

Solución ejercicio clase anterior

```
public void gradiente(int[][][] imagen)
{
    int celdasPorColor = 0;
    int avance = 1;

    celdasPorColor = (int)Math.ceil((double)this.width/256.0);

    if(this.width<256.0)
        avance = (256)/this.width;
    else
        avance = Math.ceil(this.width/256.0);

    int color = 0;
    int opacidad = 255;

    for(int w=0; w<this.width; w+=celdasPorColor)
    {
        for(int i=0; i<celdasPorColor; i++)
        {
            for(int h=0; h<this.height;h++)
            {
                imagen[w+i][h][1] = color;
                imagen[w+i][h][3] = opacidad;
            }
        }

        opacidad-=avance;
        color+=avance;
    }
}
```

Solución ejercicio clase anterior

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    int color = 0;
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    for(int w=0; w<this.width; w+=celdasPorColor)
    {
        for(int i=0; i<celdasPorColor; i++)
        {
            for(int h=0; h<this.height;h++)
            {
                imagen[w+i][h][1] = color;
                imagen[w+i][h][3] = opacidad;
            }
        }

        opacidad-=avance;
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Solución ejercicio clase anterior

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    int color = 0;
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    for(int w=0; w<this.width; w+=celdasPorColor)
    {
        for(int i=0; i<celdasPorColor; i++)
        {
            for(int h=0; h<this.height;h++)
            {
                imagen[w+i][h][1] = color;
                imagen[w+i][h][3] = opacidad;
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        }

        opacidad-=avance;
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Solución ejercicio clase anterior

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    celdasPorColor = (int)Math.ceil((double)this.width/256.0);

    if(this.width<256.0)
        avance = (256)/this.width;
    else
        avance = Math.ceil(this.width/256.0);

    int color = 0;
    int opacidad = 255;

    for(int w=0; w<this.width; w+=celdasPorColor)
    {
        for(int i=0; i<celdasPorColor; i++)
        {
            for(int h=0; h<this.height;h++)
            {
                imagen[w+i][h][1] = color;
                imagen[w+i][h][3] = opacidad;
            }
        }

        opacidad-=avance;
        color+=avance;
    }
}
```

Solución ejercicio clase anterior

```
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    celdasPorColor = (int)Math.ceil((double)this.width/256.0);

    if(this.width<256.0)
        avance = (256)/this.width;
    else
        avance = Math.ceil(this.width/256.0);

    int color = 0;
    int opacidad = 255;

    for(int w=0; w<this.width; w+=celdasPorColor)
    {
        for(int i=0; i<celdasPorColor; i++)
        {
            for(int h=0; h<this.height;h++)
            {
                imagen[w+i][h][1] = color;
                imagen[w+i][h][3] = opacidad;
            }
        }

