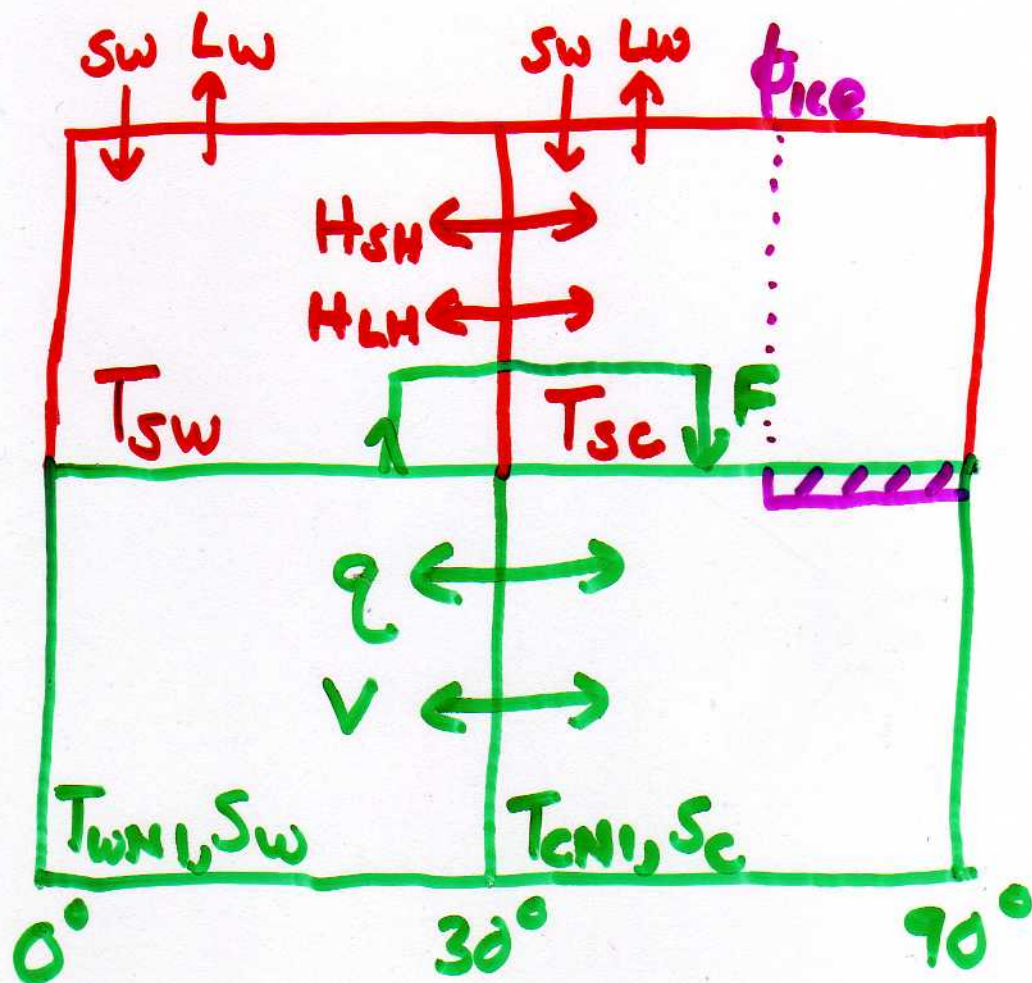


## 4 Box, Coupled Climate Model



As in 2 Box, Energy Balance Model:

$$SW(x, T), \quad LW = A + BT$$

$$\alpha(x, T), \quad T(x) = C_1 + C_2 P_2(x)$$

$$T_i = -10^\circ\text{C}, \quad \text{where } x = \sin \phi$$



As in the 2 Box, THC model  
with a "wind-driven circulation"  $V$ :

$$q = k' [\alpha_{ES} (T_{WN} - T_{EN}) - \beta_{ES} (S_w - S_e)]$$

Heat transport in the THC,  $H_T$ ,  
is  $|q| (T_{WN} - T_{EN})$

Heat transport in the WDC,  $H_V$ ,  
is  $V (T_{WN} - T_{EN})$

$T_{WN}, T_{EN}$  are equal to mean  
temperatures in the "ice-free"  
parts of the atmosphere boxes  
but also have a lower bound  
of  $T_f = -1.8^\circ\text{C}$ .



The WDC is parameterized as:

$$V = \chi_1 (T_{sw} - T_{se})$$

(wind strength  $\rightarrow$  Sverdrup Trans.)

Sensible heat transport,  $H_{sh}$ , is:

$$\chi_2 (T_{sw} - T_{se})$$

Latent heat transport,  $H_{lh}$ , is:

$$\chi_3 L_v \exp(-5420/(T(30^\circ) + 273)) (T_{sw} - T_{se})$$

where  $L_v$  is the latent heat of vaporization and  $T(30^\circ)$  is

atmospheric  $T$  at  $30^\circ$  latitude

(uses the Clausius -

Clapeyron relation)



Atmospheric moisture transport,  $F$ , is:

$$X_3 \exp(-5420/(T(30) + 273)/(T_{sw} - T_{se}))$$

For given solar constant,  $pCH_4$  and  $pCO_2$ , stable steady state solutions are found by simultaneous iteration to satisfy energy and salt balance.

Values for  $k$  and  $X_{1-3}$  are chosen so that simulations match observed energy and moisture transports.