

- a) La capacidad calórica bajo la condición  $x$  etc es la razón entre el calor transferido al sistema y el consecuente cambio de temperatura bajo condición  $x$  etc.

$$C_x = \left. \frac{\delta Q}{dT} \right|_x \Rightarrow \text{no es una derivada, ya que } \delta Q \text{ no es un diferencial exacto.}$$

b) Como  $dU = \delta Q - PdV$ ,  $\delta Q = dU + PdV = \left. \frac{\partial U}{\partial T} \right|_V dT + \left. \frac{\partial U}{\partial V} \right|_T dV + PdV$

$dV=0 \Rightarrow \boxed{\left. \frac{\delta Q}{dT} \right|_V = \left. \frac{\partial U}{\partial T} \right|_V = C_V}$

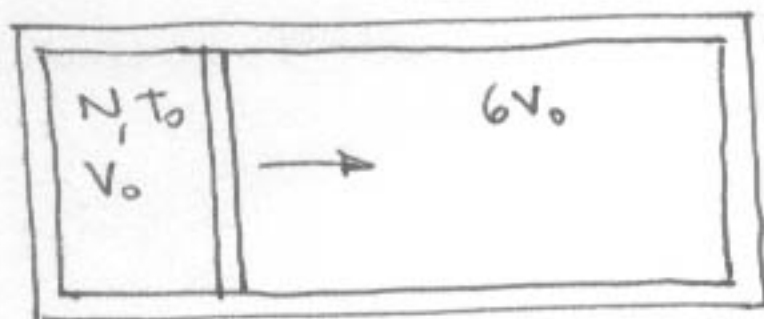
c) Ahora  $\delta Q = dU + PdV = \left( \left. \frac{\partial U}{\partial T} \right|_P \right) dT + \left( \left. \frac{\partial U}{\partial P} \right|_T \right) dP + P \left( \left. \frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right|_P dT + \left. \frac{\partial V}{\partial P} \right|_T dP \right)$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{C_P = \left. \frac{\delta Q}{dT} \right|_P = \left. \frac{\partial U}{\partial T} \right|_P + P \left. \frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right|_P}$$

a) En un gas ideal  $U = \frac{3}{2} NkT$   $PV = NkT$

$$\Rightarrow \left. \frac{\partial U}{\partial T} \right|_V = \left. \frac{\partial U}{\partial T} \right|_P = \frac{3}{2} Nk \quad \text{y} \quad \left. \frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right|_P = \frac{Nk}{P}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{C_V = \frac{3}{2} Nk, \quad C_P = C_V + Nk}$$



a)  $T = \text{cte}$

b)  $P = \text{cte}$

c)  $\delta Q = 0$

$$dU = \delta Q - P dV$$

$$W = \int P dV$$

$$Q = \Delta U + W$$

$$T_f$$

a)  $\therefore T = \text{cte} \quad \Delta U = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad P = \frac{NkT_0}{V}$

$$\Rightarrow W = \int_{V_0}^{7V_0} \frac{NkT_0}{V} dV = NkT_0 \ln(7)$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{Q = W} \quad \text{and} \quad \boxed{T_f = T_0}$$

b)  $\therefore P = \text{cte} \quad \boxed{W = P_0 \Delta V = 6P_0 V_0}$

$$\boxed{\Delta U = \frac{3}{2} P_0 \Delta V = 9P_0 V_0 = 9NkT_0}$$

$$\text{and} \quad \boxed{Q = 15P_0 V_0 = 15NkT_0}$$

$$P_0 V_f = NkT_f \Rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{T_f = \frac{7P_0 V_0}{Nk} = 7T_0}$$

c)  $\therefore \delta Q = 0, Q = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad dU = \frac{3}{2}(P dV + V dP) = -P dV$

$$\Rightarrow 5P dV + 3V dP = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{PV^{5/3} = \text{cte}}$$

$$\Rightarrow U = \frac{3}{2} PV = \frac{3}{2} P_0 V_0^{5/3} \left( \frac{V}{V_0^{5/3}} \right) = \frac{3}{2} P_0 V_0 \left( \frac{V_0}{V} \right)^{2/3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\Delta U = \frac{3}{2} P_0 V_0 \left( \left( \frac{1}{7} \right)^{2/3} - 1 \right)}$$

$$\boxed{\Delta U = \frac{3}{2} NkT_0 \left( \left( \frac{1}{7} \right)^{2/3} - 1 \right)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{W = -\Delta U}$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{3PV}$$