        opacidad-=avance;
        color+=avance;
    }
}
```

API Java 2d

API := Application programming interface

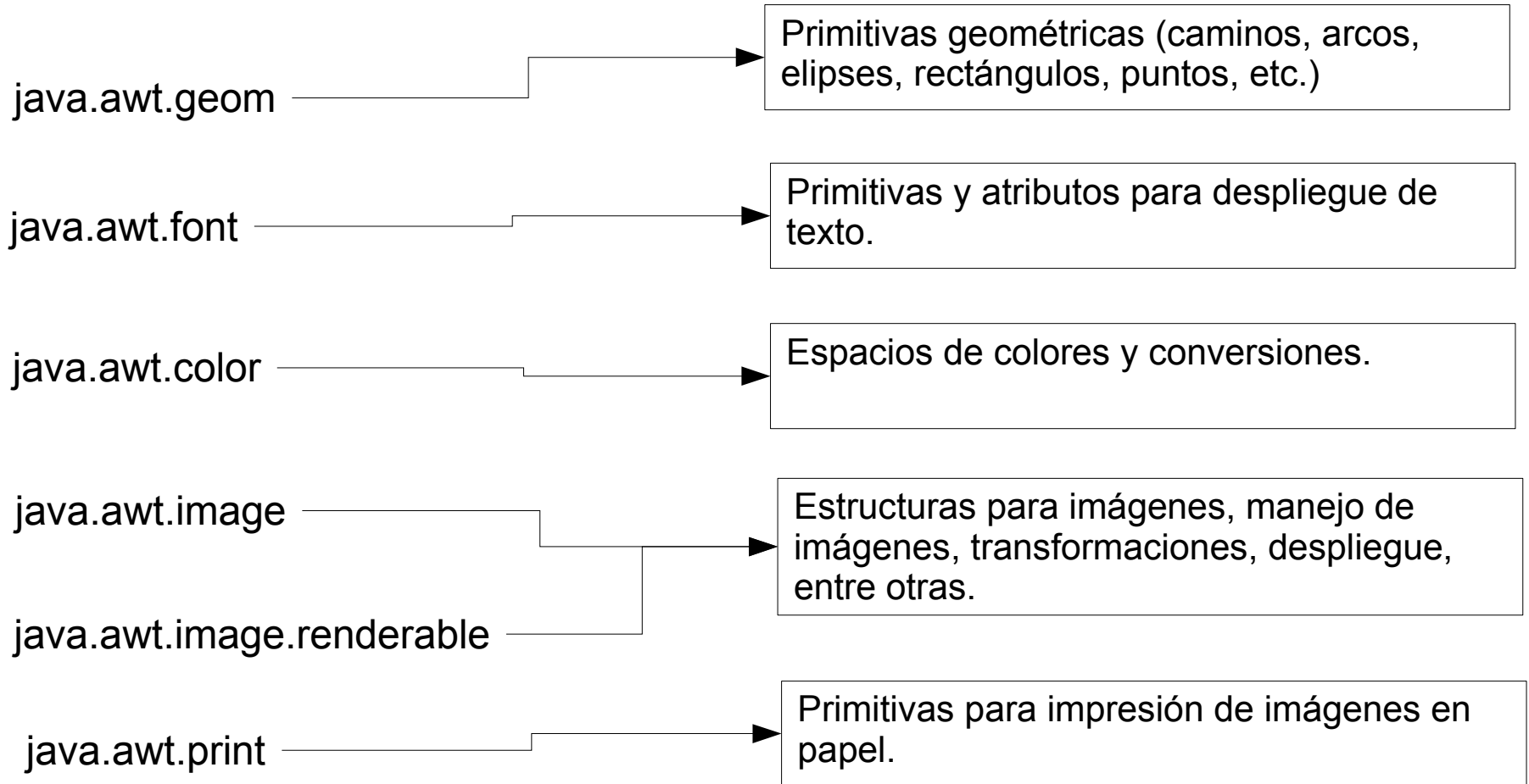
Es un conjunto de clases y sus funciones, empaquetadas. Pretenden otorgar herramientas de programación para facilitar un propósito particular.

API Java 2d :=

Centrada en aplicaciones gráficas bi-dimensionales: imágenes, dibujos, texto, animaciones. (Mantenida por Sun)

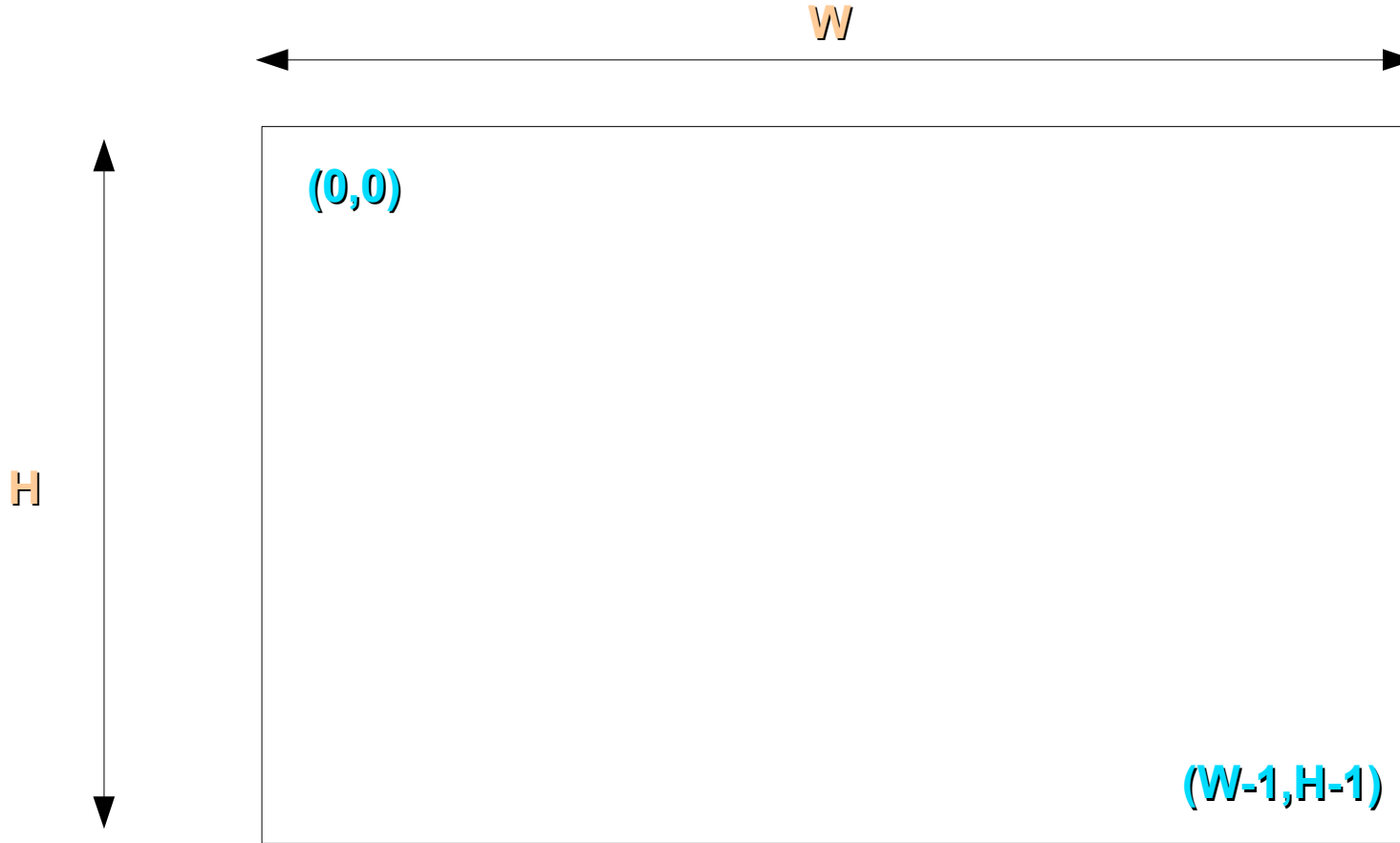
API Java 2d

Principales paquetes:



API Java 2d

Sistema de coordenadas



API Java 2d

Hola Mundo

API Java 2d

Hola mundo!

