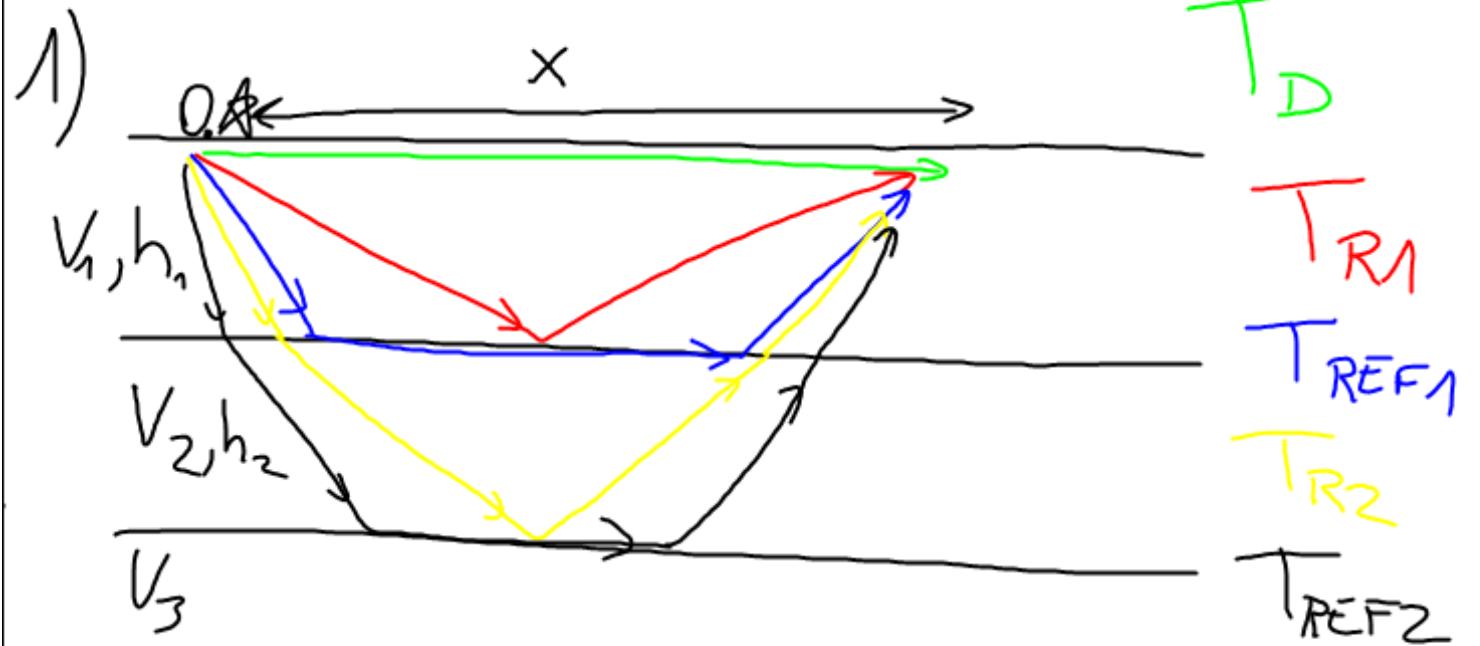
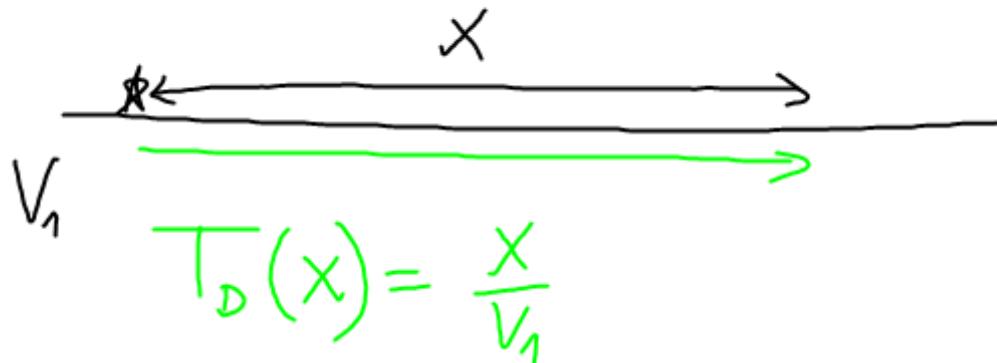
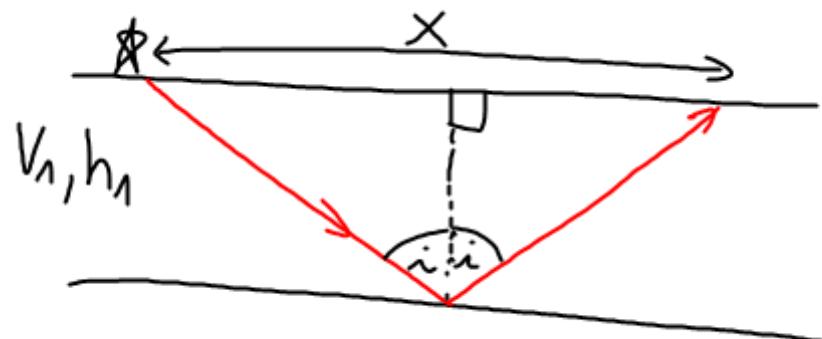


