

CHAPTER 5

Working With Projects

To create a river hydraulics application with HEC-RAS, you work with projects. A **project** is a collection of files that are used to build a model. This chapter describes projects and how you build and manage them.

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Understanding Projects

As you develop an application, the management of all the files that get created is accomplished through the user interface. When a new project is started, the user is requested to enter a title and filename for the project. All other data are automatically stored by the user interface using the same name as the project file, except for the three character extension. A project consists of:

- One **Project** file (.PRJ)
- One file for each **Plan** (.P01 to .P99)
- One **Run** file for each steady flow plan (.R01 to .R99)
- One **Output** file for each plan (.O01 to .O99)
- One file for each set of **Geometry** data (.G01 to .G99)
- One file for each set of **Steady Flow** data (.F01 to .F99)
- One file for each set of **Unsteady Flow** data (.U01 to .U99)
- One file for each set of **Sediment** data (.S01 to .S99)
- One file for each set of **Hydraulic Design** data (.H01 to .H99)

The **Project File** contains: the title of the project; the units system of the project; a list of all the files that are associated with the project; and a list of default variables that can be set from the interface. Also included in the project file is a reference to the last plan that the user was working with. This information is updated every time you save the project.

Elements of a Project

The following sections describe the various types of files that can be included in a project. All of these files are either created by the user interface or the various computation engines. The modeler interacts with the data through the user interface, and is not required to create or edit any of these files directly.

Plan Files

Plan files have the extension .P01 to .P99. The "P" indicates a Plan file, while the number represents the plan number. As plans are created, they are numbered from 01 to 99. The plan file contains: a description and short identifier for the plan; a list of files that are associated with the plan (e.g., geometry file and steady flow file); and a description of all the simulation options that were set for the plan. The plan file is created automatically by the interface each time the user selects **New Plan** or **Save Plan As** from the simulation windows.

Run Files

Run files have the extension .R01 to .R99. The "R" indicates a Run file, while the number represents an association to a particular plan file. A file with an extension of .R01 is the run file that corresponds to the plan file with the extension .P01. The run file contains all of the necessary data to perform the computations that are requested by the associated plan file. For example, if a steady flow analysis is requested, the run file will contain geometry data, steady flow data, and all the necessary computational options that are associated with the plan file. The run file contains the input to any of the computational engines available in the HEC-RAS system. The run file is automatically generated by the interface whenever the user presses the **Compute** button on the Simulation windows. The run file is in an ASCII format, but it is not self explanatory.

Output Files

Output files have the extension .O01 to .O99. The "O" indicates an Output file, while the number represents an association to a particular plan file. A file with the extension .O12 is the output file that corresponds to the plan file with an extension .P12. The output file contains all of the computed results from the requested computational engine. For example, if a steady flow analysis is requested, the output file will contain results from the steady flow computational engine. The output files are in a binary file format and can only be read from the user interface.

Geometry Files

Geometry files have the extension .G01 to .G99. The "G" indicates a Geometry file, while the number corresponds to the order in which they were saved for that particular project. Geometry files contain all of the geometric data for the river system being analyzed. The geometric data consist of: cross section information; hydraulic structures data (e.g., bridges and culverts); coefficients; and modeling approach information. The geometry data are stored in an ASCII format. The file contains key words to describe each piece of data, and is for-the-most-part self explanatory. A geometry file is created by the user interface whenever the modeler selects **New Geometry Data** or **Save Geometry Data As** from the Geometric Data window.

Steady Flow Data Files

Steady flow data files have the extension .F01 to .F99. The "F" represents that it is a steady Flow data file, while the number corresponds to the order in which they were saved for that particular project. Steady flow data files contain: the number of profiles to be computed; flow data; and boundary conditions for each reach. The steady flow data files are stored in an ASCII format. The file contains key words to describe each piece of data, and is for-the-most-part self explanatory. Steady flow data files are automatically created by the user interface when the modeler selects **New Flow Data** or **Save Flow Data As** from the Steady Flow Data window.

