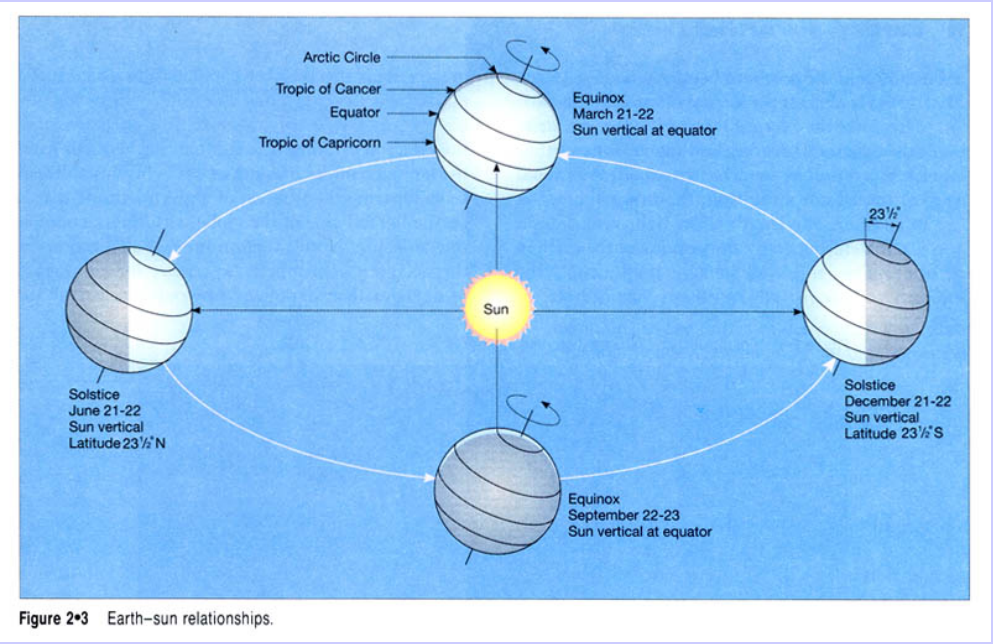
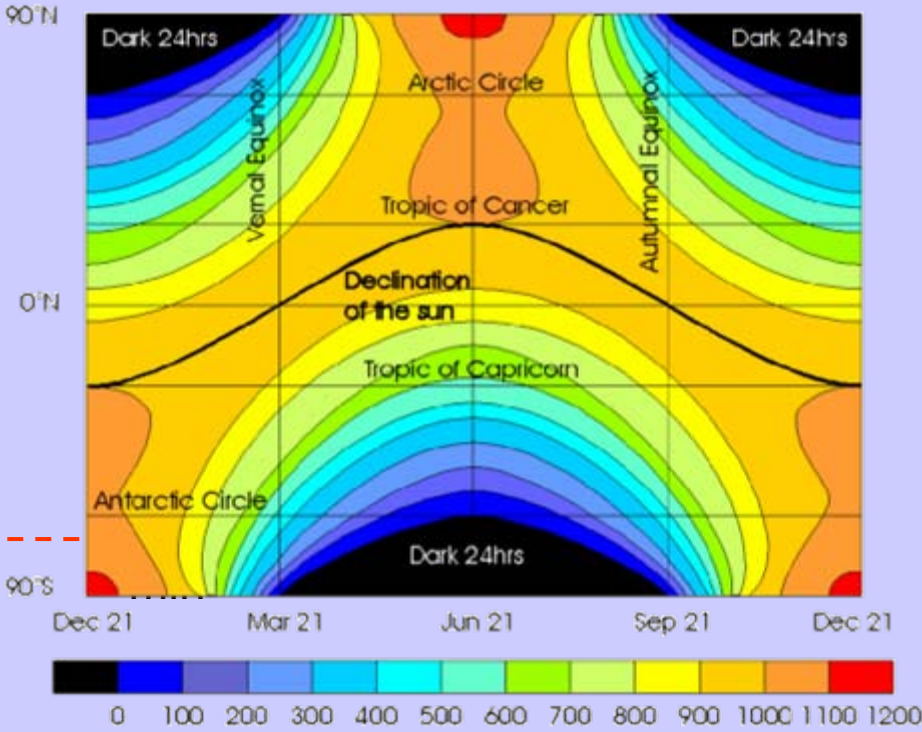