AUX SÍSMICA



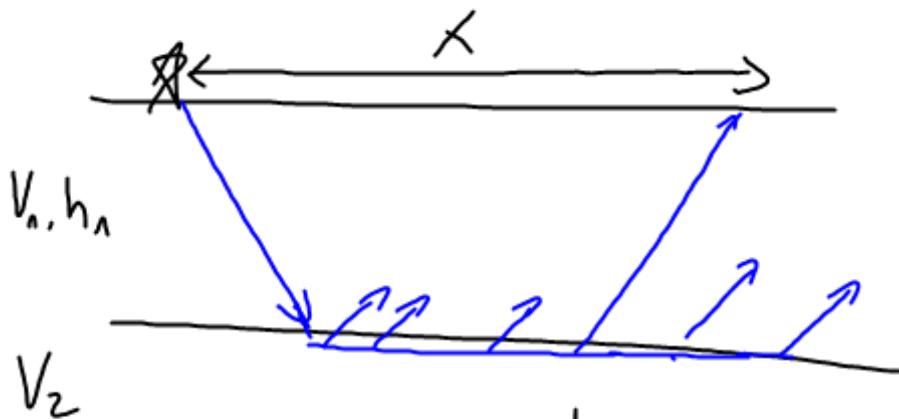


$$T_D(x) = \frac{x}{V_1}$$



$$T_{R1}(x) = 2 \cdot \sqrt{h_1^2 + \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2}$$

$$T_{R1}^2 = \frac{4h_1^2}{V_1^2} + \frac{x^2}{V_1^2}$$



$$\tan \theta_c = \frac{\tan \frac{\pi}{2}}{V_1} = \frac{V_2}{V_1}$$

$$\tan \theta_c = \frac{V_1}{V_2}$$

Diagram of a right-angled triangle with vertical leg h_1 and horizontal leg d_1 . The angle between the hypotenuse and the horizontal leg is θ_c . The angle between the vertical leg and the hypotenuse is α_2 . The angle between the horizontal leg and the hypotenuse is β_2 .