Unsteady Flow Data Files

Unsteady flow data files have the extension .U01 to .U99. The "U" represents that it is an Unsteady flow data file, while the number corresponds to the order in which they were saved for that particular project. Unsteady flow data files contain: flow hydrographs at the upstream boundaries; starting flow conditions; and downstream boundary conditions. The unsteady flow data files are stored in an ASCII format. The file contains key words to describe each piece of data, and is for-the-most-part self explanatory. Unsteady flow data files are automatically created by the user interface when the modeler selects **New Flow Data** or **Save Flow Data As** from the Unsteady Flow Data window.

Sediment Data Files

Sediment data files have the extension .S01 to .S99. The "S" represents that it is a Sediment data file, while the number corresponds to the order in which they were saved for that particular project. Sediment data files contain: flow data; boundary conditions for each reach; and sediment data. The sediment data files are stored in an ASCII format. The file contains key words to describe each piece of data, and is for-the-most-part self explanatory. Sediment data files are automatically created by the user interface when the modeler selects **New Sediment Data** or **Save Sediment Data As** from the Sediment Data window. Currently, the sediment option is not available in HEC-RAS. This option will be included in a future version.

Hydraulic Design Data Files

Hydraulic design data files have the extension .H01 to .H99. The "H" represents that it is a Hydraulic design data file, while the number corresponds to the order in which they were saved for that particular project. Hydraulic design data files contain information corresponding to the type of hydraulic design calculation that is requested. The Hydraulic design data files are stored in an ASCII format. The file contains key words to describe each piece of data, and is for-the-most-part self explanatory. Hydraulic Design data files are automatically created by the user interface when the modeler selects **New Hydraulic Design Data** or **Save Hydraulic Design Data As** from the **File** menu of the Hydraulic Design Functions window.

A schematic diagram of how the data files fit together is shown in Figure 5.1 on the next page. In this example there are three plans in the project. Each plan represents a specific set of steady flow data and geometry data. In this example there are three geometry files and one steady flow file. The first geometry file could represent the existing conditions of the stream. The second and third geometry file could represent some modification of that base geometry file, such as adding a bridge or culvert crossing; a channel modification; different roughness coefficients; or any other change to the base geometry file. A plan is formulated by selecting a steady flow file and a geometry file, and then saving that plan with a specific title and short identifier. For more information about formulating plans, see Chapter 7 of the HEC-RAS User's Manual and Chapter 7 of the HEC-RAS Applications Guide.