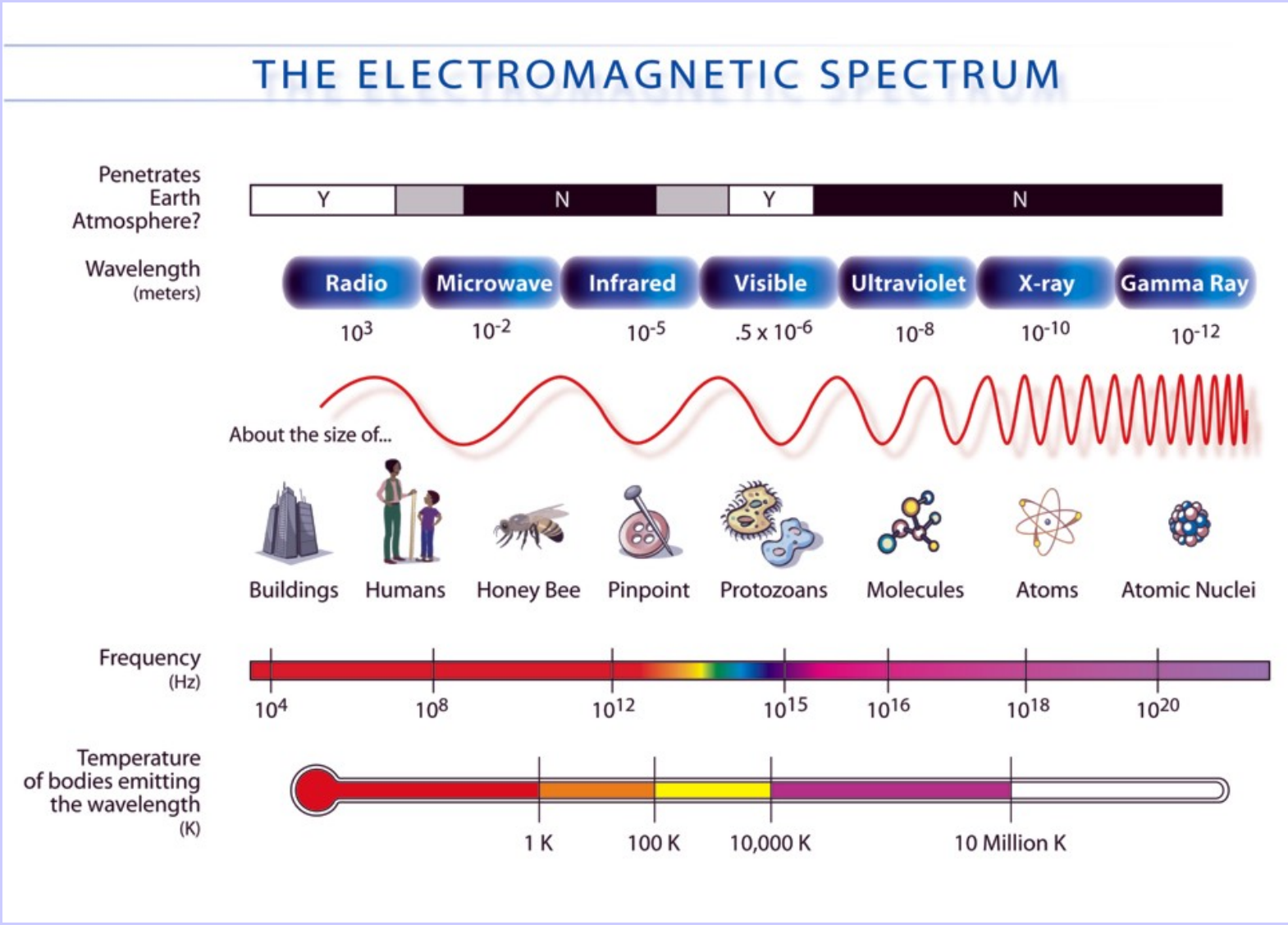
