

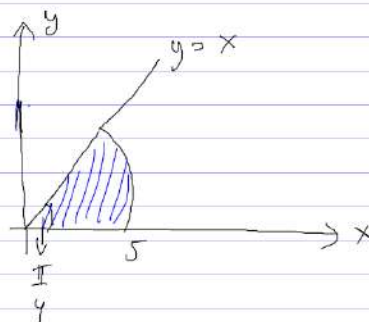
2. Calcule la integral doble

$$\int_R x e^{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} dA$$

$$\sqrt{x^2+y^2} \leq 5$$

donde $R = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : y \geq 0, \boxed{x \geq y}, x^2 + y^2 \leq 25\}$.

$$\begin{cases} x = r \cos \theta \\ y = r \sin \theta \end{cases}, \quad r \in [0, 5] \\ \theta \in [0, \frac{\pi}{4}]$$



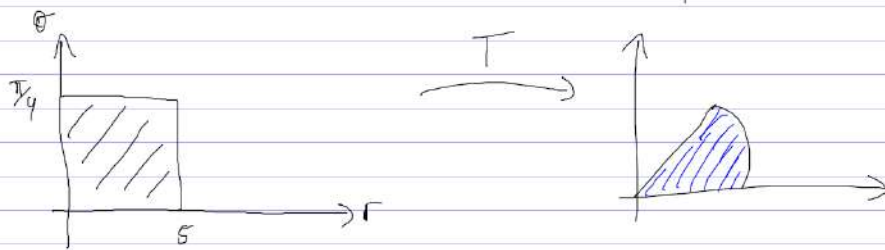
$$T(r, \theta) = (r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta) \\ r \in [0, 5], \quad \theta \in [0, \frac{\pi}{4}]$$

$$R^* = \{ (r, \theta) : 0 \leq r \leq 5, \quad 0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{4} \}$$

$\theta \uparrow$

$r \uparrow$

$$R = \{ (r, \theta) : 0 \leq r \leq 5, 0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{4} \}$$



$$\int_{T(R^*)} f = \int_{R^*} f(T(r, \theta)) \cdot \left| \frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(r, \theta)} \right| dA.$$

\uparrow $T(R^*) = R$ \downarrow t.c.v

$$= \int_{R^*} f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta) \cdot \left| \frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(r, \theta)} \right| dA$$

$$\left| \frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(r,\theta)} \right| = \left| J T(r,\theta) \right| = \left| \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & r \sin \theta \\ -r \sin \theta & r \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \right|$$

$$= r$$

por Fubini,

$$\int_0^5 \int_0^{\pi/4} r \cos \theta \cdot e^{\sqrt{r^2 \cos^2 \theta + r^2 \sin^2 \theta}} \cdot r \, d\theta \, dr$$

$$= \int_0^5 \int_0^{\pi/4} r^2 \cos \theta \cdot e^r \, d\theta \, dr$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int_0^5 \int_0^{\pi/4} r^2 \cos \theta \cdot e^r \, d\theta \, dr \\
 &= \int_0^5 r^2 e^r \, dr \int_0^{\pi/4} \cos \theta \, d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^5 r^2 e^r \, dr \left(\sin \theta \Big|_0^{\pi/4} \right) \\
 &= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \int_0^5 r^2 e^r \, dr \\
 & * \int_0^5 r^2 e^r \, dr \quad u = r^2 \Rightarrow du = 2r \, dr
 \end{aligned}$$

$$* \int_0^5 r^2 e^r dr \quad \begin{array}{l} u = r^2 \Rightarrow du = 2r dr \\ dv = e^r dr \Rightarrow v = e^r \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^5 r^2 e^r dr &= e^r r^2 \Big|_0^5 - 2 \int_0^5 r e^r dr \\ &= 25e^5 - 2 \int_0^5 r e^r dr \\ &= 17e^5 - 2 \end{aligned}$$

por lo tanto,

$$\iint_R x e^{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} dA = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot (17e^5 - 2)$$

$$= 25e^5 - 2 \int_0^5 re^r dr$$

$$= 17e^5 - 2$$

por lo tanto,

$$\iint_R x e^{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} dA = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (17e^5 - 2)$$

3. Sea $F : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ dada por $F(x, y) = (2018x^{2017}y^{2017} + y, 2017x^{2018}y^{2016} + x)$. Calcule

$$\int_{\sigma} F(x, y) \cdot d\sigma$$

donde σ es una parametrización (en el sentido contrario a las agujas del reloj) de la intersección entre la parábola $y = x^2$ y el círculo unitario.