

Ejercicio 9.6. $t = x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} \xrightarrow{*} dt = \left(1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}}\right) dx$
 $t - x = \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}$

$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} = \int \frac{1}{t} dt = \ln|t| + C$$

$$= \ln|x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}| + C$$

$$dt = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} + x}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} dx$$

$$dt = \frac{t}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} dx$$

$$\frac{1}{t} dt = \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} \quad \text{Propuesta}$$

desarrollo en
inversa para
hallar t.

$$* \int \left(1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}}\right) dx = x + \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} dx$$

$$u \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} dx = \int \frac{du}{2\sqrt{u}} = \sqrt{u} + C$$

$$= \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} + C$$

$$u = x^2 \pm a^2$$

$$du = 2x dx$$

$$\frac{du}{2} = x dx$$

$$I = \int x^2 \sqrt{x-7} dx = \int (t^2+7)^3 t \cdot 2t dt = \int 2(t^4+14t^2+49)t^2 dt$$

$$= 2 \int (t^6+14t^4+49t^2) dt = 2 \left(\frac{t^7}{7} + \frac{14}{5}t^5 + \frac{49}{3}t^3 \right)$$

$$= 2 \frac{t^7}{7} + \frac{28}{5}t^5 + \frac{98}{3}t^3 + C$$

$$= \frac{30t^7 + 588t^5 + 3430t^3}{105} + C$$

$$= 2(16(\sqrt{x-7})^7)$$

debo buscar hacer un
reemplazo para eliminar
la raíz cuadrada

propuesta: $t = \sqrt{x-7}$

$$t^2 = x-7$$

$$t^2+7=x$$

$$dx = 2t dt$$

$$I = \int e^{ax} \sin(bx) dx = \sin(bx) \frac{e^{ax}}{a} - \int \frac{e^{ax}}{a} b \cos(bx) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} u_1 &= \sin(bx) \Rightarrow du_1 = b \cos(bx) dx \\ dv_1 &= e^{ax} \Rightarrow v_1 = \frac{e^{ax}}{a} \end{aligned} \quad \left| \quad = \frac{e^{ax}}{a} \sin(bx) - \frac{b}{a} \int e^{ax} \cos(bx) dx \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned} u_2 &= \cos(bx) \Rightarrow du_2 = -b \sin(bx) dx \\ dv_2 &= e^{ax} \Rightarrow v_2 = \frac{e^{ax}}{a} \end{aligned} \quad \left| \quad = \frac{e^{ax}}{a} \sin(bx) \frac{b}{a} \left(+ \frac{e^{ax}}{a} \sin(bx) - \int \frac{-b}{a} e^{ax} \sin(bx) dx \right) \right.$$

$$= \frac{e^{ax}}{a} \sin(bx) \frac{b}{a^2} e^{ax} \cos(bx) - \frac{b^2}{a^2} \int e^{ax} \sin(bx) dx$$

$$\int e^{ax} \sin(bx) dx + \frac{b^2}{a^2} \int e^{ax} \sin(bx) dx = \frac{e^{ax}}{a} \sin(bx) - \frac{b}{a^2} e^{ax} \cos(bx)$$

$$\frac{a^2 + b^2}{a^2} \int e^{ax} \sin(bx) dx = \frac{e^{ax}}{a^2} (a \sin(bx) + b \cos(bx))$$

$$\int e^{ax} \sin(bx) dx = \frac{e^{ax} (a \sin(bx) + b \cos(bx))}{a^2 + b^2}$$