

PANDEO

AUX 8

L

1



2



3



4



$$L_{eq} = KL : L$$

2L

$\frac{L}{2}$

0.7 L

$$P_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 EI}{L_{eq}^2} : \frac{\pi^2 EI}{L^2}$$

$$\frac{\pi^2 EI}{4L^2}$$

$$\frac{4\pi^2 EI}{L^2}$$

$$\frac{2.016 \pi^2 EI}{L^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_{cr} = \frac{P_{cr}}{A} \quad \text{ESFUERZO CRÍTICO}$$

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{I}{A}} \quad \text{radio de giro}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 E}{\left(\frac{L}{r}\right)^2}$$

con "relación de Esbeltez".

$$\lambda = \frac{L_{eq}}{r} = \frac{L_{eq}}{\sqrt{\frac{I}{A}}} = \frac{L_{eq}}{r}$$

CRITERIO DE DISEÑO

$$\sigma_c(FS) = \frac{P}{A} \cdot (FS) \leq \sigma_{cr}$$

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$$P \cdot (FS) \leq P_{cr}$$

σ_c : ESFUERZO DE COMPRESIÓN.

FS: FACTOR DE SEGURIDAD. (4,8)

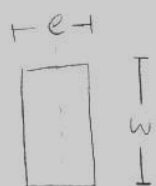
P1) DISEÑE una COLUMNA DE ALERO DE SECCIÓN RECTANGULAR ($L = 15 \text{ m}$) EN LA CUAL EL ANCHO SEA IGUAL A 3 VECES EL ESPESOR. LA CARGA DE DISEÑO ES DE 5000 lb y el FS es 4.



LAS PROP. MECÁNICAS DEL MATERIAL SON:

$$\begin{cases} \sigma_{\text{fluencia}} = 75 \text{ kpsi} \\ E = 30 \text{ Mpsi} = 2,1 \cdot 10^{11} \text{ (Pa)} \end{cases}$$

SOL)



$$w = 3e$$

$$\text{luego } I = \frac{1}{12} \cdot w e^3$$

$$I = \frac{e^4}{4}$$

$$L_{eq} = 1 \quad L = 15 \text{ m}$$

$$L_{eq} = 0,4 \text{ (m)}$$

$$P_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 E I}{L_{eq}^2} \Rightarrow I = \frac{P_{cr} \cdot L_{eq}^2}{\pi^2 E}$$

$$I = \frac{P_{cr} \cdot 1 \text{ (m}^2\text{)}}{\pi^2 \cdot 2,1 \cdot 10^{11} \text{ (Pa)}}$$

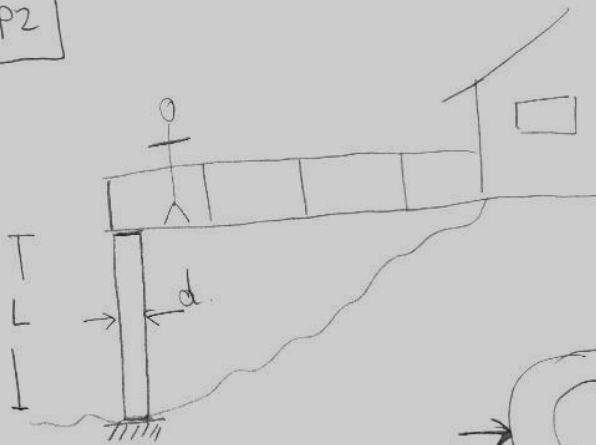
$$I = \frac{P_{cr}}{2,1 \cdot 10^{11} \cdot \pi^2} \left(\frac{\text{m}^4}{\text{N}} \right)$$

luego criterio diseño $P_{cr} = 4 \cdot P \Rightarrow P_{cr} = 20.000 \text{ lb} = 89 \cdot 10^3 \text{ (N)}$

$$\Rightarrow I = 4,294 \cdot 10^{-8} \text{ (m}^4\text{)} \Rightarrow e^4 = 1,718 \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ (m}^4\text{)}$$

$$\Rightarrow e = 0,02 \text{ m} \quad \wedge \quad w = 0,06 \text{ m}$$

P2]



DATOS]

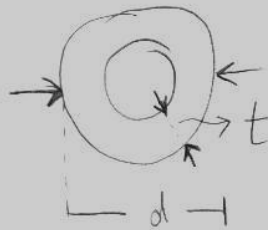
MATERIAL : ALUMINIO .

$$E = 72 \text{ (GPa)}$$

COLUMNA]

$$L = 3,25 \text{ (m)}$$

$$d = 100 \text{ (mm)} = 0,1 \text{ (m)}$$



CARGA DISEÑO]

$$P = 100 \text{ (kN)}$$

$$FS = 3$$

SOL]

$$I = I_{\text{ext}} - I_{\text{int}}$$

$$I = \frac{\pi}{64} [d^4 - (d-2t)^4]$$

$$\Rightarrow I = -0,785 t [t^3 - 0,2 t^2 + 0,015 t - 5 \cdot 10^{-4}] \quad (1)$$

$$L_{eq} = L$$

$$L_{eq} = 3,25 \text{ (m)}$$

$$P_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 E I}{L_{eq}^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow P_{cr} = \frac{3,046 \cdot \pi^2 \cdot 72 \cdot 10^9 \text{ (Pa)} I}{3,25^2 \text{ (m}^2)}$$

$$\Rightarrow P_{cr} = 1,37648 \cdot 10^{11} \cdot I \left(\frac{N}{m^4} \right)$$

critério de EIGEN

$$P_{cr} = (FS) \cdot P$$

$$1,37648 \cdot 10^{11} \cdot I \left(\frac{N}{m^4} \right) = 3 \cdot 100 \cdot 10^3 (N)$$

$$\Rightarrow I = 2,179 \cdot 10^{-6} (m^4) \quad (2)$$

(1) = (2)

$$\Rightarrow 2,179 \cdot 10^{-6} = -0,785 t \left[t^3 - 0,2t^2 + 0,015t - 5 \cdot 10^{-4} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 = +0,785 t \left[t^3 - 0,2t^2 + 0,015t - 5 \cdot 10^{-4} \right] + 2,179 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

$$\Rightarrow t = \begin{cases} 0,093 (m) \\ 0,007 (m) \\ 0,05 + 0,043 i (m) \\ 0,05 - 0,043 i (m) \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow t = 0,007 (m) \Rightarrow t = 7 \text{ mm}$$