```
public class Ventana extends JFrame
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        /* Crea este objeto y lo
        * despliega
        */
    }

    public Ventana(int width, int height)
    {
        /* Constructor, inicializa las variables de un objeto JFrame
        * como el tamaño
        * y los objetos que incluye
        */

    }

    public void paint(Graphics g)
    {
        /* Todo objeto JFrame tiene un metodo como este que debe ser
        * implementado. Este método se llama cada vez que el JFrame
        * se mueve, maximiza, minimiza, cambia de aspecto, etc.
        */

    }
}
```

API Java 2d

Hola mundo!

```
public class Ventana extends JFrame
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        /* Crea este objeto y lo
        * despliega
        */
    }

    public Ventana(int width, int height)
    {
        /* Constructor, inicializa las variables de un objeto JFrame
        * como el tamaño
        * y los objetos que incluye
        */
    }

    public void paint(Graphics g)
    {
        /* Todo objeto JFrame tiene un metodo como este que debe ser
        * implementado. Este método se llama cada vez que el JFrame
        * se mueve, maximiza, minimiza, cambia de aspecto, etc.
        */
    }
}
```

Window



API Java 2d

Hola mundo!

Constructor

```
public class Ventana extends JFrame
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        /* Crea este objeto y lo
        * despliega
        */
    }
}
```

```
public Ventana(int width, int height)
{
    /* Constructor, inicializa las variables de un objeto JFrame
    * como el tamaño
    * y los objetos que incluye
    */
}
```

```
public void paint(Graphics g)
{
    /* Todo objeto JFrame tiene un metodo como este que puede ser
    * implementado. Este método se llama cada vez que el JFrame
    * se mueve, maximiza, minimiza, cambia de aspecto, etc.
    */
}
}
```

API Java 2d

Hola mundo!

```
private static JFrame ventana;

public Ventana(int width, int height)
{
    ventana = this;

    ventana.setTitle("Nueva Ventana");

    ventana.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);

    JLabel emptyLabel = new JLabel("Dibujando...");

    emptyLabel.setPreferredSize(new Dimension(175, 100));

    Dimension telaDimensions = new Dimension(width,height);
    this.width = width;
    this.height = height;
    ventana.setSize(telaDimensions);

    ventana.pack();

}
```

API Java 2d

Hola mundo!