$$d_1 = h_1 \cdot \tan \theta_c = \frac{h_1}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^2}} = h_1 \cdot \frac{V_2}{\sqrt{V_2^2 - V_1^2}}$$

$$d_2 = h_1 \cdot \tan \theta_c = \frac{V_1}{V_2} \cdot \frac{V_2}{\sqrt{V_2^2 - V_1^2}} \rightarrow \tan \theta_c = \frac{V_1}{\sqrt{V_2^2 - V_1^2}}$$

$$T_{REF1}(x) = 2 h_1 \cdot \frac{V_2}{\sqrt{V_2^2 - V_1^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{V_1} + \frac{(x - 2 h_1 \cdot \tan \theta_c)}{V_2}$$

$$T_{REF1}(x) = \frac{x}{V_2} + 2 h_1 \left[\frac{V_2}{V_1} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{V_2^2 - V_1^2}} - \frac{V_1}{V_2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{V_2^2 - V_1^2}} \right]$$

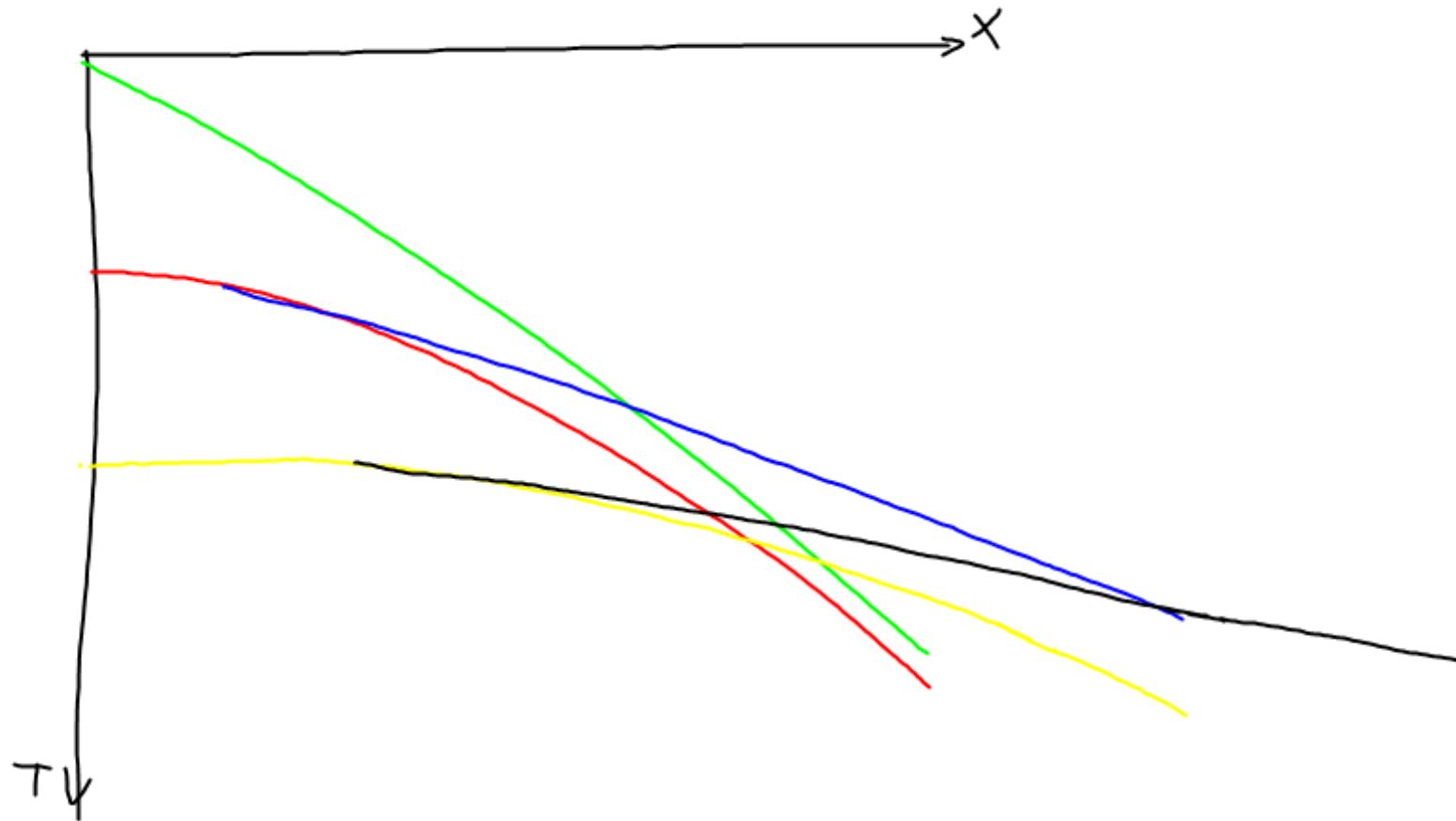
$$T_{REF1}(x) = \frac{x}{V_2} + \frac{2h_1}{\sqrt{V_2^2 - V_1^2}} \left[\frac{V_2}{V_1} - \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right]$$

