

Con esto,  $H(v)$  que da

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= \theta_{eq} \\ \dot{\theta} &= \dot{\theta}_{eq} \end{aligned}$$

$$H(k(\theta_{eq}, \dot{\theta}_{eq})) = \begin{cases} k_1 + k_2 & (k_1 \ell_1 + k_2 \ell_2) \cos \theta_{eq} \\ (k_1 \ell_1 - k_2 \ell_2) \sin \theta_{eq} & (k_1 \ell_1 - k_2 \ell_2) \dot{\theta}_{eq} \sin \theta_{eq} + (k_1 \ell_1^2 + k_2 \ell_2^2) \ddot{\theta}_{eq} \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ b & c \end{bmatrix}$$

Entonces  $V$  me queda

$$V = cte + \frac{1}{2} (y \ \theta) \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ b & c \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} y \\ \theta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= cte + \frac{1}{2} (ay^2 + 2b\theta y + c\theta^2)$$

con esto

$$L = T - V = \frac{1}{2} M \dot{y}^2 + \frac{1}{2} I \dot{\theta}^2 - \frac{1}{2} (ay^2 + 2b\theta y + c\theta^2) + cte$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{y}} \right) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} = M \ddot{y} + ay + b\theta = 0$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \right) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta} = I \ddot{\theta} + by + c\theta = 0$$

supongo soluciones de la forma  $y = A e^{i\omega t}$   
 $\theta = B e^{i\omega t}$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} (-M\omega^2 + a)y + b\theta = 0 \\ by + (-I\omega^2 + c)\theta = 0 \end{cases} \quad (*)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \det \begin{pmatrix} -M\omega^2 + a & b \\ b & -I\omega^2 + c \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow I M \omega^4 - (aI + cM)\omega^2 + ac - b^2 = 0$$

$\Rightarrow$  de (\*) se despeja  $\omega$  y luego se reemplaza en (\*) y se obtienen las modos normales