

## TORSION DE SAINT VENANT: ELEMENTO TRIANGULAR DE 6 NODOS EJE CIRCULAR CON RANURA

Coordenadas de los nodos

ORIGIN := 1

$$k := 1 \dots 61$$

$$x_k := 0$$

$$y_k := 0$$

$$i := 1 \dots 24$$

$$\alpha_i := (i - 1) \cdot \frac{\pi}{12}$$

$$x_i := \sin(\alpha_i)$$

$$y_i := -\cos(\alpha_i)$$

$$i := 1 \dots 12$$

$$\alpha_i := (i - 1) \cdot \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$x_{i+24} := \frac{\sin(\alpha_i)}{2}$$

$$y_{i+24} := \frac{-\cos(\alpha_i)}{2}$$

$$b := 2 \cdot \cos\left(\pi \cdot \frac{75}{180}\right)$$

$$b = 0.518$$

$$x_{18} := b \cdot \cos\left(37.5 \cdot \frac{\pi}{180}\right) - 1$$

$$x_{18} = -0.589$$

$$y_{18} := b \cdot \sin\left(37.5 \cdot \frac{\pi}{180}\right)$$

$$y_{18} = 0.259$$

$$x_{19} := -0.482 \quad y_{19} := 0$$

$$x_{20} := x_{18} \quad y_{20} := -y_{18}$$

$$x_{61} := 0 \quad y_{61} := 0$$

$$f(a, b) := \frac{a + b}{2}$$

$$x_{33} := f(x_{32}, x_{19})$$

$$x_{34} := f(x_{61}, x_{19})$$

$$y_{33} := f(y_{32}, y_{19})$$

$$y_{34} := f(y_{61}, y_{19})$$

$$x_{35} := f(x_{36}, x_{19})$$

$$x_{37} := f(x_{25}, x_1)$$

$$x_{38} := f(x_3, x_{25})$$

$$x_{39} := f(x_3, x_{27})$$

$$y_{35} := f(y_{36}, y_{19})$$

$$y_{37} := f(y_{25}, y_1)$$

$$y_{38} := f(y_3, y_{25})$$

$$y_{39} := f(y_3, y_{27})$$

$$x_{40} := f(x_5, x_{27})$$

$$x_{41} := f(x_7, x_{27})$$

$$x_{42} := f(x_7, x_{29})$$

$$x_{43} := f(x_9, x_{29})$$

$$y_{40} := f(y_5, y_{27})$$

$$y_{41} := f(y_7, y_{27})$$

$$y_{42} := f(y_7, y_{29})$$

$$y_{43} := f(y_9, y_{29})$$



CONECTIVIDAD DE LOS ELEMENTOS

$e := 1 .. 24 \quad i := 1 .. 6$

$cc_{i,e} := 0$

$p := 1 .. 8$

$c_{i,p} := A1_{(p-1) \cdot 6 + i}$

$p := 9 .. 16$

$c_{i,p} := A2_{(p-9) \cdot 6 + i}$

$p := 17 .. 24$

$c_{i,p} := Au_{(p-17) \cdot 6 + i}$

$ii := 1 .. 48$

$kk := 1 .. 48$

$A1_{ii} :=$

1
3
25
2
38
37
3
27
25
39
26
38
3
5
27
4
40
39
5
7
27
6
41
40
7
29
27
42
28
41
7
9
29
8
43
42
9
11
29
10
44
43
11
31
29
45
30
44

$A2_{ii} :=$

11
13
31
12
46
45
13
15
31
14
47
46
5
32
31
48
60
47
15
17
32
16
49
48
17
19
32
18
33
49
19
21
36
20
50
35
21
23
36
22
51
50
23
25
36
52
59
53
51