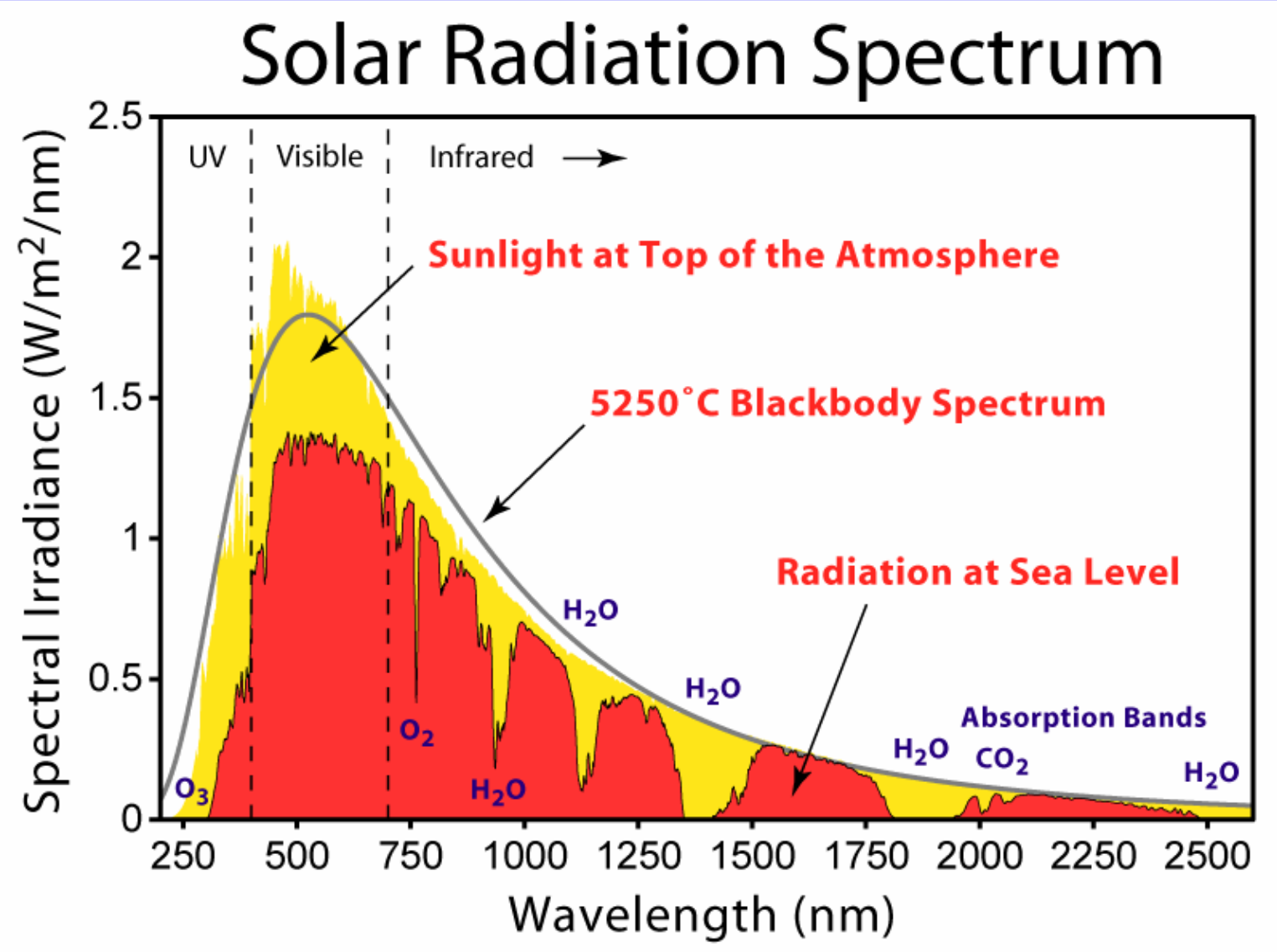


Figure 2•3 Earth–sun relationships.





