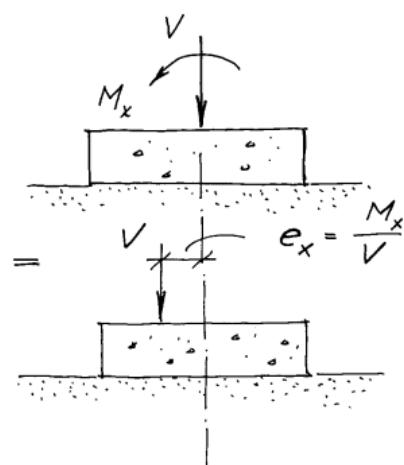


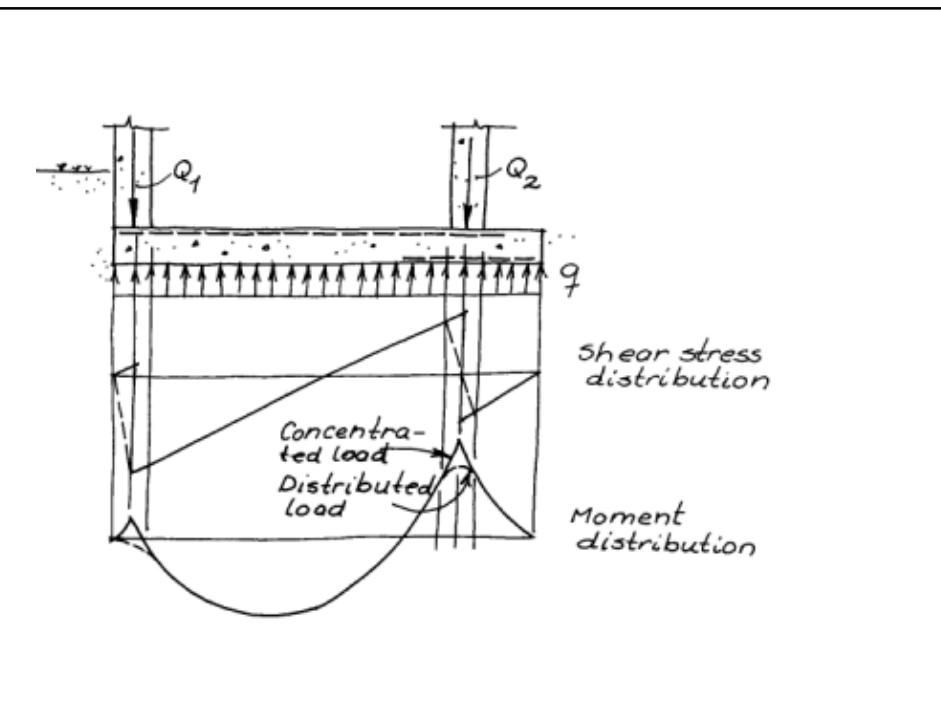
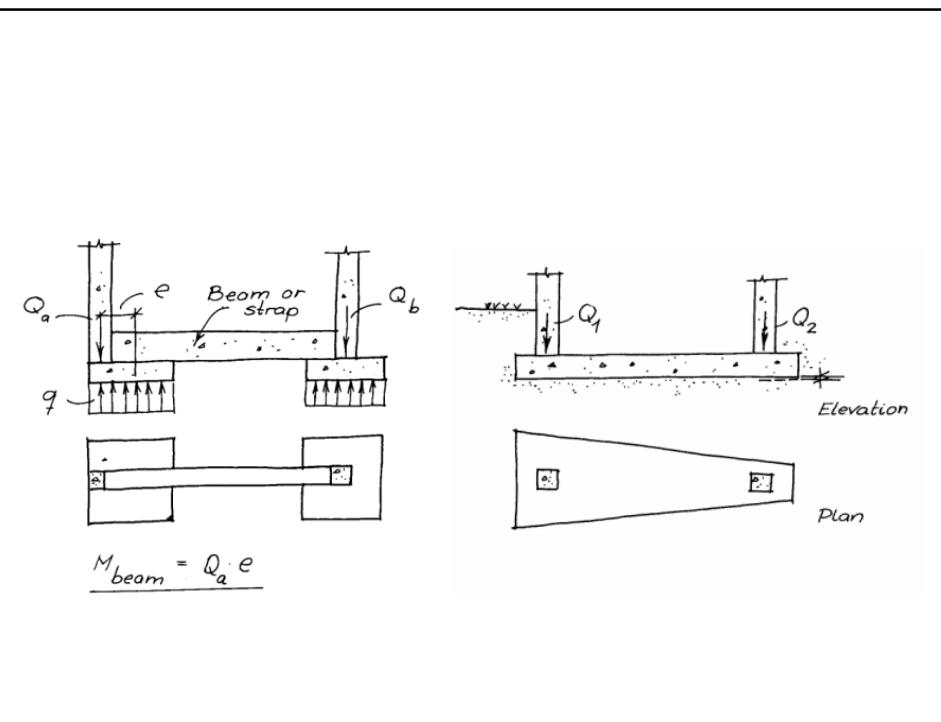
Vigas en medio elástico

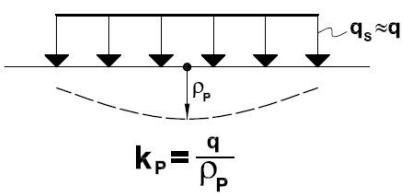
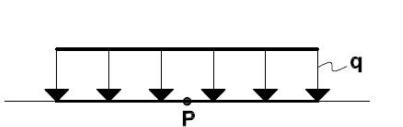
- Teoría general y desarrollo de casos básicos.
- Aplicación en diseño de fundaciones superficiales.
- Otras aplicaciones

Fundación rígida

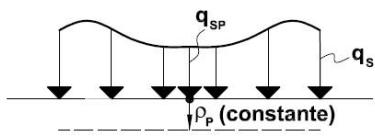
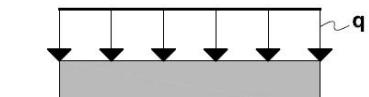


¿Cuándo la fundación es rígida?