$Au_{kk} :=$

23
1
25
24
37
52
25
27
61
26
54
53
27
29
61
28
55
54
29
31
61
30
56
55
31
32
61
60
57
56
32
19
61
33
34
57
19
36
61
35
58
34
36
25
61
59
53
58

$$c = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 & 5 & 7 & 7 & 9 & 11 & 11 & 13 & 5 & 15 & 17 & 19 & 21 & 23 & 23 & 25 & 27 & 29 & 31 & 32 & 19 & 36 \\ 3 & 27 & 5 & 7 & 29 & 9 & 11 & 31 & 13 & 15 & 32 & 17 & 19 & 21 & 23 & 25 & 1 & 27 & 29 & 31 & 32 & 19 & 36 & 25 \\ 25 & 25 & 27 & 27 & 27 & 29 & 29 & 29 & 31 & 31 & 31 & 32 & 32 & 36 & 36 & 36 & 25 & 61 & 61 & 61 & 61 & 61 & 61 & 61 \\ 2 & 39 & 4 & 6 & 42 & 8 & 10 & 45 & 12 & 14 & 48 & 16 & 18 & 20 & 22 & 52 & 24 & 26 & 28 & 30 & 60 & 33 & 35 & 59 \\ 38 & 26 & 40 & 41 & 28 & 43 & 44 & 30 & 46 & 47 & 60 & 49 & 33 & 50 & 51 & 59 & 37 & 54 & 55 & 56 & 57 & 34 & 58 & 53 \\ 37 & 38 & 39 & 40 & 41 & 42 & 43 & 44 & 45 & 46 & 47 & 48 & 49 & 35 & 50 & 51 & 52 & 53 & 54 & 55 & 56 & 57 & 34 & 58 \end{pmatrix}$$

## FUNCIONES DE INTERPOLACION

Coordenadas naturales de los nodos -->

$$\xi := \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \quad \eta := \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$N_{1,i} := \xi_i(2 \cdot \xi_i - 1)$$

$$N_{2,i} := \eta_i(2 \cdot \eta_i - 1)$$

$$N_{3,i} := (1 - \xi_i - \eta_i) \cdot [2 \cdot (1 - \xi_i - \eta_i) - 1]$$

$$N_{4,i} := 4 \cdot \xi_i \cdot \eta_i$$

$$N_{5,i} := 4 \cdot \eta_i (1 - \xi_i - \eta_i)$$

$$N_{6,i} := 4 \cdot \xi_i (1 - \xi_i - \eta_i)$$

Comprobación:

$$N = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

## COORDENADAS DE LOS PUNTOS DE LA INTEGRACION DE GAUSS

$$\xi := \begin{pmatrix} 0.8168475730 \\ 0.0915762135 \\ 0.0915762135 \\ 0.1081030182 \\ 0.4459484909 \\ 0.4459484909 \end{pmatrix} \quad \eta := \begin{pmatrix} 0.0915762135 \\ 0.8168475730 \\ 0.0915762135 \\ 0.4459484909 \\ 0.1081030182 \\ 0.4459484909 \end{pmatrix}$$

## EVALUACION DE LAS FUNCIONES DE INTERPOLACION

$$N_{1,i} := \xi_i(2 \cdot \xi_i - 1)$$

$$N_{2,i} := \eta_i(2 \cdot \eta_i - 1)$$

$$N_{3,i} := (1 - \xi_i - \eta_i) \cdot [2 \cdot (1 - \xi_i - \eta_i) - 1]$$

$$N_{4,i} := 4 \cdot \xi_i \cdot \eta_i$$

$$N_{5,i} := 4 \cdot \eta_i \cdot (1 - \xi_i - \eta_i)$$

$$N_{6,i} := 4 \cdot \xi_i \cdot (1 - \xi_i - \eta_i)$$

## DERIVADAS DE LAS FUNCIONES DE INTERPOLACION

$$N\xi_{1,i} := 4 \cdot \xi_i - 1 \quad N\eta_{1,i} := 0$$

$$N\xi_{2,i} := 0 \quad N\eta_{2,i} := 4 \cdot \eta_i - 1$$

$$N\xi_{3,i} := -3 + 4 \cdot \eta_i + 4 \cdot \xi_i \quad N\eta_{3,i} := -3 + 4 \cdot \xi_i + 4 \cdot \eta_i$$

$$N\xi_{4,i} := 4 \cdot \eta_i \quad N\eta_{4,i} := 4 \cdot \xi_i$$

$$N\xi_{5,i} := -4 \cdot \eta_i \quad N\eta_{5,i} := 4 - 8 \cdot \eta_i - 4 \cdot \xi_i$$

$$N\xi_{6,i} := 4 - 8 \cdot \xi_i - 4 \cdot \eta_i \quad N\eta_{6,i} := -4 \cdot \xi_i$$

