 + (5 + 10 - 5)(-5) = 25$$

$$s=8 \quad s = (10, 5, 10)$$

$$\phi_s(5, 5) = 10 \cdot 5 + (5 + 10 - 5)(-5) = 0$$

↑
indic. escenarios

↑
opt solution (π^{15}, γ^{15}) $\# s=1, -8$

como $\gamma_s^* < \phi_s(5, 5)$ para todo s , agregamos restricciones al maestro:

$$\min 3x_1 + \frac{1}{8} \sum_{s=1}^8 \gamma_s^*$$

$$x_1 + h_1 \geq 10$$

$$h_1 \leq 5$$

$$x_1, h_1 \geq 0$$

$$\gamma_1 \geq 15 - (5 - h_1) = 10 + h_1$$

$$\gamma_2 \geq 10 - (5 - h_1) = 5 + h_1$$

$$\gamma_3 \geq 75 - 5(5 - h_1) = 50 + 5h_1$$

$$\gamma_4 \geq 50 - 5(5 - h_1) = 25 + 5h_1$$

$$\gamma_5 \geq 15 - (15 - h_1) = h_1$$

$$\gamma_6 \geq 10 - (15 - h_1) = -5 + h_1$$

$$\gamma_7 \geq 75 - 5(15 - h_1) = 5h_1$$

$$\gamma_8 \geq 50 - 5(15 - h_1) = -25 + 5h_1$$

$$\gamma_1, \dots, \gamma_8 \geq 0$$

segunda iteración Benders.

como Σx_i podemos escribir el maestro como $\min 3x_1 + \frac{1}{8}(60 + 24h_1)$

$$x_1 + h_1 \geq 10$$

$$h_1 \leq 5 \quad x_1, h_1 \geq 0$$

$$3x_1 + \frac{1}{8}(60 + 24h_1) = 3x_1 + 3h_1 + \frac{15}{2}$$

$\Rightarrow$ todos los $\left. \begin{matrix} x_1 + h_1 \geq 10 \\ h_1 \leq 5 \\ x_1, h_1 \geq 0 \end{matrix} \right\}$ son óptimos $\Rightarrow$ sol. prob. maestro = $30 + \frac{15}{2}$

clarante si usamos $(x_1^*, h_1^*) = (5, 5)$ voy a tener que $\gamma_s^* = \phi_s(5, 5)$ ya que esta solución fue usada en la iteración anterior. (Se repite lo que estés en la página anterior).

Tomemos entonces la solución óptima del maestro

$$(x_1^*, h_1^*) = (10, 0) \quad \text{esto} \Rightarrow \phi_s(10, 0)$$

1	$(15, 1, 0)$	$10 + h_1^* = 10$	$15 \cdot 1 + (5 + 0 - 0)(-1) = 10$
2	$(10, 1, 0)$	$5 + h_1^* = 5$	$10 \cdot 1 + (5 + 0 - 0)(-1) = 5$
3	$(15, 5, 0)$	$50 + 5h_1^* = 50$	$15 \cdot 5 + (5 + 0 - 0)(-5) = 50$
4	$(10, 5, 0)$	$25 + 5h_1^* = 25$	$10 \cdot 5 + (5 + 0 - 0)(-5) = 25$
5	$(15, 1, 10)$	$h_1^* = 0$	$15 \cdot 1 + (5 + 10 - 0)(-1) = 0$
6	$(10, 1, 10)$	$-5 + h_1^* = -5$	$10 \cdot 0 + (5 + 10 - 0) \cdot 0 = 0$
7	$(15, 5, 10)$	$5h_1^* = 0$	$15 \cdot 5 + (5 + 10 - 0)(-5) = 0$
8	$(10, 5, 10)$	$-25 + 5h_1^* = -25$	$10 \cdot 0 + (5 + 10 - 0) \cdot 0 = 0$

escenarios 6 y 8 tienen $\gamma_s^* < \phi_s(10, 0) \Rightarrow$ se agregan al maestro los cortes:

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \gamma_6 &\geq 10 \cdot 0 + (15 - h_1) \cdot 0 = 0 \\ \gamma_8 &\geq 10 \cdot 0 + (15 - h_1) \cdot 0 = 0 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

al agregar estas restricciones al maestro se obtiene que la única solución posible es $(x_1^*, h_1^*) = (5, 5)$.