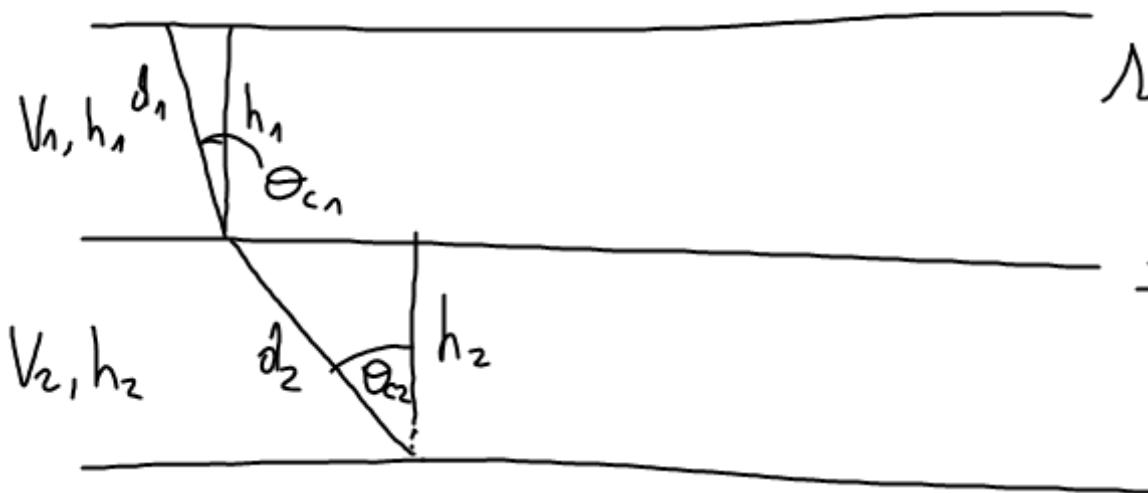
$$\frac{V_2^2 \cdot V_1}{V_1^2 \cdot V_2} - \frac{V_1^2 \cdot V_2}{V_2^2 \cdot V_1}$$

$$\frac{V_2^2 - V_1^2}{V_1 \cdot V_2}$$

$$T_{REF1}(x) = \frac{x}{V_2} + \frac{2h_1}{V_1 V_2} \cdot \frac{\left(\sqrt{V_2^2 - V_1^2} \right)^2}{\cancel{\sqrt{V_2^2 - V_1^2}}}$$

$$T_{REF1}(x) = \frac{x}{V_2} + 2h_1 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{V_1^2} - \frac{1}{V_2^2}}$$