## COEFICIENTES DE GAUSS

$$W_i :=$$

0.05497587185
0.05497587185
0.05497587185
0.11169079485
0.11169079485
0.11169079485

## JACOBIANOS PARA LOS PUNTOS DE INTEGRACION

$$j := 1 .. 6$$

$$J11_{i,e} := \sum_j N\xi_{j,i} \cdot x(c_{j,e}) \quad J12_{i,e} := \sum_j N\xi_{j,i} \cdot y(c_{j,e})$$

$$J21_{i,e} := \sum_j N\eta_{j,i} \cdot x(c_{j,e}) \quad J22_{i,e} := \sum_j N\eta_{j,i} \cdot y(c_{j,e})$$

## DETERMINANTE DEL JACOBIANO

$$\det J_{i,e} := J11_{i,e} \cdot J22_{i,e} - J12_{i,e} \cdot J21_{i,e}$$

## MATRIZ T

$$\begin{aligned} T11_{i,e} &:= \left( J22_{i,e} \right)^2 + \left( J21_{i,e} \right)^2 \\ T12_{i,e} &:= -\left( J12_{i,e} \cdot J22_{i,e} + J11_{i,e} \cdot J21_{i,e} \right) \\ T22_{i,e} &:= \left( J11_{i,e} \right)^2 + \left( J12_{i,e} \right)^2 \\ T21_{i,e} &:= T12_{i,e} \end{aligned}$$

## MATRIZ TxN,

$$\begin{aligned} Q1_{(e-1)\cdot 6+i,j} &:= T11_{i,e} \cdot N\xi_{j,i} + T12_{i,e} \cdot N\eta_{j,i} \\ Q2_{(e-1)\cdot 6+i,j} &:= T21_{i,e} \cdot N\xi_{j,i} + T22_{i,e} \cdot N\eta_{j,i} \end{aligned}$$

## MATRIZ K

$$k := 1..6$$

$$K_{(e-1)\cdot 6+k,j} := \sum_i \frac{W_i}{\det J_{i,e}} \cdot [N\xi_{k,i} \cdot Q1_{(e-1)\cdot 6+i,j} + N\eta_{k,i} \cdot Q2_{(e-1)\cdot 6+i,j}]$$

## VECTOR DE FUERZAS EXTERNAS

$$P_{j,e} := 2 \cdot \sum_i W_i \cdot \det J_{i,e} \cdot N_{j,i}$$

## FORMACION DE LA MATRIZ GLOBAL Y EL VECTOR DE CARGAS

$$\begin{aligned} Kt_{c_i,e,c_j,e} &:= 0 & F_{c_i,e} &:= 0 \\ Kt_{c_i,e,c_j,e} &:= Kt_{c_i,e,c_j,e} + K_{(e-1)\cdot 6+i,j} \\ F_{c_i,e} &:= F_{c_i,e} + P_{i,e} \end{aligned}$$

## CONDICIONES DE BORDE Y SOLUCION PARA LA FUNCION DE PRANDTL

$$k := 1..24$$

$$Kt_{k,k} := 10^{10}$$

## SOLUCION PARA LA FUNCION INCOGNITA

$$F_i := Kt^{-1} \cdot F$$

## CALCULO DE J (dos veces el volumen bajo la superficie f)

$$Vol := \sum_e \sum_j \sum_i W_i \cdot \det J_{i,e} \cdot N_{j,i} \cdot F_i(c_{j,e}) \quad 2 \cdot Vol = 1.061$$