http://mynasadata.larc.nasa.gov/images/EM_Spectrum3-new.jpg



http://physweb.bgu.ac.il/COURSES/Astronomy1/Graphics/solar_spectrum.png

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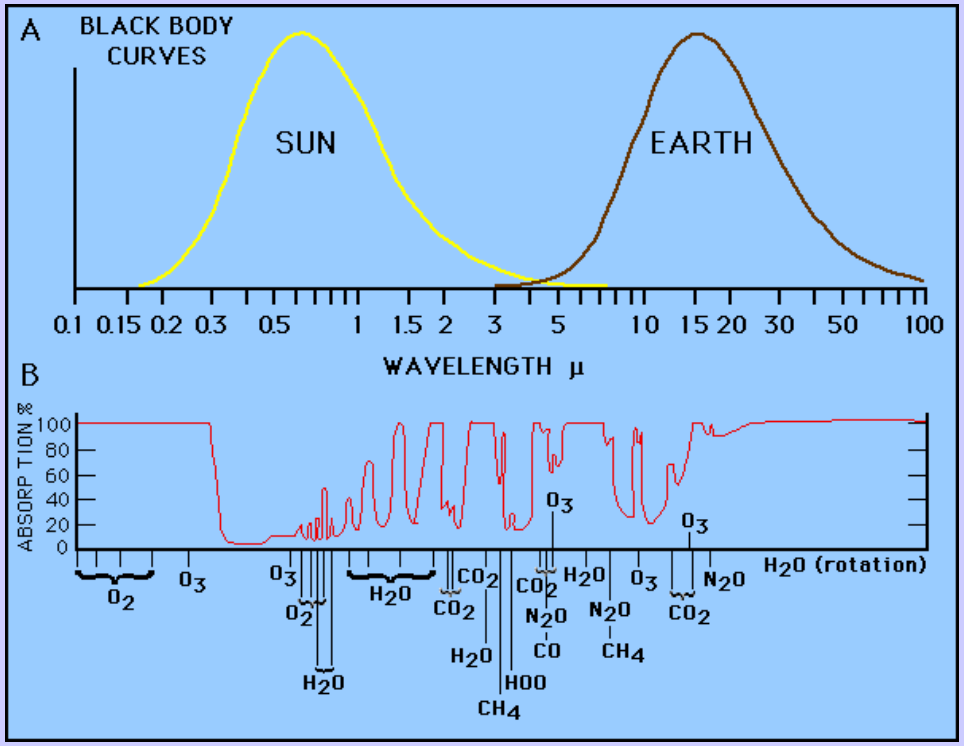
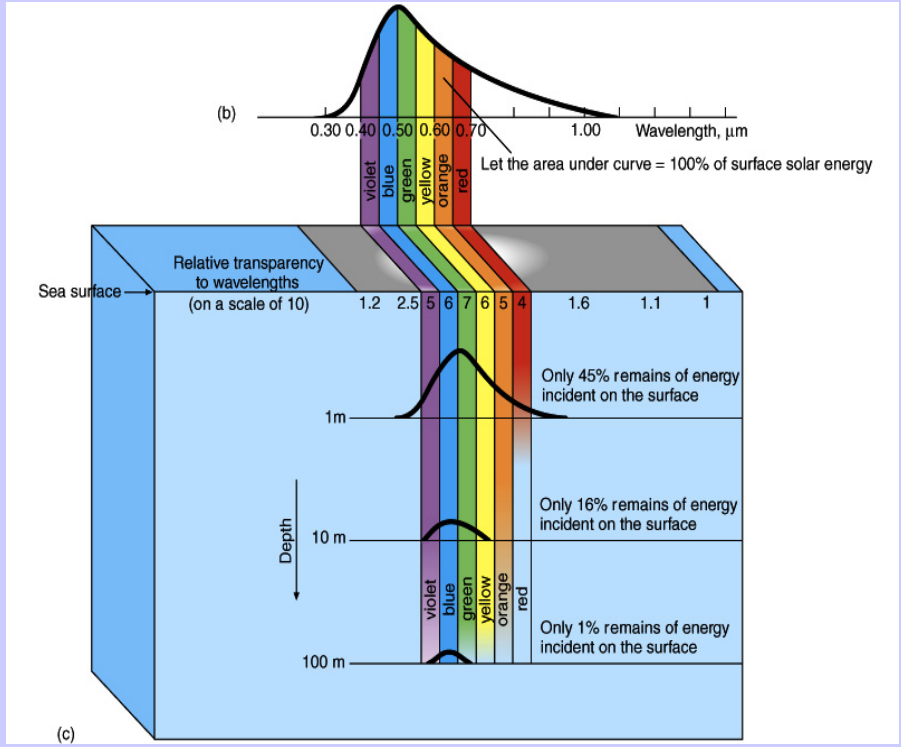