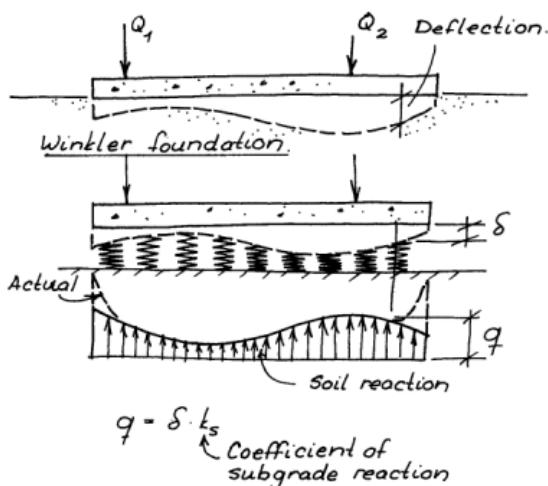
Fundación flexible



$$k_p = \frac{q}{p_p}$$

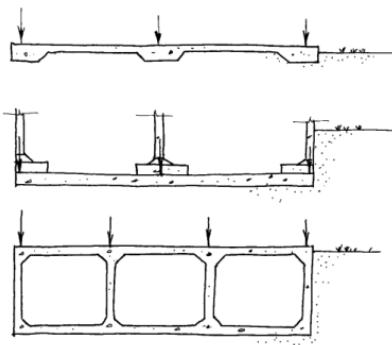
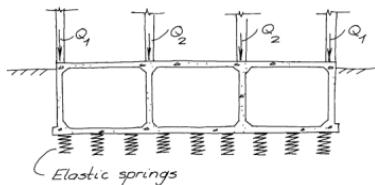
Fundación rígida

Sólo en el caso en que la fundación es flexible es válido considerar que la distribución de esfuerzos en el suelo es igual a la presión aplicada sobre la fundación.



Vigas en medio elástico

Mot foundation.



110.00

2

100.00

90.00

80.00

70.00

60.00

0.00

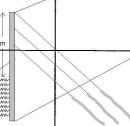
20.00

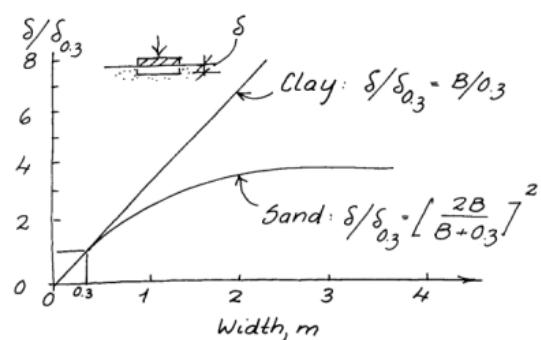
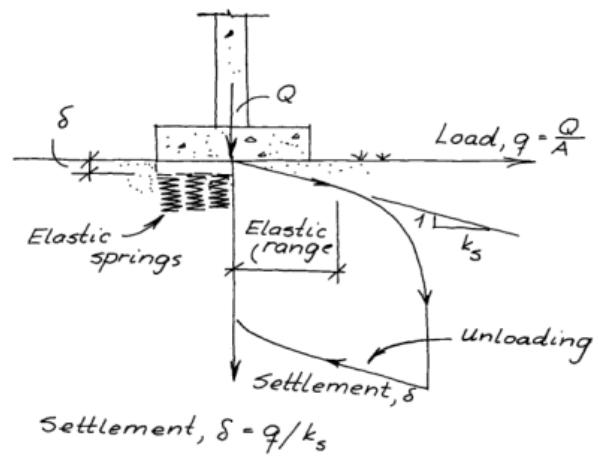
40.00

60.00

80.00

Pilotes de estabilización





$$\underline{\text{Clay}}: k_s = k_{0.3} \cdot 0.3/B \text{ in } m$$

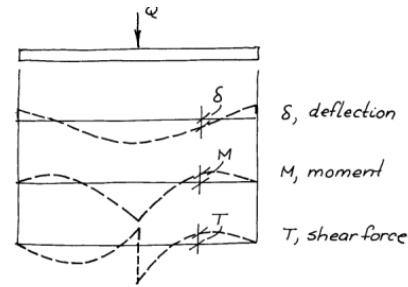
$$\underline{\text{Sand}}: k_s = k_{0.3} \cdot \left[\frac{B+0.3}{2B} \right]^2$$

Finite difference method.

$$\frac{\partial^4 \omega}{\partial x^4} + \frac{2}{\partial x^2 \partial x^2} \frac{\partial^4 \omega}{\partial y^4} = \frac{q}{D} + \frac{D}{D(\partial_x \partial_y)}$$

Computer programs are available

Uncertainties: $E_{concrete}$, I_{raft} , k_s , E_s
 Coefficient of sub-grade reaction.



$$EI \frac{d^4 y}{dx^4} = q = -k_s B y$$

$$\lambda L = \sqrt{\frac{k_s B L^4}{4 EI}}$$