0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
-0
0
0

# DETERMINACION DE LAS TENSIONES EN LOS NODOS

Coordenadas de los nodos:

$$\xi := \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \quad \eta := \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Derivadas de las funciones de forma:

$$N\xi_{1,i} := 4 \cdot \xi_i - 1 \quad N\eta_{1,i} := 0$$

$$N\xi_{2,i} := 0 \quad N\eta_{2,i} := 4 \cdot \eta_i - 1$$

$$N\xi_{3,i} := -3 + 4 \cdot \eta_i + 4 \cdot \xi_i \quad N\eta_{3,i} := -3 + 4 \cdot \xi_i + 4 \cdot \eta_i$$

$$N\xi_{4,i} := 4 \cdot \eta_i \quad N\eta_{4,i} := 4 \cdot \xi_i$$

$$N\xi_{5,i} := -4 \cdot \eta_i \quad N\eta_{5,i} := 4 - 8 \cdot \eta_i - 4 \cdot \xi_i$$

$$N\xi_{6,i} := 4 - 8 \cdot \xi_i - 4 \cdot \eta_i \quad N\eta_{6,i} := -4 \cdot \xi_i$$

Elementos del Jacobiano:

$$J_{11,i,e} := \sum_j N\xi_{j,i} \cdot x(c_{j,e}) \quad J_{12,i,e} := \sum_j N\xi_{j,i} \cdot y(c_{j,e})$$

$$J_{21,i,e} := \sum_j N\eta_{j,i} \cdot x(c_{j,e}) \quad J_{22,i,e} := \sum_j N\eta_{j,i} \cdot y(c_{j,e})$$

Determinante del Jacobiano:

$$\det J_{i,e} := J_{11,i,e} \cdot J_{22,i,e} - J_{12,i,e} \cdot J_{21,i,e}$$

Derivada de la función de Prandtl respecto a x en el nodo i del elemento e:

$$F_{ix,i,e} := \frac{1}{\det J_{i,e}} \cdot \left[ J_{22,i,e} \sum_j N\xi_{j,i} \cdot F_i(c_{j,e}) - J_{12,i,e} \sum_j N\eta_{j,i} \cdot F_i(c_{j,e}) \right]$$

Derivada de la función de Prandtl respecto a y en el nodo i del elemento e:

$$F_{iy,i,e} := \frac{1}{\det J_{i,e}} \cdot \left[ (-J_{21})_{i,e} \sum_j N\xi_{j,i} \cdot F_i(c_{j,e}) + J_{11,i,e} \sum_j N\eta_{j,i} \cdot F_i(c_{j,e}) \right]$$

conectivida -->  $c = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 & 5 & 7 & 7 & 9 & 11 & 11 & 13 & 5 & 15 & 15 & 17 & 19 & 21 & 23 & 23 & 25 & 27 & 29 & 31 & 32 & 19 & 36 \\ 3 & 27 & 5 & 7 & 29 & 9 & 11 & 31 & 13 & 15 & 32 & 17 & 19 & 21 & 23 & 25 & 1 & 27 & 29 & 31 & 32 & 19 & 36 & 25 \\ 25 & 25 & 27 & 27 & 27 & 29 & 29 & 29 & 31 & 31 & 32 & 32 & 36 & 36 & 36 & 25 & 61 & 61 & 61 & 61 & 61 & 61 & 61 \\ 2 & 39 & 4 & 6 & 42 & 8 & 10 & 45 & 12 & 14 & 48 & 16 & 18 & 20 & 22 & 52 & 24 & 26 & 28 & 30 & 60 & 33 & 35 & 59 \\ 38 & 26 & 40 & 41 & 28 & 43 & 44 & 30 & 46 & 47 & 60 & 49 & 33 & 50 & 51 & 59 & 37 & 54 & 55 & 56 & 57 & 34 & 58 & 53 \\ 37 & 38 & 39 & 40 & 41 & 42 & 43 & 44 & 45 & 46 & 47 & 48 & 49 & 35 & 50 & 51 & 52 & 53 & 54 & 55 & 56 & 57 & 34 & 58 \end{pmatrix}$