$$\operatorname{tg} \theta_{c2} = \frac{V_2}{V_3}$$

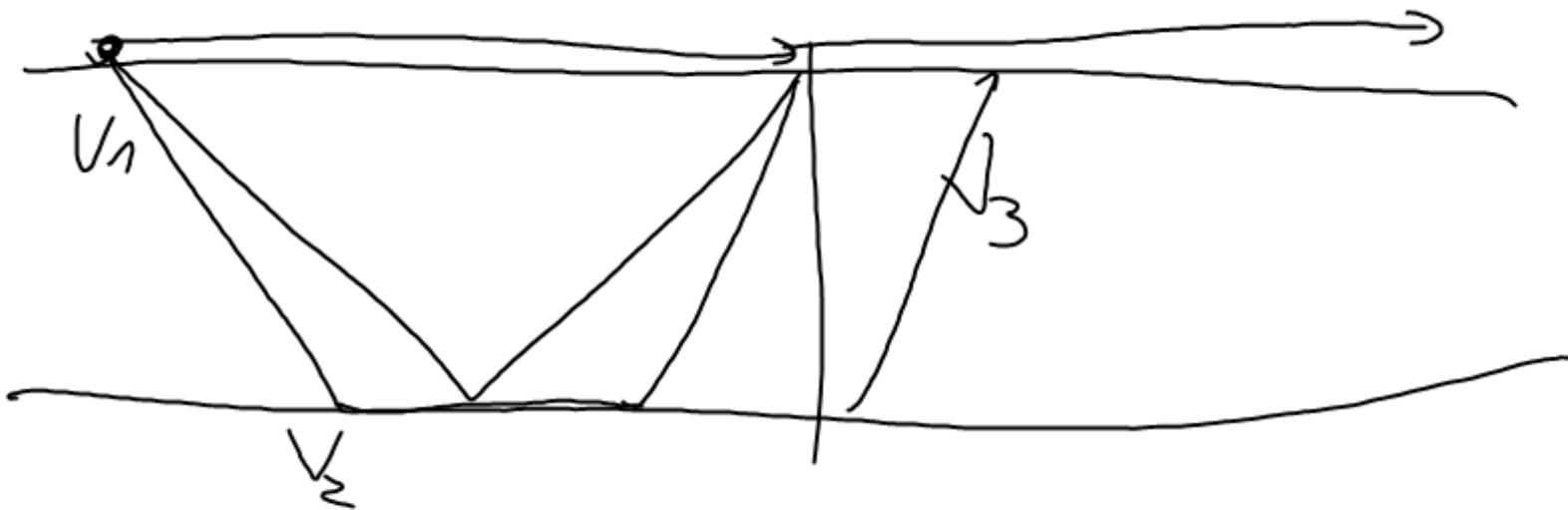
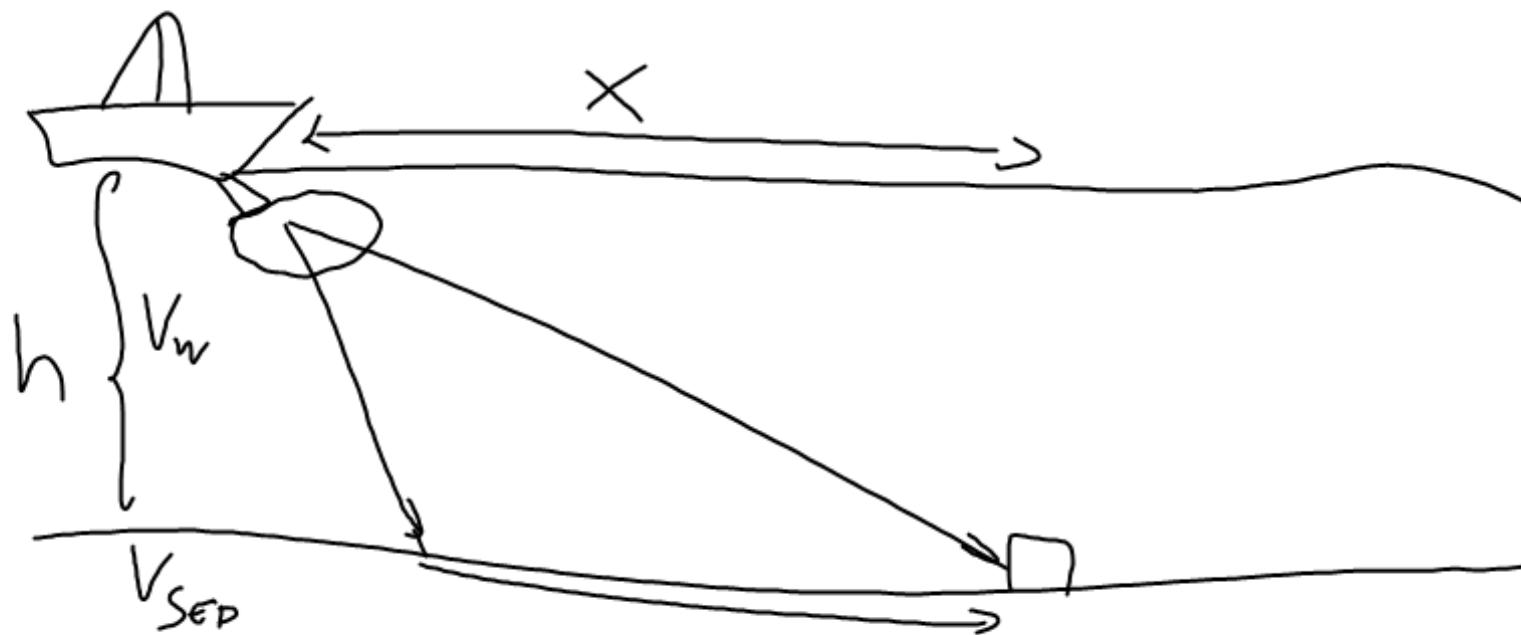
$$\frac{\operatorname{tg} \theta_{c1}}{V_1} = \frac{\operatorname{tg} \theta_{c2}}{V_2}$$

