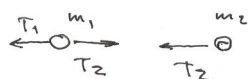


Ambas partículas se mueven en trayectorias circulares con velocidad constante

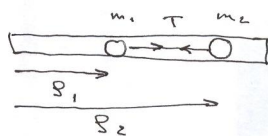


$$T_2 = \frac{m_2 (\omega_0 2L)^2}{2L} = 2m_2 \omega_0^2 L$$

$$T_1 - T_2 = \frac{m_1 (\omega_0 L)^2}{L} \rightarrow T_1 = 2m_2 \omega_0^2 L + m_1 \omega_0^2 L$$

$$T_1 = (2m_2 + m_1) \omega_0^2 L$$

La cuerda se corta...



$$m_1 (\ddot{s}_1 - s_1 \omega_0^2) = T \quad (1)$$

$$m_2 (\ddot{s}_2 - s_2 \omega_0^2) = -T \quad (2)$$

Mientras la cuerda se mantiene tensa $s_2 = s_1 + L$
 $\ddot{s}_2 = \ddot{s}_1$

$$(1) + (2): (m_1 + m_2) \ddot{s}_1 - m_1 s_1 \omega_0^2 - m_2 (s_1 + L) \omega_0^2 = 0$$

$$\ddot{s}_1 = \omega_0^2 s_1 + \frac{m_2 L \omega_0^2}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$s_1(t) = A e^{\omega_0 t} + B e^{-\omega_0 t} + \frac{m_2 L}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$\text{C.I. } (t=0) \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} s_1 = L \\ \dot{s}_1|_{t=0} = 0 \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} L = A + B - \frac{m_2 L}{m_1 + m_2} \\ 0 = \omega_0 A - \omega_0 B \end{array}$$

$$A = \frac{m_1}{m_1 + m_2} \frac{L}{2} = B$$

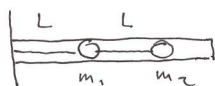
$$\therefore s_1(t) = \frac{m_1}{m_1 + m_2} \frac{L}{2} (e^{\omega_0 t} + e^{-\omega_0 t}) + \frac{m_2 L}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$(1) - (2) \quad 2T = (m_1 - m_2) \ddot{s}_1 + m_2 (s_1 + L) \omega_0^2 - m_1 s_1 \omega_0^2$$

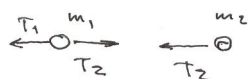
$$2T = \frac{2m_1 m_2 L \omega_0^2}{m_1 + m_2} \rightarrow$$

$$T = \frac{m_1 m_2}{m_1 + m_2} L \omega_0^2 > 0$$

LA CUERDA NUNCA SE
SUELTA !!



Ambas partículas se mueven en trayectorias circulares con velocidad constante

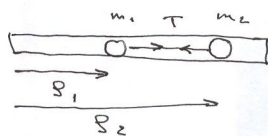


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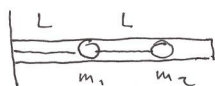
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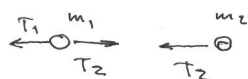
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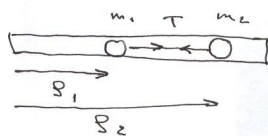


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$$\therefore s_1(t) = \frac{m_1}{m_1 + m_2} L \left(\frac{e^{\omega_0 t} + e^{-\omega_0 t}}{2} \right) + \frac{m_2 L}{m_1 + m_2}$$

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