$\text{Fix}^T = \begin{pmatrix} -0.004 & -0.459 & 0.083 & -0.226 & -0.16 & 0.002 \\ -0.474 & -0.313 & 0.096 & -0.489 & -0.085 & -0.122 \\ -0.457 & -0.818 & -0.314 & -0.633 & -0.548 & -0.424 \\ -0.822 & -0.94 & -0.316 & -0.881 & -0.645 & -0.588 \\ -0.937 & -0.327 & -0.317 & -0.673 & -0.322 & -0.668 \\ -0.938 & -0.828 & -0.328 & -0.883 & -0.597 & -0.65 \\ -0.824 & -0.467 & -0.328 & -0.643 & -0.438 & -0.558 \\ -0.432 & -0.03 & -0.305 & -0.177 & -0.176 & -0.466 \\ -0.448 & -0.003 & 0.081 & -0.213 & 0.022 & -0.167 \\ 0.003 & 0.141 & 0.618 & 0.131 & 0.398 & 0.315 \\ -0.206 & 0.437 & 0.034 & 0.031 & 0.235 & -0.188 \\ 0.225 & 0.081 & 0.786 & 0.177 & 0.439 & 0.485 \\ 0.129 & 1.628 & 0.809 & 0.801 & 1.068 & 0.478 \\ 1.603 & 0.202 & 0.641 & 0.842 & 0.417 & 0.943 \\ 0.128 & 0.352 & 0.665 & 0.278 & 0.523 & 0.399 \\ 0.398 & 0.124 & 0.408 & 0.261 & 0.266 & 0.403 \\ 0.36 & 0.004 & 0.143 & 0.2 & 0.107 & 0.235 \\ 0.097 & -0.354 & 0.277 & -0.094 & -0.003 & 0.137 \\ -0.359 & -0.382 & 0.301 & -0.371 & -0.086 & -0.073 \\ -0.372 & -0.024 & 0.286 & -0.152 & 0.079 & -0.004 \\ 0.022 & 0.492 & 0.377 & 0.257 & 0.434 & 0.2 \\ 0.544 & 1.367 & 0.19 & 0.955 & 0.778 & 0.367 \\ 1.367 & 0.505 & 0.19 & 0.936 & 0.348 & 0.778 \\ 0.423 & 0.12 & 0.388 & 0.272 & 0.254 & 0.406 \end{pmatrix}$

$\text{Fiy}^T = \begin{pmatrix} 0.88 & 0.802 & 0.309 & 0.844 & 0.594 & 0.594 \\ 0.781 & 0.206 & 0.327 & 0.483 & 0.28 & 0.645 \\ 0.783 & 0.477 & 0.206 & 0.633 & 0.373 & 0.49 \\ 0.47 & 0.004 & 0.201 & 0.236 & 0.141 & 0.304 \\ -0.002 & -0.193 & 0.201 & -0.19 & 0.007 & 0.194 \\ -0.004 & -0.474 & -0.195 & -0.237 & -0.303 & -0.137 \\ -0.481 & -0.802 & -0.196 & -0.643 & -0.495 & -0.37 \\ -0.806 & -0.403 & -0.199 & -0.678 & -0.296 & -0.492 \\ -0.783 & -0.791 & -0.555 & -0.794 & -0.673 & -0.691 \\ -0.791 & -0.247 & -0.555 & -0.488 & -0.375 & -0.673 \\ -0.156 & 0.206 & -0.259 & 0.337 & -0.027 & 0.174 \\ -0.386 & -0.048 & -0.322 & -0.177 & -0.132 & -0.365 \\ 0.389 & 0.097 & -0.112 & 0.615 & 0.073 & 0.219 \\ -0.095 & -0.61 & 0.167 & -0.646 & -0.178 & -0.06 \\ 0.075 & 0.603 & -0.059 & 0.278 & 0.264 & -0.014 \\ 0.576 & 0.334 & 0.089 & 0.455 & 0.212 & 0.333 \\ 0.629 & 0.88 & 0.309 & 0.745 & 0.594 & 0.492 \\ 0.32 & 0.232 & -0.008 & 0.296 & 0.173 & 0.156 \\ 0.224 & -0.222 & 0.033 & 0.007 & -0.015 & 0.052 \\ -0.24 & -0.214 & 0.06 & -0.254 & -0.077 & -0.159 \\ -0.214 & -0 & 0.06 & -0.107 & 0.03 & -0.077 \\ 0.03 & 0.237 & -0.048 & 0.134 & 0.094 & -0.009 \\ -0.222 & 0.094 & 0.106 & -0.064 & 0.1 & -0.058 \\ 0.142 & 0.32 & -0.008 & 0.231 & 0.156 & 0.067 \end{pmatrix}$