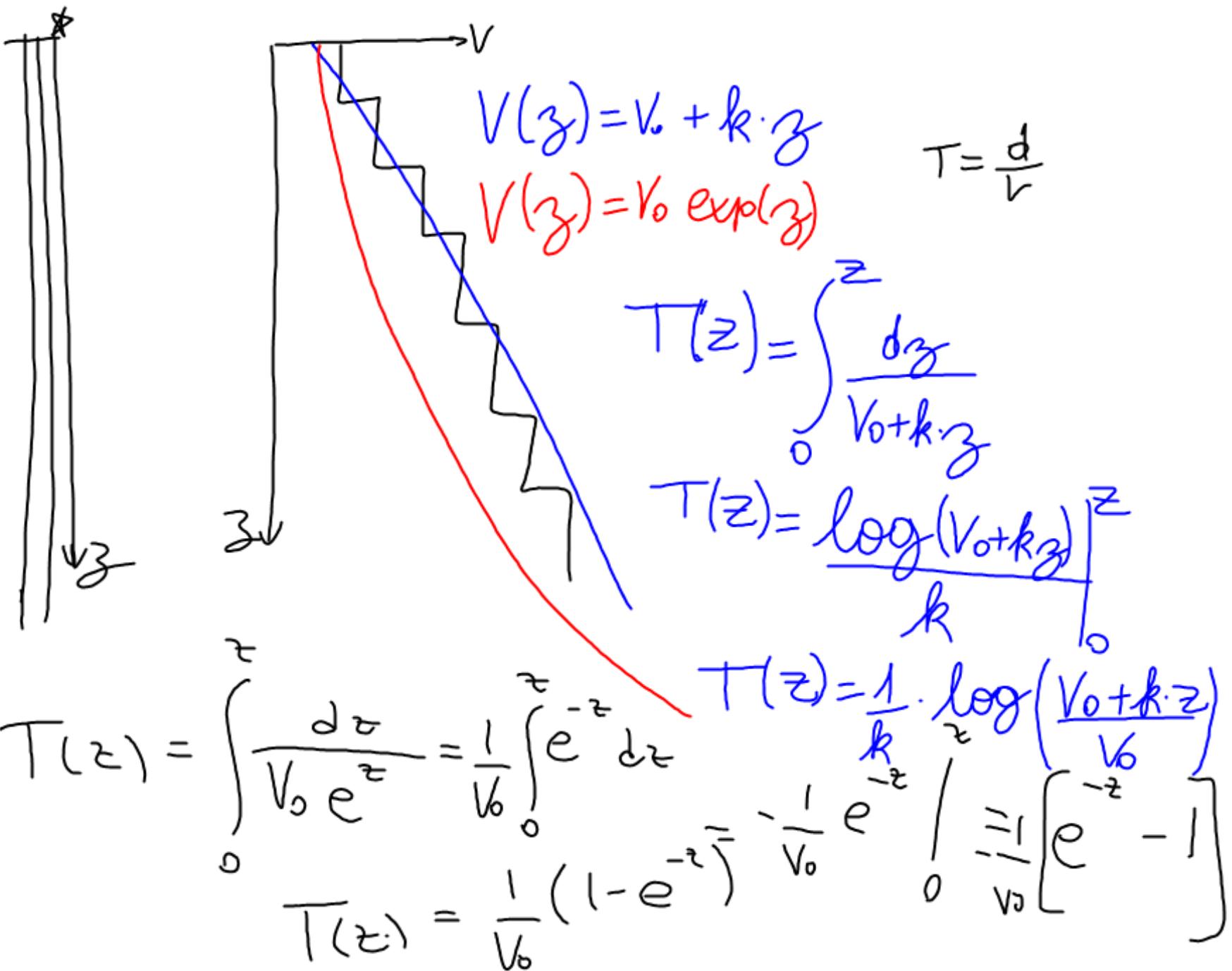
$$\operatorname{tg} \theta_{c1} = \frac{V_1}{V_3}$$