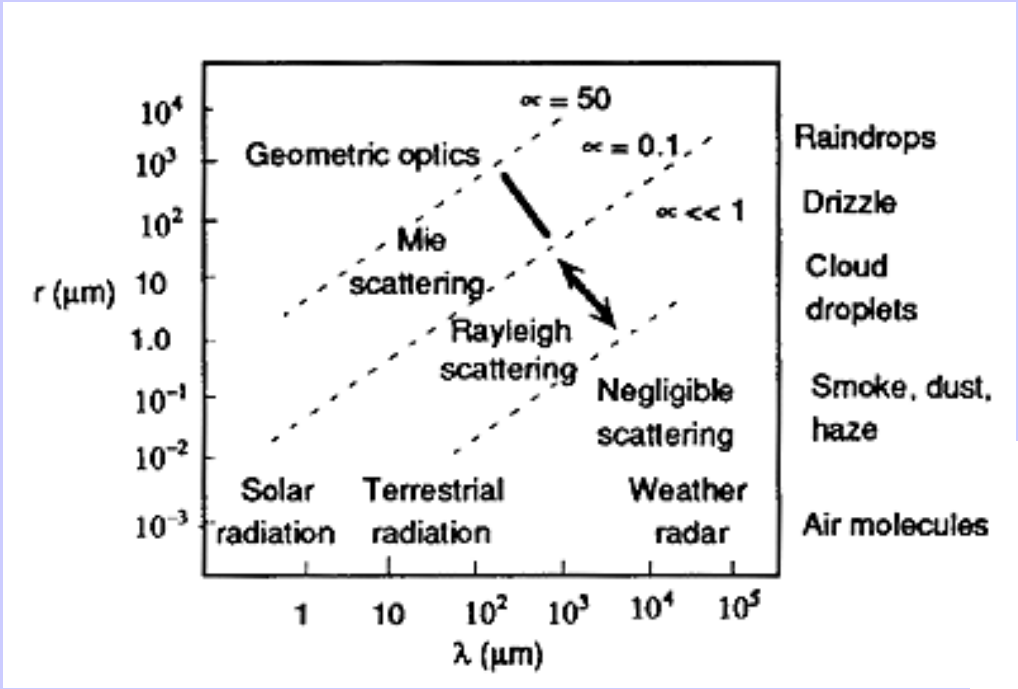
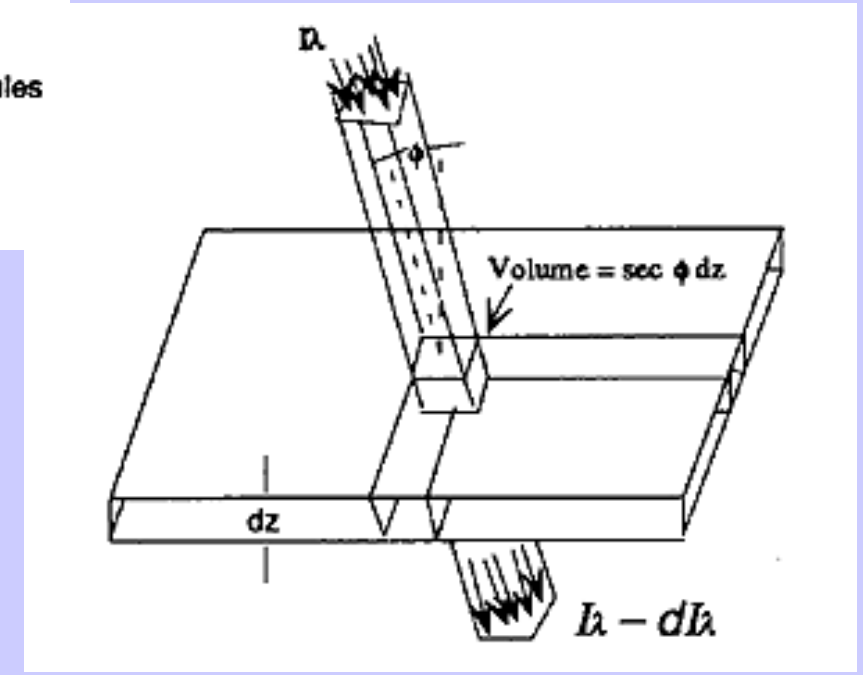


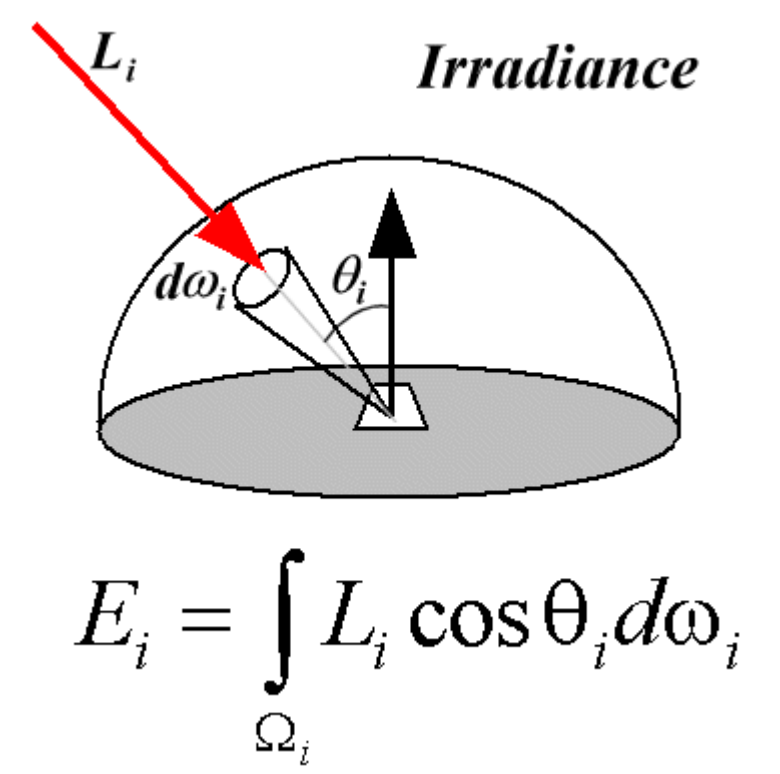


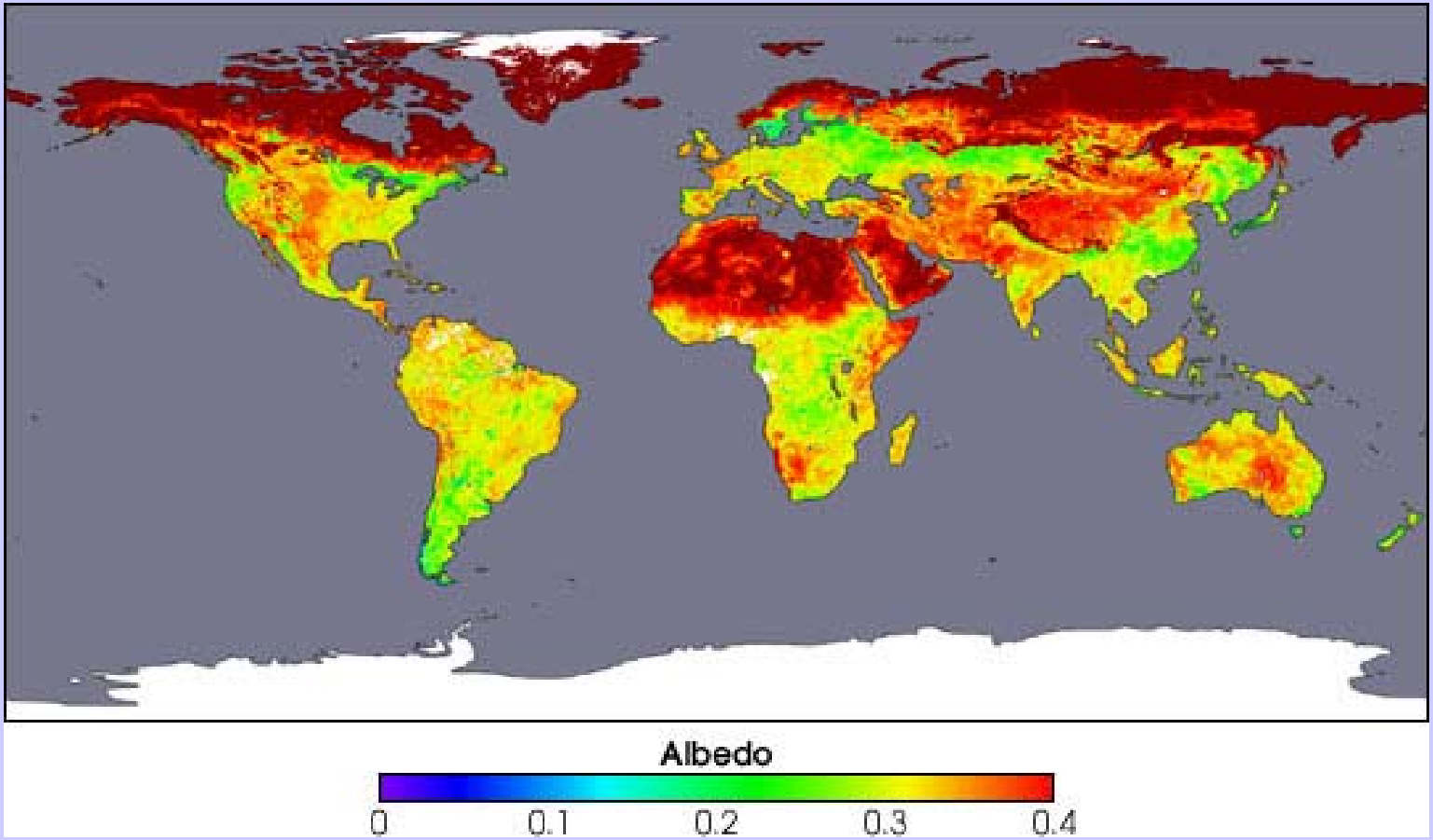

10^4
10^3
10^2
10
1.0
10^{-1}
10^{-2}
10^{-3}
r (μm)
∝ = 50
∝ = 0.1
∝ << 1
Geometric optics
Mie scattering
Rayleigh scattering
Negligible scattering
Solar radiation
Terrestrial radiation
Weather radar
1
10
10^2
10^3
10^4
10^5
λ (μm)
Raindrops
Drizzle
Cloud droplets
Smoke, dust, haze
Air molecules


Iλ
ϕ
Volume = sec ϕ dz
dz
Iλ − dIλ

Conceptos claves

L, I = Intensidad o radianza [$Wm^{-2}sr^{-1}$]
E, F = densidad de flujo o irradianza [Wm^{-2}]





Nieve Fresca (0.75-0.90), arena seca (0.35-0.40), concreto (0.17-0.2), asfalto (0.05-0.1), desierto (0.25-0.30), selva (0.05-0.20), mar(0.02-0.10)

Tierra: 0.30, Luna:0.10, Venus:0.80, Marte:0.16