

GUIA 2 ECUACIONES DIFERENCIALES

- $x''(t) = 13 \cos(t)$
- $x'''(t) = 3t^3 - 45t + 2$
- $x' + 1 = x^2$
- $xx' + t = 0$
- $x' \operatorname{ctg}(t) + x = 2$
- $tx' + x = x^2$
- $x' = -\frac{tx}{t+1}$
- $x' = 10^{x+t}$
- $x' = \frac{x(dt-c)}{t(a-bx)}, \quad \text{ecuación Lotka - Volterra.}$
- $x' = \frac{x}{t} + \frac{t}{x}$
- $x + 2 = (2t + x - 4)x'$
- $tx' - x = t \operatorname{tg}\left(\frac{x}{t}\right)$
- $(x' + 1) \ln \frac{x+t}{t+3} = \frac{x+t}{t+3}$
- $x' = 2 \frac{x+2}{t+x-1}$
- $tx' - 2x = 2t^4$
- $xt + e^t = tx'$

- $tx' + (t + 1)x = 3t^2e^{-t}$
- $x' + 2x = x^2e^t$
- $x' = x \operatorname{tg}(t) + x^4 \cos(t)$
- $t^2x' + tx + t^2x^2 = 4$
- $x' = (x + 2t - 3)^2$
- $x' - 2tx - x^2 = 0$
- $x' = \frac{x}{3t - x^2}$
- $(x')^2 - 2xx' = -x^2(e^t - 1)$
- $(x')^2 - 2tx' = t^2 - 4x$

Indicación: Despues de la explicitación de x' , se hace la sustitución $x = y^2$.

- $t(x')^2 = x(2x' - 1)$
- $(x')^3 = 3(tx' - x)$
- $x''' = \ln(x)$
- $x'' \cos(x) + (x')^2 \sin(x) = x'$
- $2x''' - 3(x')^2 = 0$
- $(x''')^2 - 2x'x'' + 1 = 0$
- $t^2xx'' = (x - tx')^2$
- $x'' + (x^2 - 1)x' + x = 0$

(ecuación de Van der Pol).