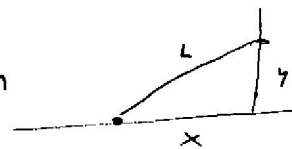


P1)

a)

$$x^2 + y^2 = L^2 \Rightarrow y = \sqrt{L^2 - x^2}$$


$$\Rightarrow x \dot{x} = -y \dot{y} = -y v_0 \quad \wedge \quad \dot{x}^2 + x \ddot{x} = -v_0^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{x} = -\sqrt{\left(\frac{L}{x}\right)^2 - 1} v_0 \Rightarrow \boxed{v = v_0 \sqrt{\left(\frac{L}{x}\right)^2 - 1}} \quad 1,5 \text{ Pt}$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{x} = \frac{(-v_0^2 - \dot{x}^2)}{x} = v_0^2 \left(-1 - \left(\frac{L^2}{x^2} - 1 \right) \right)$$

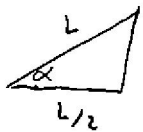
$$\Rightarrow \frac{v_0^2}{x} \left(-\frac{L^2}{x^2} \right) \Rightarrow \boxed{a = \frac{v_0^2 L^2}{x^3}} \quad 1,5 \text{ Pt}$$

b)



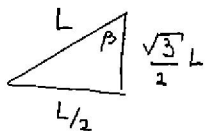
m_b :

$$T \cos \alpha = m_b a$$



$$\frac{T}{2} = m_b \frac{v_0^2 L^2}{\left(\frac{L}{2}\right)^3} \Rightarrow \boxed{T = \frac{16 m_b v_0^2}{L}} \quad 1,5 \text{ Pt}$$

m_a :



$$-T \cos \beta - m_a g + F_v = 0$$

$$F_v = m_a g + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \frac{16 m_b v_0^2}{L}$$

$$\boxed{F_v = m_a g + \frac{\sqrt{3} 8 m_b v_0^2}{L}} \quad 1,5 \text{ Pt}$$