```
public void paint(Graphics g)
{
    Graphics2D graficos2D = (Graphics2D)g;
    graficos2D.setRenderingHint(RenderingHints.KEY_ANTIALIASING, RenderingHints.VALUE_ANTIALIAS_ON);

    Dimension dimensions = ventana.getSize();

    int gridWidth = (int)dimensions.getWidth();
    int gridHeight = (int)dimensions.getHeight();

    this.width = gridWidth;
    this.height = gridHeight;

    graficos2D.clearRect(0, 0, this.width, this.height);

    maxCharHeight = this.height/2;

    gridWidth = gridWidth - 100;

    FontMetrics fontMetrics = pickFont(graficos2D, "Hola Mundo", gridWidth);

    Color fg3D = Color.blue;

    graficos2D.setPaint(fg3D);

    graficos2D.drawString("Hola Mundo", 25, gridHeight/2);

    graficos2D.draw3DRect(5, 20, this.width - 20, this.height - 30, true);
}
```

API Java 2d

Hola mundo!

```
public void paint(Graphics g)
{
    Graphics2D graficos2D = (Graphics2D)g;
    graficos2D.setRenderingHint(RenderingHints.KEY_ANTIALIASING, RenderingHints.VALUE_ANTIALIAS_ON);

    Dimension dimensions = ventana.getSize();

    int gridWidth = (int)dimensions.getWidth();
    int gridHeight = (int)dimensions.getHeight();

    this.width = gridWidth;
    this.height = gridHeight;

    graficos2D.clearRect(0, 0, this.width, this.height);

    maxCharHeight = this.height/2;

    gridWidth = gridWidth - 100;

    FontMetrics fontMetrics = pickFont(graficos2D, "Hola Mundo", gridWidth);

    Color fg3D = Color.blue;

    graficos2D.setPaint(fg3D);

    graficos2D.drawString("Hola Mundo", 25, gridHeight/2);

    graficos2D.draw3DRect(5, 20, this.width - 20, this.height - 30, true);
}
```

API Java 2d

Formas v 1.0

API Java 2d

Formas v 1.0

```
public class RoundedRectangles extends JApplet
{

    public void init()
    {
        /* Primer metodo que se llama al ejecutar
        *
        */

    }

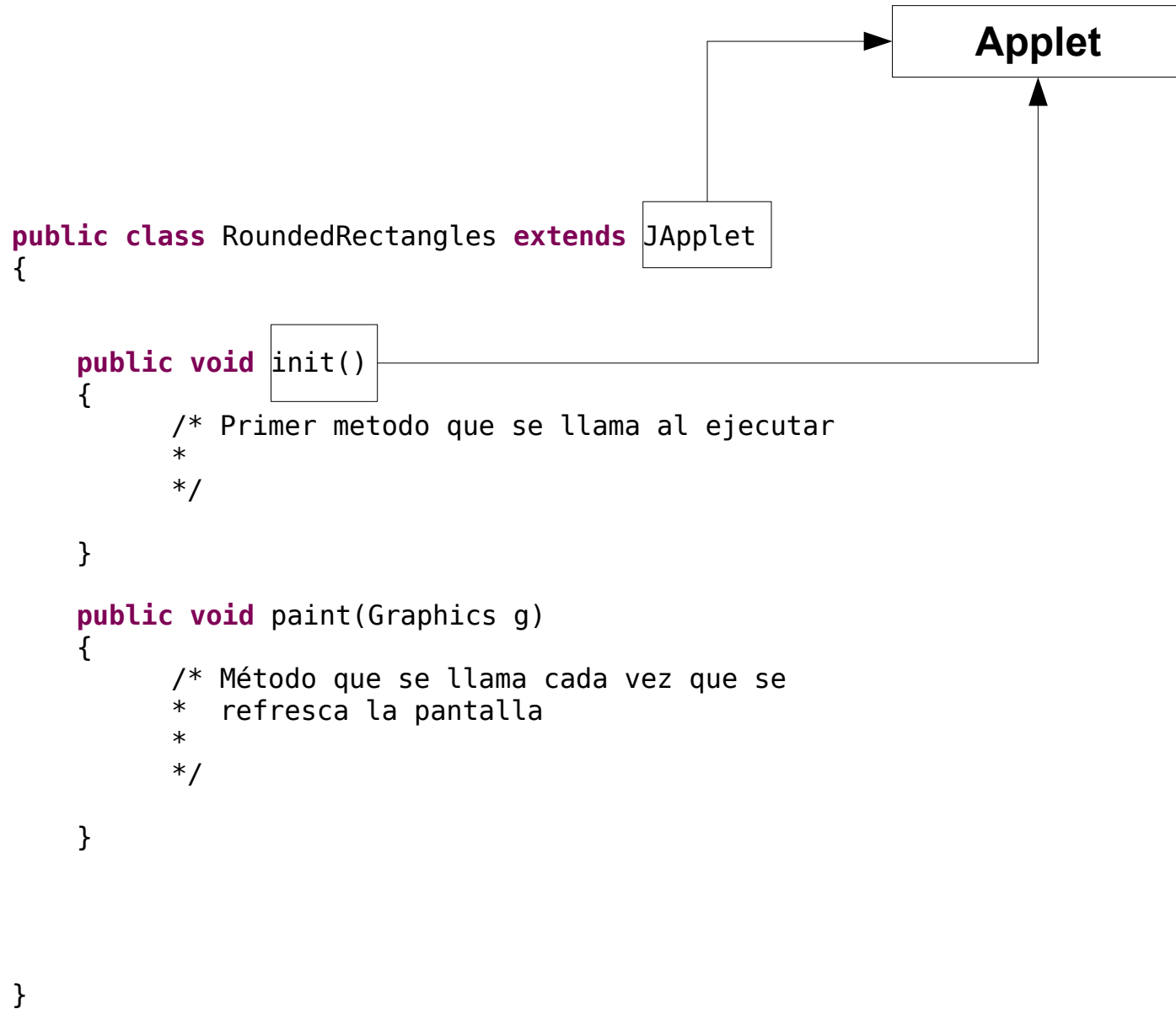
    public void paint(Graphics g)
    {
        /* Método que se llama cada vez que se
        * refresca la pantalla
        *
        */