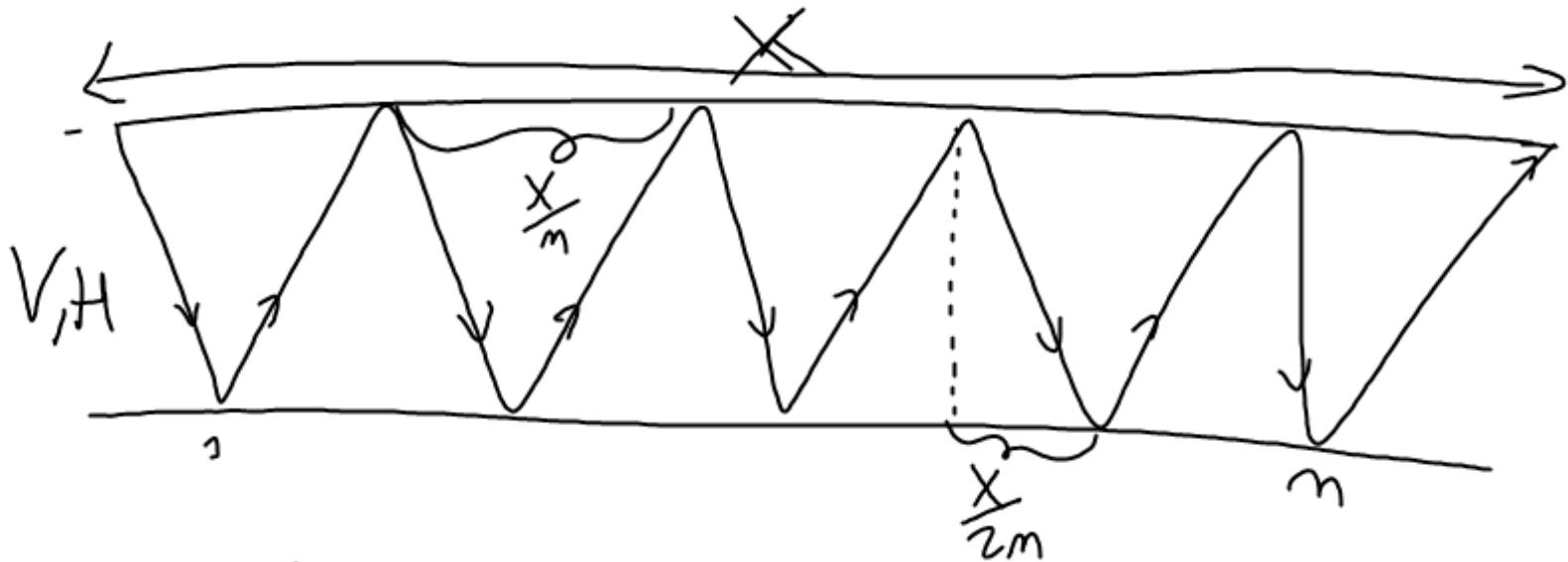
$$d_2 = \frac{h_2}{\operatorname{tg} \theta_{c2}} = \frac{h_2 \cdot V_2}{\sqrt{V_3^2 - V_2^2}}$$