Módulo de la tensión:

$$\tau_{i,e} := \sqrt{\left(\text{Fix}_{i,e}\right)^2 + \left(\text{Fiy}_{i,e}\right)^2}$$

$$\tau^T = \begin{pmatrix} 0.88 & 0.924 & 0.32 & 0.874 & 0.615 & 0.594 \\ 0.914 & 0.375 & 0.341 & 0.687 & 0.293 & 0.657 \\ 0.907 & 0.947 & 0.375 & 0.895 & 0.663 & 0.648 \\ 0.947 & 0.94 & 0.375 & 0.912 & 0.66 & 0.662 \\ 0.937 & 0.38 & 0.375 & 0.699 & 0.322 & 0.696 \\ 0.938 & 0.954 & 0.382 & 0.914 & 0.669 & 0.664 \\ 0.954 & 0.928 & 0.382 & 0.909 & 0.66 & 0.669 \\ 0.914 & 0.404 & 0.364 & 0.701 & 0.344 & 0.677 \\ 0.902 & 0.791 & 0.561 & 0.822 & 0.673 & 0.711 \\ 0.791 & 0.285 & 0.83 & 0.505 & 0.547 & 0.743 \\ 0.258 & 0.483 & 0.261 & 0.339 & 0.237 & 0.256 \\ 0.446 & 0.094 & 0.849 & 0.251 & 0.459 & 0.607 \\ 0.41 & 1.631 & 0.816 & 1.01 & 1.071 & 0.525 \\ 1.606 & 0.643 & 0.662 & 1.061 & 0.453 & 0.945 \\ 0.148 & 0.698 & 0.668 & 0.393 & 0.585 & 0.399 \\ 0.7 & 0.357 & 0.418 & 0.525 & 0.34 & 0.523 \\ 0.725 & 0.88 & 0.34 & 0.771 & 0.604 & 0.545 \\ 0.334 & 0.424 & 0.277 & 0.311 & 0.173 & 0.208 \\ 0.423 & 0.442 & 0.303 & 0.371 & 0.088 & 0.09 \\ 0.442 & 0.216 & 0.292 & 0.296 & 0.11 & 0.159 \\ 0.215 & 0.492 & 0.382 & 0.278 & 0.435 & 0.214 \\ 0.545 & 1.387 & 0.196 & 0.965 & 0.784 & 0.367 \\ 1.384 & 0.514 & 0.218 & 0.938 & 0.362 & 0.781 \\ 0.446 & 0.342 & 0.388 & 0.356 & 0.298 & 0.411 \end{pmatrix}$$

### GRAFICO DE TENSIONES

$i := 1 .. 5$

$$y_i := \quad x_i :=$$

-1.502	-0.482
-0.5335	-0.241
-0.255	0
0.533	0.5
0.94	1.0

$\phi_i :=$

0
0.258
0.375
0.335
0

$$\frac{1606 + 1631 + 1387 + 1384}{4} = 1502$$

$$\frac{947 + 937 + 938}{3} = 940.667$$

$$\frac{696 + 371}{2} = 533.5$$

$$\frac{303 + 292 + 382 + 196 + 218 + 388}{6} = 296.5$$