    }

}
```

API Java 2d

Formas v 1.0



API Java 2d

Formas v 1.0

```
public void init()
{
    setBackground(Color.white);
}
```

```
public void paint(Graphics g)
{
    Graphics2D graphics2D = (Graphics2D) g;
    graphics2D.clearRect(0, 0, width, height);
    graphics2D.setBackground(getBackground());
    graphics2D.clearRect(0, 0, width, height);
    graphics2D.setRenderingHint(RenderingHints.KEY_ANTIALIASING, RenderingHints.VALUE_ANTIALIAS_ON);
    draw(width, height, graphics2D);
}
```

API Java 2d

Formas v 1.0

```
public void init()
{
    setBackground(Color.white);
}
```

```
public void paint(Graphics g)
{
    Graphics2D graphics2D = (Graphics2D) g;
    graphics2D.clearRect(0, 0, width, height);
    graphics2D.setBackground(getBackground());
    graphics2D.clearRect(0, 0, width, height);
    graphics2D.setRenderingHint(RenderingHints.KEY_ANTIALIASING, RenderingHints.VALUE_ANTIALIAS_ON);
    draw(width, height, graphics2D);
}
```

API Java 2d

Formas v 1.0

```
public void draw(int w, int h, Graphics2D graphics2D)
{
    Shape[] shapes = new Shape[shapeNumbers];
    double arcw = 0.5;
    double arch = 0.5;
    double step = 20.5;

    for(int i=0; i<shapeNumbers; i++)
    {
        int x1 = i*rectangleWidth;
        int y1 = i*rectangleWidth;
        int widthRectangle = w-2*rectangleWidth*i;
        int heightRectangle = h-2*rectangleWidth*i;
        shapes[i] = new RoundRectangle2D.Double(x1, y1, widthRectangle, heightRectangle, arcw, arch);
        graphics2D.setPaint(new Fill(x1, y1, widthRectangle, heightRectangle));
        graphics2D.draw(shapes[i]);
        graphics2D.fill(shapes[i]);
    }
}
```

API Java 2d

Formas v 1.0

```
public void draw(int w, int h, Graphics2D graphics2D)
{
    Shape[] shapes = new Shape[shapeNumbers];
    double arcw = 0.5;
    double arch = 0.5;
    double step = 20.5;

    for(int i=0; i<shapeNumbers; i++)
    {
        int x1 = i*rectangleWidth;
        int y1 = i*rectangleWidth;
        int widthRectangle = w-2*rectangleWidth*i;
        int heightRectangle = h-2*rectangleWidth*i;

        shapes[i] = new RoundRectangle2D.Double(x1, y1, widthRectangle, heightRectangle, arcw, arch);
        graphics2D.draw(shapes[i]);

        graphics2D.setPaint(new Fill(x1, y1, widthRectangle, heightRectangle));
        graphics2D.fill(shapes[i]);
    }
}
```

API Java 2d

Formas v 1.0

```
private GradientPaint newFill(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)
{
    int r1 = (int)(Math.random()*255+1);
    int g1 = (int)(Math.random()*255+1);
    int b1 = (int)(Math.random()*255+1);
    int r2 = (int)(Math.random()*255+1);
    int g2 = (int)(Math.random()*255+1);
    int b2 = (int)(Math.random()*255+1);