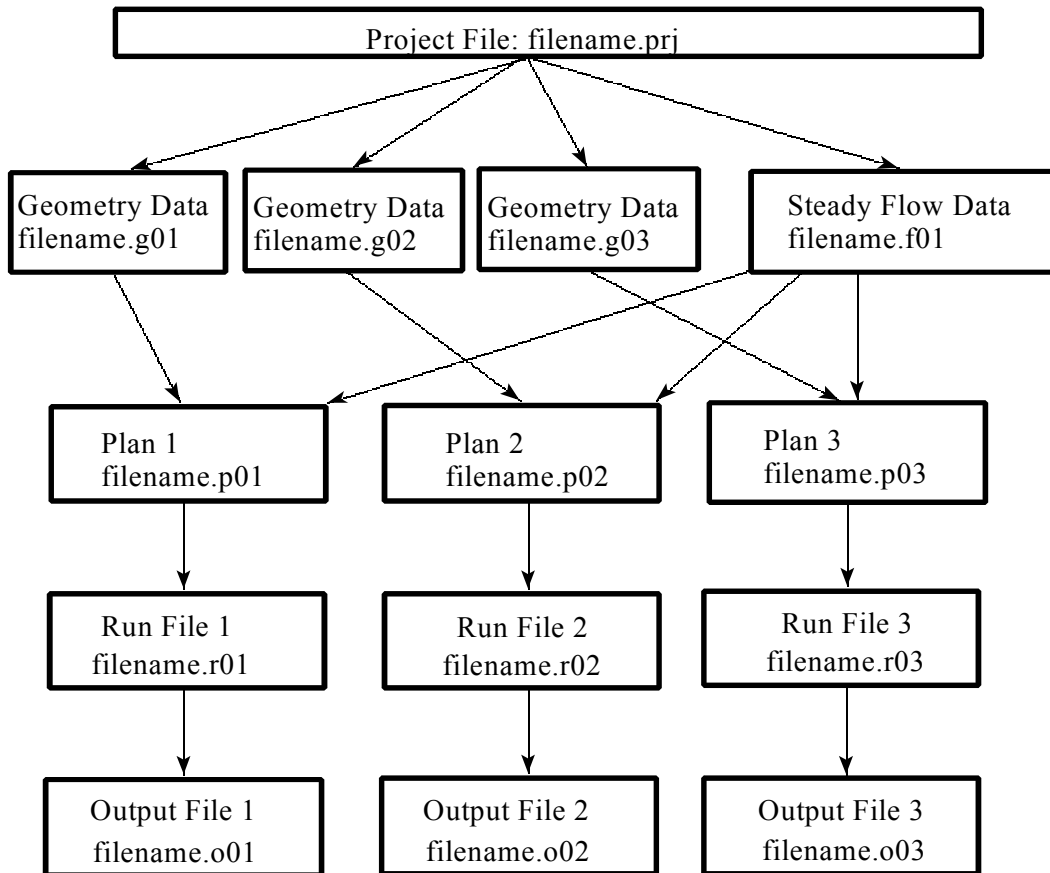


Figure 5.1 Schematic of Project Data Files.

Creating, Opening, Saving, Renaming, and Deleting Projects

The following commands from the **File** menu of the HEC-RAS main window allow you to create, open, save, rename, and delete projects.

File menu command	Description
New Project	Closes the current project, prompting you to save the data if anything has been changed. The user is then prompted to enter a title and filename for the new project.
Open Project	Closes the current project, prompting you to save the data if anything has been changed. Opens an existing project and all of the associated files.
Save Project	Updates the project file and all other files in which data have been modified.
Save Project As	Updates the project file and all other associated data, saving all the information to a new filename that you specify.
Rename Project	Allows the user to rename the title of the currently opened project.
Delete Project	Deletes the project file and all other files associated with the selected project. The user is prompted to make sure that they really want to delete all of the files.

These commands are the same for all of the other data types that get created by the user interface (Plan data, geometry data, steady flow data, unsteady flow data, sediment data, and hydraulic design data).

Project Options

From the **Options** menu of the main HEC-RAS window, the user can set several default project options. These options include: setting default margins and color control for printing; setting default hydraulic variables; establishing the default units system (English or Metric); and converting existing projects to a different units system (English to Metric or Metric to English). The following four options are available from the **Options** menu:

Options menu command	Description
Program Setup	
- Default File Viewer	This option allows the user to change which program is used for viewing the report generator and logfile output. The default is the Windows Write program. The user can change this to any file viewer on their system.
- AVI Bin Directory	This option allows the user to set the default directory for where HEC-RAS will store bitmap files that it makes when creating an AVI movie file.
- Open last project	When this option is selected, the program will automatically open the last project worked on, during startup.
- Automatically backup data	When this option is checked, the program will automatically make a backup of the currently opened project, plan, geometry, and flow files. The backup files are updated at specific timed intervals, which is user controlled. The backup files are stored in the \HEC\RAS directory, with the titles RasBackup.prj, RasBackup.p01, RasBackup.g01, and RasBackup.f01.
- Set time for automatic backup	This option allows the user to control the time interval between updating the backup files. The default value is 20 minutes.

Options menu command	Description
Default Parameters	This option allows the user to set defaults for some of the hydraulic variables.
Unit System	This option allows the user to set the default units system to either English or Metric. Once the units system is set, the program assumes that all input data are entered in that units system. Likewise, the display of all output data will be done in the default units system.
Convert Project Units	This option allows the user to convert an existing project from one units system to another. Projects can be converted from English to Metric or from Metric to English.