

Pauta Ejercicio 1

P1 | Uniendo el origen en el centro de la esfera

$$\vec{r} = -a\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{r}' = a\hat{r} = a(\hat{i}\sin\theta\cos\phi + \hat{j}\sin\theta\sin\phi + \hat{k}\cos\theta)$$

$$dS = a^2\sin\theta d\theta d\phi$$

$$\vec{r} - \vec{r}' = a(-\hat{i}\sin\theta\cos\phi - \hat{j}\sin\theta\sin\phi - (1+\cos\theta)\hat{k})$$

$$|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'| = a\sqrt{\sin^2\theta\cos^2\phi + \sin^2\theta\sin^2\phi + (1+\cos\theta)^2}$$

$$= a\sqrt{\sin^2\theta + 1 + \cos^2\theta + 2\cos\theta}$$

$$= a\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+\cos\theta}$$

$$= a\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2}\cos\frac{\theta}{2}$$

$$\frac{a}{2}$$

$$-d\vec{E} = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\phi}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|^3} (\vec{r} - \vec{r}') \quad \text{las componentes en } \hat{i} \text{ y } \hat{j} \text{ dan cero por simetría, luego}$$

$$d\vec{E} = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{a^2\sin\theta d\theta d\phi}{a^3 - 2a^2\cos\frac{\theta}{2}} \cdot a(1+\cos\theta)(-\hat{k}) \quad 2\cos^2\frac{\theta}{2}$$

$$\boxed{d\vec{E} = -\frac{1}{8\epsilon_0} \frac{\sin\theta d\theta}{\cos\frac{\theta}{2}}} = -\frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}\epsilon_0} \frac{\sin\theta d\theta}{\sqrt{1+\cos\theta}} \hat{k}$$

P2 | en CGS, $k = 1 \left[\frac{\text{dyn} \cdot \text{cm}^2}{\text{u.e.c}^2} \right]$

en MKS, $k = 8,99 \cdot 10^9 \left[\frac{\text{N} \cdot \text{m}^2}{\text{C}^2} \right]$

$$\text{dyn} = \frac{\text{g} \cdot \text{cm}}{\text{s}^2} = \frac{10^{-3} \text{kg} \cdot 10^{-2} \text{m}}{\text{s}^2} = 10^{-5} \left[\frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \right] = 10^{-5} [\text{N}]$$

$$\text{cm}^2 = (10^{-2} [\text{m}])^2 = 10^{-4} [\text{m}^2]$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 \cdot 10^{-5} [\text{N}] \cdot 10^{-4} [\text{m}^2] = 9 \cdot 10^9 \left[\frac{\text{N} \cdot \text{m}^2}{\text{C}^2} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{10^{-9} [\text{C}^2]}{9 \cdot 10^9} = 1 [\text{u.e.c}^2] \Rightarrow 1 [\text{u.e.c}] = \frac{1}{3} 10^9 [\text{C}]$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 [\text{C}] = 3 \cdot 10^9 [\text{u.e.c}]$$