    Color color1 = new Color(r1, g1, b1);
    Color color2 = new Color(r2, g2, b2);

    GradientPaint gradient = new GradientPaint(x1, y1, color1, x2, y2, color2, true);

    return gradient;
}
```

API Java 2d

Formas v 1.0

```
private GradientPaint newFill(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)
{
    int r1 = (int)(Math.random()*255+1);
    int g1 = (int)(Math.random()*255+1);
    int b1 = (int)(Math.random()*255+1);
    int r2 = (int)(Math.random()*255+1);
    int g2 = (int)(Math.random()*255+1);
    int b2 = (int)(Math.random()*255+1);

    Color color1 = new Color(r1, g1, b1);
    Color color2 = new Color(r2, g2, b2);

    GradientPaint gradient = new GradientPaint(x1, y1, color1, x2, y2, color2, true);

    return gradient;
}
```


API Java 2d

Formas v 2.0

API Java 2d

Formas v 2.0 (usando buffering)

```
public void paint(Graphics g)
{
    Graphics2D graphics2D = (Graphics2D) g;

    graphics2D.clearRect(0, 0, width, height);
    graphics2D.setBackground(getBackground());

    graphics2D.setRenderingHint(RenderingHints.KEY_ANTIALIASING, RenderingHints.VALUE_ANTIALIAS_ON);

    graphics2D.drawImage(draw(width, height), 0, 0, this);
}
```

API Java 2d

Formas v 2.0 (usando buffering)

```
public void paint(Graphics g)
{
    Graphics2D graphics2D = (Graphics2D) g;

    graphics2D.clearRect(0, 0, width, height);
    graphics2D.setBackground(getBackground());

    graphics2D.setRenderingHint(RenderingHints.KEY_ANTIALIASING, RenderingHints.VALUE_ANTIALIAS_ON);

    graphics2D.drawImage(draw(width, height), 0, 0, this);
}
```

API Java 2d

Formas v 2.0 (usando buffering)

```
public BufferedImage draw(int w, int h)
{
    BufferedImage buffer = (BufferedImage) createImage(w, h);
    Graphics2D graphics2D = buffer.createGraphics();

    Shape[] shapes = new Shape[shapeNumbers];
    double arcw = 0.5;
    double arch = 0.5;
    double step = 20.5;

    for(int i=0; i<shapeNumbers; i++)
    {
        int x1 = i*rectangleWidth;
        int y1 = i*rectangleWidth;
        int widthRectangle = w-2*rectangleWidth*i;
        int heightRectangle = h-2*rectangleWidth*i;

        shapes[i] = new RoundRectangle2D.Double(x1, y1, widthRectangle, heightRectangle, arcw, arch);
        graphics2D.setPaint(new Fill(x1, y1, widthRectangle, heightRectangle));
        graphics2D.draw(shapes[i]);
        graphics2D.fill(shapes[i]);
    }

    return buffer;
}
```

API Java 2d

Formas v 2.0 (usando buffering)

```
public BufferedImage draw(int w, int h)
{
    BufferedImage buffer = (BufferedImage) createImage(w, h);
    Graphics2D graphics2D = buffer.createGraphics();

    Shape[] shapes = new Shape[shapeNumbers];
    double arcw = 0.5;
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    double step = 20.5;

    for(int i=0; i<shapeNumbers; i++)
    {
        int x1 = i*rectangleWidth;
        int y1 = i*rectangleWidth;
        int widthRectangle = w-2*rectangleWidth*i;
        int heightRectangle = h-2*rectangleWidth*i;

        shapes[i] = new RoundRectangle2D.Double(x1, y1, widthRectangle, heightRectangle, arcw, arch);
        graphics2D.setPaint(new Fill(x1, y1, widthRectangle, heightRectangle));
        graphics2D.draw(shapes[i]);
        graphics2D.fill(shapes[i]);
    }

    return buffer;
}
```

API Java 2d

Animación

Animación con Doble Buffering

API Java 2d

Animación con Doble Buffering