$$d_1 = \frac{h_1}{\operatorname{tg} \theta_{c1}} = \frac{h_1 \cdot V_1}{\sqrt{V_3^2 - V_1^2}}$$

PROP.



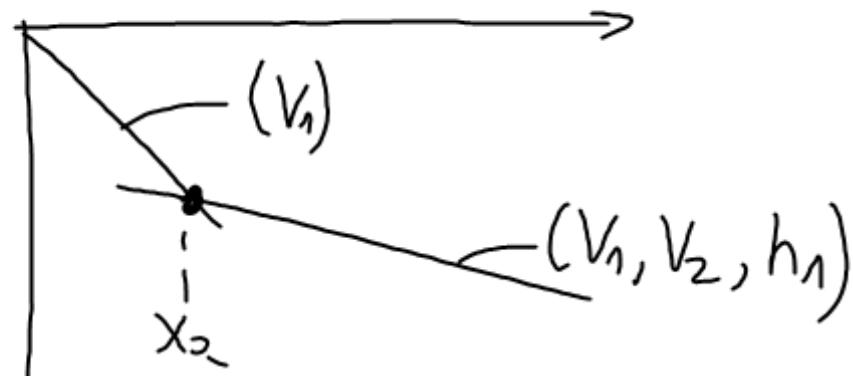




$$T_m = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{4m^2} + H^2}}{V} \cdot 2 = \frac{\sqrt{(x_m)^2 + 4H^2}}{V}$$

$$T_m(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 4H^2 m^2}}{V}$$

$$T_m^2 = \frac{x^2}{V^2} + \left(\frac{4H^2 m^2}{V^2} \right) \rightarrow T_{0m}^2$$



$$\frac{x_o}{V_1} = \frac{x_o}{V_2} + 2h_1 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{V_1^2} - \frac{1}{V_2^2}}$$

$$x_o \left(\frac{1}{V_1} - \frac{1}{V_2} \right) = 2h_1 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{V_1^2} - \frac{1}{V_2^2}}$$

$$x_o = 2h_1 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{V_1^2} - \frac{1}{V_2^2}} \cdot \left(\frac{V_1 V_2}{V_2 - V_1} \right)$$

$$x_o = 2h_1 \cdot \frac{V_1 V_2}{V_2 - V_1} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{V_2^2 - V_1^2}{V_1^2 - V_2^2}}$$

$$x_o = 2h_1 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{(V_2 - V_1)(V_2 + V_1)}{(V_2 - V_1)^2}}$$

$$x_o = 2h_1 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{V_2 + V_1}{V_2 - V_1}}$$

$$h_1 = \frac{x_o}{2} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{V_2 - V_1}{V_2 + V_1}}$$