```
public class Animation extends JApplet
{
    public void init() { // Lo mismo mas ahora Inicializa buffers }

    public void paint(Graphics g)
    {
        //Llama a draw(...)
        //Dibuja el buffer de lectura
        //Llama a repaint();
    }

    public void draw(int w, int h)
    {
        //Dibuja en el buffer de escritura
        //Llama a Shape
        //Llama a drawImage
        //Interchangea el buffer de lectura con el de escritura
    }

    private void drawImage(Graphics2D graphics2D, String filename)
    {
        //Dibuja en graphics2D una imagen leida desde un archivo
    }

    private void drawShape()
    {
        //Suma (circular con el borde) de la posicion
        //Setea nueva posicion en la figura
    }

    private void calculatePosition()
    {
        //Calcula nuevas posiciones (suma circular con el borde)
    }

    private GradientPaint newFill(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)
    {
        //Igual que antes, pero esta vez se llama sólo en init() [no queremos que cambien los colores]
    }
}
```

API Java 2d

Animación con Doble Buffering

```
public void init()
{
    setBackground(Color.white);

    Dimension dimension = this.getSize();

    width = (int)dimension.getWidth();
    height = (int)dimension.getHeight();

    buffer1 = (BufferedImage) createImage(width, height);
    buffer2 = (BufferedImage) createImage(width, height);

    readBuffer = buffer1;
    writeBuffer = buffer2;

    ellipseWidth = (int)(Math.random()*width+25)/2;
    ellipseHeight = ellipseWidth;

    px = (int)(Math.random()*width+1);
    py = (int)(Math.random()*height+1);
    xStep = 1;
    yStep = 1;
    genericShape = new Ellipse2D.Double(px,py, ellipseWidth,ellipseHeight);

    gradient = new Fill((int)px, (int)py, (int)ellipseWidth, (int)ellipseHeight);
}
```


API Java 2d

Animación con Doble Buffering

```
public void init()
{
    setBackground(Color.white);

    Dimension dimension = this.getSize();

    width = (int)dimension.getWidth();
    height = (int)dimension.getHeight();

    buffer1 = (BufferedImage) createImage(width, height);
    buffer2 = (BufferedImage) createImage(width, height);

    readBuffer = buffer1;
    writeBuffer = buffer2;

    ellipseWidth = (int)(Math.random()*width+25)/2;
    ellipseHeight = ellipseWidth;

    px = (int)(Math.random()*width+1);
    py = (int)(Math.random()*height+1);
    xStep = 1;
    yStep = 1;
    genericShape = new Ellipse2D.Double(px,py, ellipseWidth,ellipseHeight);

    gradient = new Fill((int)px, (int)py, (int)ellipseWidth, (int)ellipseHeight);
}
```

API Java 2d

Animación con Doble Buffering

```
public void draw(int w, int h)
{
    Graphics2D graphics2D = (Graphics2D)(writeBuffer.getGraphics());

    graphics2D.clearRect(0, 0, width, height);
    graphics2D.setBackground(getBackground());
    graphics2D.setRenderingHint(RenderingHints.KEY_ANTIALIASING, RenderingHints.VALUE_ANTIALIAS_ON);
    drawImage(graphics2D, imageFile);

    drawShape();
    graphics2D.draw(genericShape);
    graphics2D.setPaint(gradient);
    graphics2D.fill(genericShape);

    BufferedImage tmpBuffer = readBuffer;

    readBuffer = writeBuffer;
    writeBuffer = tmpBuffer;

}
```

API Java 2d

Animación con Doble Buffering

```
public void draw(int w, int h)
{
    Graphics2D graphics2D = (Graphics2D)(writeBuffer.getGraphics());

    graphics2D.clearRect(0, 0, width, height);

    graphics2D.setBackground(getBackground());

    graphics2D.setRenderingHint(RenderingHints.KEY_ANTIALIASING, RenderingHints.VALUE_ANTIALIAS_ON);

    drawImage(graphics2D, imageFile);

    drawShape();
    graphics2D.draw(genericShape);
    graphics2D.setPaint(gradient);
    graphics2D.fill(genericShape);

    BufferedImage tmpBuffer = readBuffer;

    readBuffer = writeBuffer;
    writeBuffer = tmpBuffer;

}
```

API Java 2d

Animación con Doble Buffering

```
public void draw(int w, int h)
{
    Graphics2D graphics2D = (Graphics2D)(writeBuffer.getGraphics());

    graphics2D.clearRect(0, 0, width, height);

    graphics2D.setBackground(getBackground());

    graphics2D.setRenderingHint(RenderingHints.KEY_ANTIALIASING, RenderingHints.VALUE_ANTIALIAS_ON);

    drawImage(graphics2D, imageFile);

    drawShape();
    graphics2D.draw(genericShape);
    graphics2D.setPaint(gradient);
    graphics2D.fill(genericShape);

    BufferedImage tmpBuffer = readBuffer;

    readBuffer = writeBuffer;
    writeBuffer = tmpBuffer;

}
```

API Java 2d

Animación con Doble Buffering

```
public void draw(int w, int h)
{
    Graphics2D graphics2D = (Graphics2D)(writeBuffer.getGraphics());

    graphics2D.clearRect(0, 0, width, height);
    graphics2D.setBackground(getBackground());
    graphics2D.setRenderingHint(RenderingHints.KEY_ANTIALIASING, RenderingHints.VALUE_ANTIALIAS_ON);
    drawImage(graphics2D, imageFile);



drawShape();
        graphics2D.draw(genericShape);
        graphics2D.setPaint(gradient);
        graphics2D.fill(genericShape);



    BufferedImage tmpBuffer = readBuffer;

    readBuffer = writeBuffer;
    writeBuffer = tmpBuffer;

}
```

API Java 2d

Animación con Doble Buffering

```
public void draw(int w, int h)
{
    Graphics2D graphics2D = (Graphics2D)(writeBuffer.getGraphics());

    graphics2D.clearRect(0, 0, width, height);

    graphics2D.setBackground(getBackground());

    graphics2D.setRenderingHint(RenderingHints.KEY_ANTIALIASING, RenderingHints.VALUE_ANTIALIAS_ON);

    drawImage(graphics2D, imageFile);

    drawShape();
    graphics2D.draw(genericShape);
    graphics2D.setPaint(gradient);
    graphics2D.fill(genericShape);

    BufferedImage tmpBuffer = readBuffer;

    readBuffer = writeBuffer;
    writeBuffer = tmpBuffer;

}
```

API Java 2d

Animación con Doble Buffering

```
public void paint(Graphics g)
{
    Graphics2D graphics2D = (Graphics2D)g;

    draw(width, height);

    graphics2D.drawImage(readBuffer, 0, 0, this);
    repaint();
}
```

API Java 2d

Animación con Doble Buffering

```
public void paint(Graphics g)
{
    Graphics2D graphics2D = (Graphics2D)g;

    draw(width, height);

    graphics2D.drawImage(readBuffer, 0, 0, this);
    repaint();
}

private void drawImage(Graphics2D graphics2D, String filename)
{
    Image image = getToolkit().getImage(filename);

    graphics2D.drawImage(image, 0, 0, this);
}

private void drawShape()
{
    calculatePosition();
    genericShape.setFrame(px,py, ellipseWidth, ellipseHeight);
}
```


API Java 2d

Animación con Doble Buffering

```
private void drawImage(Graphics2D graphics2D, String filename)
{
    Image image = getToolkit().getImage(filename);

    graphics2D.drawImage(image, 0, 0, this);
}

private void drawShape()
{
    calculatePosition();
    genericShape.setFrame(px,py, ellipseWidth, ellipseHeight);
}

private void calculatePosition()
{
    px=px+xStep;
    py=py+yStep;

    if((px+ellipseWidth>=width)&&(xStep==1))
        xStep = -1;
    else if((px<0)&&(xStep==-1))
        xStep=1;

    if((py+ellipseHeight>=height)&&(yStep==1))
        yStep = -1;
    else if((py<0)&&(yStep==-1))
        yStep=1;
}

private GradientPaint newFill(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)
{
    Color color1 = new Color((int)(Math.random()*255+1), (int)(Math.random()*255+1), (int)
(Math.random()*255+1));
    Color color2 = new Color((int)(Math.random()*255+1), (int)(Math.random()*255+1), (int)
(Math.random()*255+1));

    GradientPaint gradient = new GradientPaint(x1, y1, color1, x2, y2, color2, true);
    return gradient;
}
```

Ejercicio

Implementar un JApplet que dibuje rectángulos en una posición aleatoria, de ancho y alto aleatorios y con un gradiente de colores aleatorios. En la pantalla aparece sólo un rectángulo a la vez, que cambia de propiedades (alto, ancho, posición y gradiente) cada 0.5 segundos. Debe implementar las funciones paint, draw y drawRectangle. Paint debe utilizar doble buffering, graficar el buffer de lectura y debe llamar a draw, draw debe dibujar en el buffer de escritura llamando a drawNewRectangle() y luego debe intercambiar los buffers, mientras que drawNewRect debe generar un nuevo rectángulo con nuevas propiedades.

Hint 1: Notar que las funciones paint y draw se mantienen, salvo pequeños cambios.

Hint 2: Considere que ya está implementada la función GradientPaint newFill() y que no necesita ingresarle parámetros.

Hint 3: Para dormir el proceso actual 0,5 segundos, puede utilizar la función Thread.sleep(500, 0)

```
public void paint(Graphics g)

public void draw(int w, int h)

private void drawNewRectangle()
```